

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON 2025 ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

Including Crime and Fire Statistics for Calendar Years 2022, 2023, and 2024

**UTA Arlington Campus
UTA Fort Worth Campus
UTA Research Institute (UTARI) Campus
UTA West Campus**



Contents

| | |
|---|-----------|
| About the Jeanne Clery Act | 4 |
| The Security and Fire Safety Report..... | 4 |
| The University of Texas at Arlington Police Department..... | 5 |
| Operation, Commission, and Jurisdiction | 5 |
| Accreditation | 6 |
| Working Relationship with Local Law Enforcement Agencies | 6 |
| Reporting Criminal Actions or Other Emergencies | 7 |
| Accurate and Prompt Reporting to Campus or Other Police Agencies..... | 7 |
| Response to a Report..... | 7 |
| Reporting to Meet Disclosure Requirements | 8 |
| Anonymous and Voluntary Confidential Reporting of Clery Crimes..... | 8 |
| Professional Counselors | 9 |
| Daily Crime Log..... | 9 |
| Timely Warnings | 9 |
| Sex Offenders..... | 10 |
| Missing Students (who reside in UTA-owned or controlled housing) | 11 |
| UTAPD Crime Prevention, Personal Security, and Campus Security Programming | 12 |
| Security of and Access to Campus Facilities..... | 14 |
| MavExpress | 14 |
| Building Access | 14 |
| Parking Safety | 15 |
| Grounds Safety..... | 15 |
| Security Considerations in Maintenance of Campus Facilities | 15 |
| Monitoring and Recording of Criminal Activity by Students at Non-campus locations of Recognized Student Organizations | 16 |
| Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures | 16 |
| Emergency Management Plan | 16 |
| Emergency Notifications (The MavAlert)..... | 16 |
| Emergency Communication Systems..... | 17 |
| Emergency Evacuation Procedures | 19 |
| Security of Emergency Response Systems and Evacuation Procedures | 23 |
| Sexual Misconduct (Including VAWA Offenses) | 24 |
| Reporting Sexual Misconduct..... | 24 |
| Victim Confidentiality | 25 |
| Assistance for Victims: Rights & Options | 26 |
| Written Notifications to Victim | 26 |
| On and Off Campus Services for Victims | 27 |
| Disciplinary Actions for Sexual Misconduct | 30 |
| Disciplinary Proceedings Utilized in Cases of Alleged Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking..... | 31 |
| Employee Discipline When There is a Finding of Sexual Misconduct Violations | 35 |
| University-Initiated Protective Measures | 35 |
| Educational Programs and Campaigns addressing Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking..... | 35 |
| Primary Prevention and Awareness Programs | 36 |
| Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaigns | 37 |
| Bystander Intervention, Risk Reduction, and UTA's Stance Against Relationship Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking..... | 38 |
| Federal Definitions: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking | 41 |

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Texas Definitions: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking | 42 |
| Procedures the University Will Follow When a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking is Reported | 45 |
| Procedures for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking | 48 |
| Protective Orders and No Contact Orders | 50 |
| Illegal Drugs and Underage Drinking | 51 |
| Possession, Use, and Sale of Illegal Drugs and Alcoholic Beverages, Enforcement of Underage Drinking Laws, and State and Federal Drug Laws | 51 |
| Drug Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA) | 52 |
| Stop Campus Hazing Act (SCHA) | 53 |
| Hazing Policy Statement | 53 |
| Definition of Hazing | 54 |
| How to Report Incidents of Hazing | 55 |
| UTA Hazing Reports | 56 |
| Campus Hazing Transparency Report | 56 |
| Hazing and Organizational Conduct Investigation Process | 57 |
| Hazing Awareness and Prevention Programming | 58 |
| Hazing Prevention Strategies | 59 |
| Applicable Hazing Laws | 60 |
| Amnesty for Reporting | 60 |
| Fire Safety Report | 61 |
| What is the Fire Safety Report? | 61 |
| Facility Fire Safety Systems and Fire Drills | 61 |
| Fire Statistics | 61 |
| Plans for Future Improvements in Fire Safety | 61 |
| Reporting Fires in the Campus Community | 61 |
| Portable Electrical Appliances, Smoking, and Open Flames in Student Housing Facilities | 62 |
| Inspections and Disciplinary Action | 64 |
| Procedures Students and Employees Should Follow in Case of a Fire | 64 |
| Fire Safety Education and Training Programs Provided to Students and Employees | 64 |
| Procedures for Student Housing Evacuation in the Case of a Fire | 65 |
| Evacuation Procedures for Students with Disabilities | 66 |
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENT | 67 |
| CRIME STATISTICS | 68 |
| APPENDIX A | 68 |
| APPENDIX B | 71 |
| APPENDIX C | 73 |
| FIRE STATISTICS | 75 |
| APPENDIX D | 75 |
| APPENDIX E | 78 |

About the Jeanne Clery Act

The Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act ([Clery Act](#)) is a federal law that requires institutions of higher education to comply with specific campus safety and security-related requirements as a condition of their participation in federal financial aid programs authorized under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.



Jeanne Clery 1966-1986

In 1986, Jeanne Clery was a nineteen-year-old freshman at Lehigh University in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. She was sexually assaulted and murdered in her dorm room by a former Lehigh student employed in Lehigh's residential operations. Jeanne Clery's parents believed that Lehigh University failed to adequately inform students about campus safety risks, including the number of felonies and certain safety practices and risks, such as propping open locked residence hall doors. Subsequently, the Clerys campaigned for legislative reform requiring colleges and universities to disclose this type of information, which ultimately led to the passage of the Clery Act. Additional information about the Clery Act is available on the Clery Center website: [Clery Center](#).

The Security and Fire Safety Report

UTA publishes its Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report (the Report) to inform current and prospective students and employees about campus crime statistics, as well as UTA's safety and security-related policies and procedures. The preparation of this Report is a collaborative effort between the UTA Police Department (UTAPD), the Title IX Office, the Office of Community Standards (OCS), the Environmental Health and Safety Office (EH&S), the Office of Emergency Management (OEM), the Division of Student Affairs, the Office of Human Resources, and coordinated by UTA's Office of Legal Affairs. All safety-related policies and procedures within the report apply to all UTA campuses, including the UTA main campus, the Fort Worth Center (also known as UTA Santa Fe), the UTA Research Institute (UTARI), and UTA West,¹ unless otherwise noted. The Report discloses crime statistics for Clery crimes² occurring in UTA's Clery geography³ that have been reported to a UTA Campus Security Authority (CSA). UTAPD

¹ On April 3, 2025, UTA broke ground on UTA West, a new development located on a 51-acre site in Fort Worth, TX. As the site currently lacks permanent buildings and educational programs, Clery Act statistics for UTA will not be collected for the 2024 calendar year. In July 2025, UTA expanded its presence by opening a UTA West storefront in Willow Park, TX, to offer services to prospective students.

² Clery crimes consist of the following offenses, separated by category: 1) Criminal Offenses: Criminal Homicide, including Murder, Non-Negligent Manslaughter, and Manslaughter by Negligence; Sexual Assault, including Rape, Fondling, Incest, and Statutory Rape; Robbery; Aggravated Assault; Burglary; Motor Vehicle Theft; Arson; and Hazing. 2) Hate Crimes: Any Category 1 criminal offenses, Larceny-Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation or Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property if the offense was motivated by bias; 3) VAWA Offenses: Domestic Violence; Dating Violence; and Stalking; and 4) Arrests and Referrals for Disciplinary Action: Weapons Law Violations; Drug Law Violations; and Liquor Law Violations. 5) Hazing incidents.

³ Clery geography consists of three categories: 1) On-Campus: any building or property owned or controlled by UTA within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by UTA in direct support of, or in a manner related to, UTA's educational purposes, including residence halls (this also includes any building or property in this geographic area that may be owned by UTA yet controlled by another, and is frequently used by students and supports UTA's purposes, i.e. a food vendor or retail vendor); 2) Public Property: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within UTA's campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from campus; 3) Non-Campus: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization officially recognized by UTA (Note-UTA does not have this type of Non-Campus property), or any building or property owned or controlled by UTA that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, UTA's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the campus.

collects on-campus crime statistics daily through its normal law enforcement operations. Student Affairs reports drug, alcohol, and weapons law violations and referrals, and hazing reports to UTAPD monthly. Human Resources reports drug, alcohol, and weapons law violations that have been referred for disciplinary action (and that have not been otherwise reported to law enforcement or Title IX) to Legal Affairs in preparation for publication of the Report. The Title IX Office reports sexual misconduct cases that have not been previously reported to the UTAPD for law enforcement purposes every month.

Other CSAs are required to report Clery crimes either directly to UTAPD, if circumstances require, or through an online form routed to Legal Affairs. In addition, Legal Affairs annually submits requests to appropriate law enforcement agencies for crime statistics related to public property and non-campus properties that fall within UTA's Clery geography. These crime statistics are included in Appendices A, B, and C of this Report. Other CSAs are required to report Clery crimes either directly to UTAPD, if circumstances require, or through an online form routed to Legal Affairs. In addition, Legal Affairs annually submits requests to appropriate law enforcement agencies for crime statistics related to public property and non-campus properties that fall within UTA's Clery geography. These crime statistics are included in Appendices A, B, and C of this Report.

UTA submits the annual crime statistics published in this Report to the Department of Education (DOE). Statistics are submitted to the DOE by the Clery Compliance Officer, the Clery Compliance Coordinator, or a designee via the DOE's Campus Safety and Security Survey. Statistics are compiled during regularly scheduled meetings of the UTA Clery Compliance Subcommittee (Subcommittee). At the end of each year, the Subcommittee reconvenes to review any outstanding cases that require final determinations and to ensure that all reportable cases are accounted for in the Audit Trail maintained by UTAPD. UTAPD provides the Clery Compliance Officer and/or Clery Compliance Coordinator with the Audit Trail, which is then utilized to input statistics into the DOE's Campus Safety and Security Survey. The statistical information gathered by the DOE via the Campus Safety and Security Survey is available to the public through the DOE website.

The University of Texas at Arlington Police Department

The mission of The University of Texas at Arlington Police Department is to support the goals of UTA by working cooperatively with the community to provide superior quality law enforcement, security, and related services.

Operation, Commission, and Jurisdiction

UTAPD operates 24 hours a day and 365 days a year. The total number of full-time positions authorized and budgeted to the department is 105 employees: 47 sworn police officers, 26 Public Safety Officers (PSOs), 11 Telecommunicators, 9 administrative personnel, 5 key control personnel, 2 Crime Victim Services (CVS) personnel, and several part-time employees and student workers. The Department's police officers are commissioned by The University of Texas System Board of Regents per Article 51.203 of the Texas Education Code.

The governing board of each state institution of higher education and public technical institute may employ and commission peace officers for carrying out the provisions of this subchapter. The primary jurisdiction of a peace officer commissioned under this section includes all counties in which property is owned, leased, rented, or otherwise under the control of the institution of higher education or public

technical institute that employs the peace officer. Within a peace officer's primary jurisdiction, a peace officer commissioned under this section: (1) Is vested with all the powers, privileges, and immunities of a peace officer, (2) May arrest without a warrant any person who violates a law of the state within their presence, and (3) enforce all State traffic laws on streets and highways.

Outside a peace officer's primary jurisdiction, an officer commissioned under this section is vested with all powers, privileges, and immunities of peace officers and may arrest those who violate any law of the state if the peace officer: (1) Is summoned by another law enforcement agency to provide assistance, (2) Is assisting another law enforcement agency, or (3) Is performing his duties as a peace officer for the institution of higher education or public technical institute that employs the officer.

These sworn officers are defined as peace officers under [The Texas Code of Criminal Procedure](#). Article 2.12, defines peace officers as officers commissioned under Section 37.081 Education Code or Subchapter E. Chapter 51 of the Education Code. They are armed and have the same authority to detain and arrest as municipal police officers. All sworn officers enforce State laws, UTA policies (UTAPD General Order 104.00), and The University of Texas System (UTS) policies. Peace officers commissioned by The University of Texas System Police have jurisdiction in all counties in which property is owned, leased, rented, or controlled by the UTS. PSOs are not armed and do not make arrests. All PSOs enforce the rules and regulations of the UT System and UTA. The jurisdiction of PSOs is limited to buildings and property owned or controlled by UTA, which are located within the core campus and the separate campuses. Licensed Telecommunicators staff operate UTAPD's Communications center 365 days a year, 7 days a week, 24 hours a day. Telecommunicators monitor a comprehensive network of intrusion detection and duress alarm systems, as well as video surveillance monitors, located in various areas throughout the campus.

Police officers employed by UTAPD have completed the UTS Police Academy or another licensed academy and have been licensed by the Texas Commission on Law Enforcement (TCOLE). In addition to the Academy, officers receive at least 15 weeks of field training and a minimum of 40 hours of in-service training every two years, as required by law. PSOs complete a 2-week PSO school and at least an 8-week field-training program. Telecommunicators are required to complete an 80-hour certification course and a minimum of 19 weeks in a field training program. Like officers, they are licensed by TCOLE.

Accreditation

UTAPD was awarded a sixth accreditation by The Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies (CALEA®) on November 18, 2023, in conjunction with CALEA's annual conference. Through this process, UTAPD successfully exhibited compliance with all applicable CALEA standards for Law Enforcement Agencies. In addition, UTAPD received its third full re-accreditation by The International Association of Campus Law Enforcement Administrators, Inc. (IACLEA®) during their annual conference. This achievement reflects the department's adherence to the highest professional standards expected of a campus law enforcement agency.

Working Relationship with Local Law Enforcement Agencies

UTAPD maintains cooperative working relationships with the Texas Department of Public Safety and has Memoranda of Understanding regarding police services, including the investigation of criminal activity, with the City of Arlington Police Department and the City of Fort Worth Police Department. Many other agreements are in place that cover services such as training records access, web access, and radio access

and usage. At the end of each calendar year, UTA's Office of Legal Affairs submits a request to local law enforcement agencies whose jurisdiction encompasses UTA Clery geography for all crimes committed on campus, non-campus, and public properties. Responses to these requests that indicate a crime, or crimes, were committed undergo a preliminary assessment to determine whether the crime may be a Clery offense or some other type of crime. For those incidents that are determined to be potential Clery crimes, a follow-up request is made with the corresponding law enforcement agency to gather incident specifics, and a more thorough assessment is made to determine (a) whether the incident is a Clery reportable offense and (b) whether the incident occurred within Clery geography. UTAPD makes these assessments in conjunction with the Office of Legal Affairs, specifically the Clery Compliance Officer and/or the Clery Compliance Coordinator.

Reporting Criminal Actions or Other Emergencies

All members of the UTA community, as well as visitors, are strongly encouraged to accurately and promptly report any potential criminal activity, suspicious behavior, or emergencies that occur on campus, on public property that runs through or is immediately adjacent to campus, or on other property owned or controlled by The University of Texas at Arlington. To report an incident, please call the UTA Police Department's emergency number at (817) 272-3003 or dial **911**.

Accurate and Prompt Reporting to Campus or Other Police Agencies

UTAPD encourages accurate and prompt reporting of all criminal offenses, including cases where the victim elects not to, or is unable to, file a report. In the event of an emergency or to report a crime, individuals should contact the UTAPD emergency number at (817) 272-3003 or 911. Police Telecommunicators are available 24 hours a day to respond to calls for service.

Response to a Report

When a call is received, the Telecommunicator will gather relevant information, dispatch a police officer when appropriate, and, if necessary, coordinate with other emergency services, such as the fire department or an ambulance. Officers are dispatched based on a priority basis, according to the seriousness of the calls received. Calls regarding emergencies are dispatched immediately. Individuals reporting non-emergency incidents may experience a brief delay. Crimes may also be reported in person at the UTAPD, located at 202 E. Border St, Arlington, Texas 76019. Once a crime is reported, and if appropriate, an officer will take necessary action and complete a police report. Reports of criminal offenses are forwarded to UTAPD detectives. To inquire about the status of an investigation, individuals may contact the Detective Supervisor at (817) 272-0895.

All UTAPD incident reports involving known UTA students, occurring within UTA Clery geography, resulting in an arrest, and not related to Title IX matters, are forwarded to UTA's Office of Student Conduct for potential action, as appropriate. In cases where additional pertinent information is obtained during an investigation, that information is also shared with the Office of Student Conduct. If assistance is required from external emergency services, such as the Arlington Police Department or the Arlington Fire Department, UTAPD will contact the appropriate unit. Incidents falling under VAWA or Title IX, which are reported directly to UTAPD, are referred to the Title IX Office for service provision and investigation of potential policy violations. If a student is found responsible for violating applicable policy after an investigation is completed, Title IX will forward the matter to the Office of Student Conduct for further

action. In the event of a sexual assault or rape, UTAPD personnel and other staff on scene will offer the victim a wide range of support services.

Emergency call boxes, phones, and panic buttons are strategically located throughout the UTA campus, including in most campus buildings and all campus parking lots. Currently, there are 241 blue emergency call boxes and 214 emergency call phones installed across campus and in elevators, all of which are tested bi-monthly. Additionally, approximately 600 panic buttons are installed in various offices and classrooms on campus and are tested quarterly. All emergency devices are directly linked to the UTAPD dispatch office.

Reporting to Meet Disclosure Requirements

Members of the campus community are encouraged to report Clery crimes directly to the UTAPD, as outlined above, regardless of the type of crime. However, suppose a reporter prefers to report to a CSA instead of the UTAPD. In that case, the following is a non-exhaustive list of UTA offices and organizations designated as CSAs to whom students and employees may report Clery crimes:

- Dean of Students-E.H. Hereford University Center, (817)-7862
- Chief Human Resources Officer-J.D. Wetsel Building, Suite 212, (817) 272-5554
- Title IX Office-University Administration Building, Suite 241, (817) 272-4585
- Director of Apartment and Residence Life-University Center, Suite 150, (817) 272-2926
- Director of Athletics-College Park Center, (817) 272-3585

When CSAs become aware of Clery crimes in non-emergency situations, they should report the incident to the UTAPD or to the Office of Legal Affairs via the online CSA Incident Report Form. While CSAs must identify themselves when submitting the form, the victim's name does not need to be disclosed if the victim wishes to remain anonymous. These reporting measures help ensure that Timely Warnings are issued when appropriate and that Clery crimes are accurately included in UTA's annual disclosure of crime statistics. It is important to distinguish a CSA's ability to report Clery crimes without revealing a victim's identity from the obligations of Responsible Employees under Title IX. CSAs may also be designated as Responsible Employees and, in such cases, are required to report incidents involving sexual misconduct, domestic or dating violence, and stalking—including the identities of the victim and accused—to the Title IX Coordinator. For more information, please refer to the 'Reporting Sexual Misconduct' section of this Report.

Anonymous and Voluntary Confidential Reporting of Clery Crimes

UTA is committed to ensuring that all Clery Act crimes are accurately reflected in its Report statistics. Members of the UTA community may report Clery crimes anonymously, even if they choose not to file an official report with the UTAPD. However, this method of reporting should never be used in emergencies or when immediate assistance is needed. To report a Clery crime **anonymously**, individuals may report anonymously by calling UTAPD dispatch **(817) 272- 3381**. Please note that police reports are considered public records under Texas state law, and UTAPD cannot withhold reports of crime. However, Texas law allows certain victims of sexual offenses to use a pseudonym in all public files and records related to the offense, including police reports and records of judicial proceedings.

Professional Counselors

Reports of Clery crimes made to professional counselors may remain confidential. Under federal law, professional counselors are exempt from the CSA reporting requirements when they receive a report of a Clery crime while acting in their official capacity as professional counselors when the report is made.

Professional Counselor: An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution's community, and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

UTAPD does not maintain a voluntary confidential reporting mechanism. As a result, professional and pastoral counselors may not inform individuals of a confidential reporting option through UTAPD. However, in support of accurate data collection for Clery Act compliance, it is the policy of UTA to encourage professional counselors, when appropriate, to inform individuals they are counseling of the option to report Clery crimes anonymously. This can be done by calling UTAPD dispatch for inclusion in the institution's annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Pastoral Counselor: UTA does not employ pastoral counselors.

Daily Crime Log

UTAPD is dedicated to keeping the UTA community informed about criminal activity occurring within UTA's Clery Geography. To support this commitment, UTAPD maintains a Daily Crime Log, which is available for public inspection during regular business hours (Monday through Friday, 8 am to 5 pm, excluding holidays) at UTAPD Headquarters, 202 E. Border St., Arlington, TX 76019, and UTA's Fort Worth Campus, 1401 Jones St., Fort Worth, TX 76102.

The Daily Log typically includes the following information for each reported incident: the nature of the call, date and time reported, date and time the incident occurred, incident number, general location, and disposition of each crime. Please be advised that entries in UTA's Daily Crime Log include details about criminal incidents occurring in UTA's Clery Geography. Entries in the crime log are reported based on the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred, and inclusion in the log does not imply that the individuals involved are affiliated with the UTA community.

Timely Warnings

UTA will issue a campus-wide "Timely Warning" notice to members of the UTA community for *Clery crimes that occur within the Clery geography* (On Campus, Public Property, and Non-campus Property), *that, in the judgment of the University, constitute a serious or continuing threat to the UTA community.* The need for a Timely Warning is determined either by UTAPD alone or UTAPD in consultation with the Office of Legal Affairs and any other department that may have information about the incident for which a Timely Warning may need to be issued. Timely Warnings will be distributed for such incidents, whether the incident is reported directly to UTAPD or indirectly through a local police agency or CSA. The decision to issue a Timely Warning is made on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the specific facts surrounding the crime. Note that UTA is not required to issue a Timely Warning for crimes reported to pastoral or professional counselors, as these professionals are exempt from the CSA requirement to report Clery crimes. Timely Warnings will be issued to the UTA community as soon as pertinent information becomes

available to aid in the prevention of similar crimes. Names of victims, if confidential, will be withheld.

Typically, Timely Warnings will be distributed to the UTA community via blast email to all UTA-assigned email accounts and/or some or all of the following methods of communication: text messages, emails sent through the UTA's MavALERT system, or physical postings on UTA buildings.

Timely Warnings will usually include the following information, unless issuing the information risks compromising law enforcement efforts: date and time or timeframe of the incident; a brief description of the incident; information that will promote safety and aid in the prevention of similar crimes; suspect description when appropriate; UTAPD contact information; and any other information deemed relevant.

UTAPD and the Office of Marketing, Messaging, and Engagement (MME) work together in issuing Timely Warnings. Typically, UTAPD drafts the warnings, MME reviews and publishes them using the MavAlert system, electronically through a blast email, and on the UTA and UTAPD's websites. MME disseminates updates utilizing these electronic communications as new information becomes available. Timely Warnings are typically issued for the following National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) crime classifications:

- **Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter**
- **Aggravated Assault** (Cases involving assaults among known parties, such as two roommates fighting, which results in an aggravated injury, will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if the individual is believed to be an ongoing threat to the larger UTA community.)
- **Burglaries or Motor Vehicle Thefts** that occur in reasonably close proximity to one another
- **Robbery** involving force or violence (cases including pick pocketing and purse snatching will typically not result in the issuance of a Timely Warning Notice, but will be assessed on a case-by-case basis)
- **Sexual Assault** (considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the facts of the case, when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount of information known by the Chief of Police, or designee). In cases involving sexual assault, they are often reported long after the incident occurred; thus, there is no ability to distribute a "timely" warning notice to the community. Cases of sexual assault, including stranger and non-stranger/acquaintance cases, may be assessed for potential issuance of a Timely Warning Notice.
- **Arson** when it is a major incident
- Other Clery crimes, as determined necessary by the Chief of Police or their designee

Sex Offenders

Pursuant to the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000, all states that register sex offenders are required to develop procedures to obtain information from sex offenders regarding institutions of higher education in that state where the person is employed, carries on a vocation, or is a student. Beginning in October 2002, registration information will be made available to law enforcement agencies with jurisdiction over institutions of higher education. In Texas, information regarding registered sex offenders may be obtained at the [Texas Department of Public Safety Public Sex Offender Registry Search](#) website or by contacting the police department with which the sex offender is registered.

Missing Students (who reside in UTA-owned or controlled housing)

In accordance with the [Higher Education Opportunity Act](#), UTA developed and implemented certain procedures to be followed when residential students are determined to be missing for at least 24 hours. Students who choose to live in UTA-owned or controlled campus housing are required to apply for housing at least annually. When a student applies for housing, they are required to list an emergency contact in the application. In addition, they have an annual option to identify a missing person's contact to be notified by UTA no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined to be missing by the designated UTA official authorized to make that determination (specifically, the UTAPD) or the local law enforcement agency in which the student went missing.

When students are informed of their option to provide a confidential contact, they are advised that this information is confidential and may only be accessed by authorized UTA officials. These officials may disclose the information to law enforcement in furtherance of a missing person investigation. Students may change their missing person contact information at any time by contacting [University Housing](#) at **(817) 272-2791**. Students are advised that for students under 18 years of age, if they are not emancipated and regardless of who they have listed as their missing person's contact, UTAPD will also notify their parent or legal guardian within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, in addition to notifying any additional contact person designated by the student. Students are advised that, in addition, for any missing student regardless of age, status, or who the student listed as a missing person's contact, UTAPD will notify the City of Arlington Police Department within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, unless the local law enforcement agency was the entity that determined that the student is missing.

Members of the campus community or any individuals who suspect a student has been missing for 24 hours should report this information to the Dean of Students and directly to the UTAPD by calling the non-emergency line **(817) 272-3381**. Any missing student report not reported directly to UTAPD must be **immediately** referred to the UTAPD. Upon receiving a report, UTAPD will generate a missing person's report and initiate an investigation. UTAPD will be the primary investigative law enforcement agency if the student's last known location was UTA. If the student's last known location was off campus, the law enforcement agency having jurisdiction for that location will be the primary investigative law enforcement agency.

Notification Procedures. If a student is determined to be missing for 24 hours, UTAPD will initiate the following notification procedures: (1) Regardless of whether the student has identified a contact person, is above the age of 18, or is an emancipated minor, UTA will, within 24 hours of the determination, inform the City of Arlington Police Department that the student is missing (unless it made the determination); (2) Within 24 hours of the determination, notify any designated missing persons contacts (if more than one missing persons contact is designated, contact each person unless the student's whereabouts are determined before contact); and (3) For any student under the age of 18 and not otherwise emancipated, and in addition to item (2), within 24 hours, notify the parent or legal guardian after UTA PD has determined the student is missing.

UTAPD Crime Prevention, Personal Security, and Campus Security Programming

UTA places a high priority on crime prevention, personal security, and campus security. While it is impossible to prevent all crimes, UTA believes that students can be made aware of ways to reduce their chances of becoming victims and increase their chances of staying safe. In assisting UTA with this mission, members of UTAPD's Crime Prevention Unit attend many advanced training schools to keep their level of expertise current and act as the UTAPD's liaisons to the UTA community. Crime prevention, personal security, and campus security programs and services are available upon request and are presented throughout the year to various groups on campus. A speaker can be arranged to present this information to any UTA-affiliated group by calling **(817) 272-2471** or emailing preventcrime@uta.edu.

UTA's crime prevention, personal security, and campus security programming is designed to: (1) inform students and employees about campus security procedures and practices; (2) encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others; and (3) inform students and employees about crime prevention. Program and information available from the Crime Prevention unit includes, but is not limited to, active aggression/workplace violence, new student orientation, new employee orientation, personal safety, bicycle registration, property and home protection, security surveys for residences and departments on campus, theft prevention, robbery prevention techniques, and basic assault/sexual assault prevention. UTAPD presented the following crime prevention, personal security, and campus security programs:

| Class Type | Class Description | Number of Programs in 2024 | Audience |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------|
| Prevention of Crime | Community that Cares Orientation covering property crime, not leaving valuables unattended/unsecured in open vehicles or doors left unlocked when the room is unattended. Highlight gift card scams targeting international students. Drug and Alcohol: talk about the laws and the impact of illegal drug use or underage drinking. Discuss the disciplinary referral process for violations of university policy that involve violations of Texas Law and University policies. Highlight the impact a drug charge or DWI can have on a student's visa, as well as a student's status from the student disciplinary referral process. Discuss the Police Department's role for reports that deal with stalking, harassment, sexual misconduct to include assault and rape. Inform the students about reporting to the Police Department and what resources are available on campus or in the Police Department, which can assist them in making a decision or seeking help. | 52 | New students |

| Class Type | Class Description | Number of Programs in 2024 | Audience |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Prevention of Crime | Drug and Alcohol presentations throughout the year for students. Giving the students an understanding of the law and the impacts of violating state law and university policies. | 11 | Students |
| Campus Security Procedures and Practices | Civilian Response to Active Shooter Events: Educate all on how to react when faced with an active shooter event, and Campus Safety presentations | 57 | Staff, faculty, students, and guests |
| Campus Security Procedures and Practices | New Employee Orientations, which educate the faculty and staff about campus security and safety. | 18 | New employees |
| Campus Security Procedures and Practices | New Student Orientations, which educate the students about campus security and safety. | 18 | Students |
| Campus Security Procedures and Practices | Community fair table presentations. Educate on campus security and police services while discussing security concerns; if you see something, say something. Bringing awareness to create a safe campus. | 43 | Staff, faculty, and students |
| Campus Security Procedures and Practices | Theft protection, book marking, and bicycle registration: mark books for identification and register bicycles for identification and recovery if stolen. Educate students about the importance of the security of personal property. | 38 | Staff, faculty, and students |
| Personal Security of Self and Others | Personal Safety: discuss how to protect oneself and be aware of the surroundings to help control one's safety by observing or reporting suspicious activity and being alert while on campus. Addressing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. | 8 | Staff, faculty, and students |
| Personal Security of Self and Others | Rape Aggression Defense (R.A.D) ⁴ Women's Self Defense training and education. Also, address dealing with dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. | 4 | Staff, faculty, and students |

Visit UTAPD's Crime Prevention webpage for crime prevention tips: [UTAPD Crime Prevention Tips](#).

⁴ The R.A.D. course was discontinued in 2024 after 4 courses took place.

Security of and Access to Campus Facilities

MavExpress

UTA's Division of Administration and Economic Development oversees Mav Express, the unit responsible for authorizing and issuing UTA's Mav Express Cards. These cards are issued to students and employees and manage related privileges, including ID card-based access to campus buildings and facilities. Mav Express administers thousands of door access control locations across campus. These electronic readers allow cardholders to enter facilities they are preauthorized to access by using their Mav Express Card in place of a traditional key. For example, an employee arriving before their building is unlocked can gain entry by swiping their Mav Express Card, provided they've been preauthorized for after-hours access. Similarly, a student may enter their always-locked residence hall by swiping their card if they've been granted access.

Building Access

Academic buildings open on weekdays at approximately 6 a.m. and lock at approximately 11 p.m., except for the UTA Library, which maintains special operating hours that can be obtained from library personnel or from the [UTA Library](#) web page. Some classrooms require Mav Express Card access, while others have keyed doors. Advisors are responsible for providing access to student organizational events scheduled in academic classrooms outside of classroom hours. Neither the Police nor Facilities Management are allowed to unlock interior doors upon students' requests.

Administrative buildings open on weekdays at approximately 7:30 a.m. and lock at approximately 5:30 to 6:00 p.m. On weekends, buildings are kept locked unless they are sites for classes or special events. Some departments require Mav Express Card access even during normal business hours. Safety, security, and awareness are a priority for apartment and residence hall staff members who are trained to monitor these buildings for security and safety purposes.

Apartment Access: Keys provide access to all campus apartments and are issued to individual leaseholders and other registered occupants. Selected apartments may be equipped with Mav Express Card access. Most student apartment entry doors are equipped with deadbolt locks. Apartment doors are equipped with door viewers that allow residents to identify visitors prior to opening their doors.

Residence Hall Access: Each residence hall entrance is equipped with a 24-hour Mav Express Card access system. Access to residence hall areas where student rooms are located requires additional Mav Express Card access 24 hours a day. In all residence halls, each private-suite and/or double-room door is controlled by Mav Express Card access. These doors always remain in the locked position. In addition to the Mav Express Card, residents may be issued a key(s) to their room, and/or suite. Residents are not allowed to prop open or otherwise tamper with the locking mechanism to leave the door in an "unlocked" state. Guests visiting residence halls must be escorted by their host at all times while in the building. Residence hall doors are equipped with door viewers that allow residents to identify visitors prior to opening their doors.

Parking Safety

UTA is also concerned about safety and security in its parking areas. All campus-parking areas are restricted to authorized users. Parking permits are required for all students, faculty, and staff who park their vehicles on campus at any time. Visitors must purchase a daily permit, utilize street meters, or pay at a pay station in designated visitor garages. All parking areas are enforced by Parking & Transportation, patrolled by UTAPD, and some parking areas are monitored via video surveillance. Parking and Transportation operates the Late-Night Security Escort Service, which runs from 7 p.m. to 3 a.m., seven days a week. This on-demand service uses the Transloc app to provide the UTA community with a point-to-point escort to on-campus and select off-campus destinations.

The UTA community can utilize the Mav Mover shuttle bus during weekdays from 7:30 a.m. to 9 p.m. at no cost and view the buses in real-time using the Transloc app. This fixed-route service provides rides to many campus destinations.

Grounds Safety

UTAPD patrol officers and PSOs conduct foot and bicycle patrols, which allows them to be more visible to the UTA community as well as evaluate and monitor security-related matters. Increasing engagement with our community creates valuable opportunities to strengthen community policing, build trust and credibility, and share important safety and security information. These interactions and communications support UTAPD's efforts to reduce crime, gather intelligence, and foster a safer campus environment. Common areas for foot and bike patrol assignments are campus apartments, residence halls, dining locations, parking lots and garages, academic and administrative buildings, student activities and study areas, as well as other areas where students gather.

UTA Parking and Transportation Services (PATS) offers a campus **Late Night Security Escort service from 7 p.m. to 3 a.m., 7 days a week**, that can be accessed by using the Transloc smartphone app.

Security Considerations in Maintenance of Campus Facilities

Regular inspections of campus facilities are conducted by the Office of Facilities Management (OFM) and EH&S. Repairs related to safety and security concerns are promptly addressed. Concerns regarding potential safety or security hazards may be reported to the OFM, EH&S, or UTAPD. All routine maintenance, maintenance problems, and repair requests should be reported to OFM through a [Work Order Request](#).

Student Congress sponsors an annual Night Walk where students come together to walk the campus at night to identify nighttime safety-related issues, for example, insufficient lighting. A list of issues and recommendations is compiled during the event, which is provided to the UTAPD, EH&S, and OFM for consideration and appropriate action.

If a condition justifies an emergency repair, please call the OFM to submit a work order request at (817) 272-2000 or the UTAPD at (817) 272-3381.

Monitoring and Recording of Criminal Activity by Students at Non-campus locations of Recognized Student Organizations

UTA does not require officially recognized student organizations to notify UTA that they own or control housing facilities outside of the UTA core campus. UTAPD and the City of Arlington Police Department are utilized to monitor and record criminal activity of recognized student organizations on campus; however, criminal activity of recognized student organizations at non-campus locations is not monitored.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Emergency Management Plan

UTA's Office of Emergency Management ([OEM](#)) *Emergency Management Plan* outlines UTA's approach to emergency operations, represents a series of best practice guidelines, provides general guidance for emergency management activities, and provides an overview of UTA's methods of prevention, preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation.

The *Emergency Management Plan* also describes UTA's emergency response organization and assigns responsibilities for various emergency tasks. Due to the sensitive nature of the information contained within UTA's emergency preparedness and response plan, it is not publicly available. However, additional information about UTA's emergency preparedness and response efforts can be obtained by contacting the OEM.

Emergencies occurring on campus should be reported to UTAPD at the emergency line 817-272-3003.

Emergency Notifications (The MavAlert)

MavAlert keeps the UTA community informed in the event of a campus emergency by sending early warning texts, voice messages, and email alerts to registered communication devices. Students, faculty, and staff should ensure their contact information is up to date in MyMav. UTA guests and visitors planning to be on campus may sign up to receive MavAlerts through [MyMav](#).

UTAPD has the responsibility of responding to and summoning the necessary resources to mitigate, investigate, and document these situations to confirm whether an immediate threat to the campus community exists. This may involve collaborating via phone or e-mail with outside agencies, such as the Tarrant County Public Health Department, or the City of Arlington Police Department. In doing so, the UTAPD will, without delay and considering the safety of the campus community, determine what information to release about the situation and begin the notification process if an immediate threat is confirmed.

Some or all of the Emergency Communication System methods, included in the following table, will be used to communicate the immediate threat, and may include the use of a MavAlert (known as the "Emergency Notification" per the Clery Act) unless issuing it will, in the judgment of the first responders (i.e. UTAPD, Arlington PD, Emergency Medical Services), compromise the efforts to assist a victim or interfere with the first responders' ability to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

If a public health emergency, severe weather event or other dangerous situation arises that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of the UTA community the Chief of UTAPD, or their designee, in conjunction with other UTA administrators, OEM, local first responders, Public Health Officials and/or the National Weather Service, confirms that there is an emergency or dangerous situation that poses an immediate threat to the health or safety of some or all members of the UTA community, UTAPD or OEM and MME will collaborate to determine the content of the message and will use some or all of the systems described below to communicate the threat.

The UTAPD will determine the appropriate content for the initial MavAlert based on the circumstances of the situation and will issue it through the UTAPD dispatch center. In the event of a severe weather threat, OEM will determine the appropriate content and issue the initial MavAlert. When there is a potential that a significant segment of the community will be affected or the situation threatens the campus's operation as a whole, the entire campus will be notified. Otherwise, only the affected section of the campus community will be notified.

Once the initial MavAlert has been issued, the appropriate department, UTAPD, OEM, or EH&S and MME will work together to develop the content and timing of MavAlert updates as the situation continues to unfold. Included will be safety and security instructions that the campus community is expected to follow, such as “shelter in place,” “evacuate,” or “lockdown.” These updates will be issued by either UTAPD, OEM, EH&S, or MME using the appropriate Emergency Response System(s) identified in the Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures section of this report.

If there is an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus, an institution must follow its emergency notification procedures. An institution that follows its emergency notification procedures is not required to issue a Timely Warning for the same circumstances in which it properly issues an Emergency Notification with the appropriate follow-up.

Emergency Communication Systems

Individuals can report emergencies occurring at UTA by calling UTAPD’s emergency phone number at 817-272-3003, regarding any situation that could potentially create an immediate threat to the health or safety of the UTA community.

UTA has multiple processes to notify the campus community in case of an emergency. While it is impossible to predict every significant emergency or dangerous situation which may occur on campus, the following identified situations could include, but are not limited to: an active aggression on campus; a hostage/barricade situation; a riot; a suspicious package with confirmation of a device; a tornado; a fire/explosion; a suspicious death; structural damage to a UTA owned or controlled facility; a biological threat (anthrax, etc.); significant flooding; a gas leak; or a hazardous material spills.

In the event of an emergency, UTA will initiate and provide, without delay, immediate notifications to the appropriate segment(s) of the UTA community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or other dangerous situation (such as a serious crime, natural disaster, or a man-made emergency) posing an immediate threat to the health or safety of the students, employees, and visitors.

UTA has a multi-tiered “Emergency Communication System” which alerts students, faculty, staff, parents, and visitors about immediate threats and provides instructions on what actions they should take in

response. Some or all of these methods of communication may be activated depending on the type of emergency. UTA’S Emergency Communication System is described more fully in the Emergency Management Plan, specifically, Annex B Communication Plan.

The Emergency Communication System methods include the following:

Emergency Response Systems⁵

| System | Primary Activator of System | Alternate Activator of System | Primary Message Creator | Alternate Message Creator | Approving & Sending Messages | Primary Message Sender | Alternate Message Sender |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Siren Imminent Weather Threat | COA ⁶ | COA & OEM ⁷ | OEM | MME | OEM | OEM | MME |
| Siren Non-Imminent Weather Threat | COA ⁶ | COA & OEM ⁷ | OEM | OEM | OEM | OEM | MME |
| Public Address System | OEM | UTAPD | UTAPD; OEM; EH&S | MME | OEM & UTAPD ⁸ | OEM | UTAPD |
| Mav Alert | UTAPD & OEM | MME | UTAPD; OEM; EH&S | UTAPD & MME | UTAPD & OEM ⁹ | UTAPD ¹⁰ ; OEM; EH&S | MME |
| UTA Website | MME | OIT | MME | OIT | MME | MME | OIT |
| Information Hotline | MME | OIT Telecomm. | MME | OIT Telecomm. | MME | MME | OIT Telecomm. |
| Campus Media | MME | UTAPD | MME | UTAPD | MME | MME | UTAPD |
| Face-to-Face Communication | MME | UTAPD | MME | UTAPD | UTAPD & MME | MME | UTAPD & MME |
| Email Messaging | MME | OIT Telecomm. | MME | UTAPD | UTAPD & MME | MME | OIT Telecomm. |
| Fire Annunciator System | UTAPD | EH&S & UTAPD | EH&S | UTAPD | UTAPD & EH&S | UTAPD | EH&S & UTAPD |

MavAlert Emergency Notification System: MavAlert messages may be sent in the event of a campus emergency via text message, email, and telephone. Students, faculty, and staff are automatically enrolled in the MavAlert system and are expected to keep their contact information up to date to ensure the timely delivery of MavAlert messages. Student, faculty, and staff may update their contact information at the “Emergency Notification” page of UTA’s website. To reach the larger community outside of UTA, UTA

⁵ Table Abbreviations: COA=City of Arlington; EH&S=Environmental Health & Safety; SA=Student Affairs; UTAPD=UTA Police Department; MME=Office of Marketing, Messaging, and Engagement; OEM=Office of Emergency Management

⁶ COA activates their 2 campus sirens.

⁷ COA and OEM coordinate activation of sirens and OEM duplicates campus activation.

⁸ UTAPD can duplicate campus activation per Annex A.

⁹ UTAPD and OEM updates MME.

¹⁰ UTAPD updates MME.

guests and visitors may also visit this website to sign up for MavAlert messaging.

Building Annunciation System: Most campus buildings are wired with the capability to deliver live or pre-recorded audio announcements.

University Emails: Important information is communicated to the UTA community through MME using campus-wide email messages sent to students, faculty, and staff.

External Media Advisories: Campus closing and emergency notifications are provided to external media, including television and radio stations, as well as online news sites, to help quickly disseminate essential information to not only the UTA community but also the larger community. The City of Arlington (COA) Local Warning Point may override the local cable television system to provide the community with an emergency voice message.

UTA Home Page: UTA will post emergency messages on [UTA's homepage](#).

Social Media: UTA will post emergency messages on the official UTA [Facebook](#) (UTArlington) and X ([Twitter](#)) (@UTArlington) feeds via the system used to distribute MavAlerts.

Public Address (PA) System: OEM activates this system in the event of a life-threatening emergency and consists of a combination of chimes and prerecorded announcements. Speaker arrays are strategically placed throughout the campus to facilitate communication through the PA system. The siren is used to warn the campus of certain hazards and will be activated when: 1) the National Weather Service issues a tornado warning or severe thunderstorm warning with destructive winds at or above 70 mph; 2) when trained storm spotters have reported a tornado with the potential to affect the City of Arlington; and 3) Hail size 1.5 inches or larger; when 4) deemed necessary by campus officials. If any of these systems fail or UTA deems it appropriate, in-person communication may be used to communicate an emergency.

Follow-up information will be distributed using some or all of the identified communication systems (except the fire alarm). The local news media may be utilized to disseminate emergency information to members of the larger community, including neighbors, parents, and other interested parties. The larger community can also access emergency information via The University of Texas at Arlington homepage and/or social media.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

For EH&S's Evacuation Route Maps, choose the applicable Route Map here: [Evacuation Routes](#).

The emergency evacuation procedures are tested at least twice each year by conducting Fire Drills in each residence hall and apartment complex. Students and employees are expected to familiarize themselves with the locations of emergency exits in all campus buildings, including residential facilities. Guidance is provided regarding the appropriate direction of travel during short-term building evacuation to ensure safe and orderly egress. The UTAPD does not disclose the designated long-term evacuation location in advance. These determinations are influenced by multiple factors, including the time of day, the specific location of the building being evacuated, the availability of designated emergency gathering locations on campus, and other factors, such as the location and nature of the threat. In all evacuation scenarios, UTAPD personnel on site will communicate information to students, employees, and other building occupants regarding the developing situation or any changes in evacuation status.

The purpose of evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. At UTA, evacuation drills are used to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building. During the drill, occupants ‘practice’ drill procedures and familiarize themselves with the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm.

While the likelihood of a fire or bomb threat occurring on the UTA Campus is low, the potential for such emergencies necessitates the implementation of comprehensive evacuation procedures to ensure the orderly and safe evacuation of all at-risk members of the campus community. UTA’s [Emergency/Fire Evacuation Procedures](#) and [Evacuation Routes](#) are designed to assist individuals in responding effectively to emergencies and evacuating to a safe location when necessary.

All students, faculty, and staff are expected to remain vigilant and proactive. Familiarize yourself with exit locations upon entering any campus building, including residential facilities. Be aware that exit routes may change temporarily during building renovations or construction. Obstacles in evacuation paths pose serious safety risks. The storage of any items in corridors, stairwells, or other exit routes is prohibited. If you observe a blocked or obstructed exit, report it immediately to the Environmental Health and Safety Office (EH&S) at 817-272-2185. Locate and review evacuation route maps for your floor/building and plan your exit path in advance. During an evacuation, always follow the instructions of emergency responders and UTAPD personnel.

General Evacuation Procedures: The following evacuation procedures apply to *all* UTA-owned or controlled properties, including but not limited to administrative buildings, academic facilities, and residential buildings.

In the event of a fire alarm or if instructed to evacuate: Immediately leave your work or residential area and proceed to the nearest safe exit. If you are the first to recognize a fire or emergency: activate the building’s alarm system, evacuate to a safe location using the nearest safe exit, and notify UTAPD’s emergency line at 817-272-3003 or dial 911.

Evacuation Guidelines:

1. Remain calm.
2. Do **NOT** use Elevators—use stairwells to exit the building.
3. Assist individuals with physical and visual impairments. If evacuation without an elevator is not possible, move the individual to a safe location near a stairwell. Immediately inform UTAPD or the responding fire personnel of the individual’s location.
4. Proceed to a clear area at least 150 feet from the building. Keep all walkways and access points clear for emergency responders and vehicles.
5. Make sure all personnel are out of the building.
6. Do not re-enter the building until authorized by emergency personnel.

Fire-Related Evacuations: If you become aware of a fire inside a building: (1) Immediately activate the fire alarm by pulling the nearest fire alarm pull station. (2) Evacuate the building promptly using the nearest safe exit. (3) If you are not in immediate danger, contact the UTAPD emergency line at **817-272-3003** or activate one of the blue light emergency phones to report the fire. Provide the operator with the following information: Exact location (building, room, and/or area), the size and type of fire (e.g., electrical, chemical, or furnishings), and your name

If you are formally trained and not in immediate danger, you may attempt to extinguish the fire using a fire extinguisher. However, do not place yourself or others at risk. Note: Be aware that toxic and noxious gases emitted from burning materials—especially furnishings made with new exotic synthetic materials—can impair senses and, in some cases, act as mind-altering agents. Even a few breaths of smoke from burning plastics can be fatal.

Important Safety Reminders: (1) Never re-enter a burning building. Inform professional firefighters of any individuals or pets needing rescue. Do not return for personal belongings—no material item is worth your life. (2) As you evacuate a burning building, close room doors to limit the spread of fire and smoke. (3) Exit a burning building by following posted exit signs and stairwells—do not use elevators during a fire emergency. (4) If smoke is present, crawl low to the ground to avoid inhalation. (5) Check doors for heat before opening: If the door is hot to the touch, do not open it—use an alternate escape route. Also, if the door is not hot to the touch, brace yourself and open it slowly. If you encounter a rush of hot air, smoke, or heavy pressure, close it immediately and use an alternate escape method. (6) If you are trapped on an upper level and cannot exit through a window: Seal the door to prevent smoke from entering, with cloth materials (e.g., towels, bed linens)—wetting them improves effectiveness. Signal for help by hanging an object out of the window. Open a window and open it slightly for ventilation. Call the UTAPD emergency line at (817) 272-3003 and give specific details about your location. (7) If you are on fire, **STOP, DROP, and ROLL** to smother the flames.

Evacuation Procedures for Individuals with Disabilities: Individuals who may require special assistance in the event of a fire or other emergency evacuation are encouraged to notify their supervisor (for employees) or Residence Director (for students) of any special needs they may have in advance. It is important to recognize that not all individuals who require assistance will have visible disabilities. Conditions such as arthritis, asthma, or temporary injuries (e.g., a sprained ankle or a broken leg) may limit a person's ability to evacuate quickly and safely. Heart disease, emphysema, asthma, or pregnancy can reduce stamina to the point of needing assistance when moving down many flights of stairs. Evacuation of people with disabilities who are otherwise ambulatory, such as those who are visually impaired, deaf, or hard of hearing, should take place normally with other building occupants. They can benefit from an escort, if available, and it is safe to do so.

The UTA Campus is equipped with evacuation chairs in specified buildings. The evacuation chair is a compact and easy-to-use device designed to evacuate mobility-impaired persons down a stairwell. The UTAPD and EH&S personnel are trained to operate evacuation chairs. The evacuation chairs are available at specific locations and are ready for immediate use in an emergency. Locations of evacuation chairs on campus are listed on the EH&S website here: [Evacu-Chair Locations](#).

Procedures for Mobility Impaired Individuals: If located on the ground floor, a mobility-impaired individual should use the nearest safe and appropriate exit (ground level, wheelchair ramp, etc.) If located on the floor of a building linked by a bridge, the individual should move to the next building horizontally. Elevators should not be used for emergency evacuation of a building. Individuals who are not able to evacuate the building or move horizontally to a linked building should proceed to the nearest usable stairway, enter the stairwell, and remain on the landing. If the stairwell becomes filled with smoke or unsafe, the individual should move back into the building and proceed to another usable stairway. If no other stairway is available, the individual should find a room that is tenable and close the door. The individual should call the UTAPD emergency number at **(817) 272-3003** to notify them of their location.

and wait for emergency personnel to assist.

When Evacuation is Not the Best Option: In certain emergencies, UTA may issue an emergency communication notifying the campus community to “shelter in place” rather than evacuate. When instructed to shelter in place:

- Immediately move to a safe location within the building, preferably an interior room away from doors and windows.
- Listen for instructions via the indoor warning system.
- If possible, stay tuned to local media for updates.
- Wait for the “all clear” or further direction from campus officials.

In other circumstances, emergency communications may notify the campus community to “lockdown.” In such a case, you should:

- Remain in your room or building.
- Lock or barricade door(s).
- Close the blinds, turn out the lights, and stay away from the windows.
- Listen for instructions via the indoor warning system.
- If safe to do so, keep tuned to the local media for situational updates.

These procedures are designed to protect individuals from external threats and should be followed precisely until emergency personnel provide further guidance.

Shelter-in-Place Procedures—What it Means to “Shelter-in-Place”: In certain emergencies, it may be safer to remain indoors rather than evacuate outdoors to an area that may expose individuals to danger. This is particularly true if an incident occurs and the buildings or areas around you become structurally unstable, or if the outdoor air quality becomes compromised due to the presence of toxic or irritating substances. Thus, to “shelter- in-place” means to make a shelter of the building that you are in. With a few adjustments, this location can be made safer and more comfortable until authorities determine it is safe to exit.

Basic “Shelter-in-Place” Guidance: If an incident occurs and the building you are in is not damaged, remain in an interior room until you are told it is safe to exit. If your building is damaged, take your personal belongings (purse, wallet, access card, ID, medical necessities, etc.) and follow the evacuation procedures for your building. When exiting, close your door, proceed to the nearest exit, and use the stairs instead of the elevators. Once you have evacuated, quickly seek shelter at the nearest University building. If police or fire department personnel are on the scene, follow their directions.

How You Will Know to “Shelter-in-Place”: A shelter-in-place notification may come from several sources, UTAPD, Housing Staff members, other UTA employees, the City of Arlington Police Department, or other authorities utilizing UTA’s emergency communications tools.

How to “Shelter-in-Place”: No matter where you are, the basic steps of shelter-in-place will generally remain the same. Should the need ever arise, follow these steps, unless instructed otherwise by local emergency personnel:

1. If you are inside, stay where you are. Collect any emergency shelter-in-place supplies and a

telephone to be used in case of emergency. If you are outdoors, quickly proceed into the closest building or follow instructions from emergency personnel on the scene.

2. Locate a room to shelter inside. It should be: An interior room; Above ground level; and without windows or with the least number of windows. *If there is a large group of people inside a particular building, several rooms may be necessary.
3. Shut and lock all windows (tighter seal) and close exterior doors.
4. Turn off air conditioners, heaters, and fans.
5. Close vents to ventilation systems as you are able. (UTA staff will turn off the ventilation as quickly as possible.)
6. Make a list of the people with you and ask someone (hall staff, faculty, or other staff) to call the list in to UTAPD so they know where you are sheltering. If only students are present, one of the students should call in the list.
7. Listen for instructions from the indoor warning system. Turn on a radio, TV, or other media device and listen for further instructions.
8. Wait for the “all clear” from campus officials.

In all evacuations, shelters in place, and lockdowns, members of the campus community should follow the directions of UTA’s emergency response systems and first responders.

Security of Emergency Response Systems and Evacuation Procedures

UTA regularly tests its emergency response systems and evacuation procedures to assess and evaluate their capabilities. UTA OEM conducts monthly drills of the Outdoor Warning System and the MavAlert notification system. All feedback (including bounced back messages) is reviewed by key personnel to identify any issues that need to be addressed. EH&S tests its fire alarm audio notification capabilities on specific groupings of buildings monthly, resulting in all buildings with building annunciation system capabilities being tested once quarterly. All fire alarm emergency notification systems located in buildings on campus are tested annually, during fire alarm system inspections, except for residence halls, which are tested semi-annually. Most campus building fire alarm panels are networked and monitored by UTAPD dispatch. In addition, EH&S conducts biannual fire drills targeting residence halls and apartment complexes. These drills serve to test evacuation procedures in real time, allowing for feedback from Housing staff overseeing the evacuations.

UTA’s Office of Emergency Management (OEM) conducts an annual emergency response exercise to evaluate and enhance the institution’s preparedness and response capabilities. These exercises may include a tabletop exercise, a field exercise, and/or a test of the emergency notification system. These tests are designed to engage students, faculty, and staff, and to effectively test UTA’s emergency response systems, including evacuation procedures, shelter-in-place protocols, and emergency communications on a campus-wide scale. Each year, the specific focus of the exercise may vary. Exercises often involve collaboration with external community stakeholders, such as the City of Arlington Police, Fire, and other Emergency Management Departments, the Arlington Independent School District, and local hospitals. These tests, which may be announced or unannounced, are designed to assess and evaluate UTA’s emergency plans and capabilities.

Following each exercise, OEM compiles an “After Action Report” and solicits feedback via email to assess the effectiveness of the response and identify areas for improvement. OEM sends an annual invitation to

participate in the tabletop exercise and concurrently publicizes UTA's emergency response and evacuation procedures to the UTA community via email. The test (exercise and drill) meets all requirements of the Higher Education Opportunity Act, and each test is properly documented to include the date and time of the test, whether it was announced or unannounced, and a description of the exercise. The OEM maintains these records for seven years.

In addition to the tabletop exercise, the OEM offers campus-wide training throughout the academic year. The OEM sponsors the Building Emergency Support Team (BEST) program—an emergency preparedness and planning effort, which involves employees in all UTA buildings. The OEM also supports current students in all residence halls and apartments and provides training to strategically targeted staff members regarding Emergency Operations Center procedures and business continuity planning. Any member of the campus community desiring emergency response training may contact the OEM at **(817) 272-0119** to schedule training.

Sexual Misconduct (Including VAWA Offenses)¹¹

UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy (EI-PO8) defines sexual misconduct as a range of non-consensual sexual activity or unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature. This includes the four Clery Act VAWA offenses: dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. UTA Policy EI-PO8 applies to all members of the University community—administrators, faculty, staff, students, and other individuals within the University's control, including visitors and applicants for admission or employment—and governs conduct that occurs: On University-owned or controlled premises; Within an education program or activity, including University-sponsored or supported events; In buildings owned or controlled by student organizations officially recognized by the University; On or off campus when the conduct potentially affects a person's education or employment with the University, or potentially affects a person's education or employment with the University, or potentially poses a risk of harm to members of the University community.

This Policy applies regardless of the gender, gender identity, or sexual orientation of the parties involved, and regardless of whether a complaint is made verbally or in writing. Individuals found to have engaged in sexual misconduct may face consequences under both the criminal justice system and university disciplinary procedures. UTA is committed to taking prompt and appropriate disciplinary action against any individual(s) and/or organizations found in violation of this policy.

Reporting Sexual Misconduct

UTA encourages all students, faculty, staff, and visitors to promptly report any violations of its sexual misconduct policy to the Title IX Coordinator. Reports may be made in person at 701 S. Nedderman Drive, University Administration Building, by phone at **(817) 272-4585**, or through the [Title IX website](#). Any student or employee who reports to UTA's Title IX Office that they have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether on or off campus, will be provided with

¹¹ UTA's 2024 ASFSR included a statement regarding 2024 amendments to federal Title IX regulations, noting UTA was continuing to rely on the 2020 Title IX amendments pursuant to a directive from the Governor of Texas and an injunction enjoining Texas from implementing the amendments. On January 9, 2025, in *Tennessee v. Cardona*, the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky struck down the 2024 Title IX amendments nationwide. Accordingly, UTA will continue to apply the 2020 Title IX amendments, which are the current federal Title IX regulations nationwide.

written notice of their rights and available resources. Under [UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy](#), all UTA employees—except those considered Confidential Employees—are considered “Responsible Employees” and are required to promptly report any incidents of sexual misconduct and other inappropriate sexual conduct to the Title IX Coordinator.

The policy distinguishes between reporting a sexual misconduct incident and filing a Formal Complaint. Reporting informs the University of the situation and enables the provision of supportive measures to the complainant, without necessarily initiating a formal grievance process as outlined in the policy. If a complainant wishes to begin the grievance process, they must submit a formal written complaint, and they will be offered individualized supportive measures. UTA is committed to ensuring that all reports are handled with sensitivity and in accordance with applicable policies and procedures.

Victim Confidentiality

UTA prioritizes the privacy of all parties involved in sexual misconduct complaints. In all instances, UTA will comply with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) and strives, to the extent possible, to protect the privacy of all victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. An impacted party may report incidents to the Relationship Violence and Sexual Assault Prevention (RVSP) offices and request that their name and personal information remain confidential. In such cases, the RVSP Office will submit a generalized report of the incident—excluding personally identifiable information—to the Title IX Office for further review and potential investigation. The University does not publish the names or other identifiable information of crime victims in the Daily Crime Log or in the annual Clery Crime Act crime statistics that are disclosed in compliance with the Clery Act.

If a Timely Warning Notice is issued in response to a report of sexual misconduct, the victim’s identity and other personally identifiable information will be withheld to protect their privacy. When requested, UTAPD will utilize a pseudonym in offense reports related to sexual assault cases to further safeguard the victim’s identity.

Under University policy, any employee who receives a report of sexual misconduct, whether from the individual involved or a third party, must share that information with the Title IX Coordinator, who may need to act to maintain campus safety and determine whether to investigate further. UTA is obligated by law to take action to eliminate sexual misconduct, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects. To begin the Grievance Process, the complainant must sign a formal complaint (requesting an investigation) and submit it to the Title IX Coordinator. The Title IX Coordinator may also sign a formal complaint against a respondent (requesting an investigation) when there is sufficient evidence of sexual misconduct but no complainant. This will initiate the grievance process.

Personally identifiable information about the victim and other necessary parties will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons who have a specific need-to-know, i.e., those who are investigating/adjudicating the report or those involved in providing support services to the victim, including accommodations and protective measures. By only sharing personally identifiable information with individuals on a need-to-know basis, the University will maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the University to provide the accommodations or protective measures. During the grievance process, the University may share information only as necessary with people who need to know in compliance with the law, which may include but is not limited to the investigators, witnesses,

complainant, respondent, parties' advisors, hearing officer, and the appeal official—if applicable.

Student victims may request that directory information on file with the University be withheld by request by contacting the Registrar's office at **(817) 272-3372** for assistance or opting out of allowing their directory information to be publicly available in the student's MyMav account. Regardless of whether a victim has opted-out of allowing the University to share "directory information," personally identifiable information about the victim and other necessary parties will be treated as confidential and only shared with persons who have a specific need-to-know, i.e., those who are investigating/adjudicating the report or those involved in providing support services to the victim, including accommodations and protective measures.

Individuals wishing to remain anonymous can file a complaint in any manner, including by telephone or written communication with the Title IX Coordinator. However, electing to remain anonymous may greatly limit UTA's ability to stop the sexual misconduct, collect evidence, or take effective action against individuals or organizations accused of violating UTA policies. Under Texas law, unless there is an imminent danger to the complainant or others, certain individuals, based on their professional responsibilities, may keep the details of an incident strictly confidential. Students desiring strict confidentiality should seek an appointment with a counselor in Counseling and Psychological Services, a health care provider in Health Services, a local ecclesiastical leader, or an off-campus rape crisis resource. Employees desiring strict confidentiality should seek assistance from the Employee Assistant Program, their own personal health care provider, a local ecclesiastical leader, or an off-campus rape crisis resource.

Assistance for Victims: Rights & Options

Regardless of whether a victim elects to pursue a criminal complaint or whether the offense is alleged to have occurred on or off campus, the university will assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and will provide each victim with a written explanation of their rights and options.

Such written information will include: The procedures victims should follow if a crime of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking has occurred; information about how the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties; a statement that the institution will provide written notification to students and employees about victim services within the institution and in the community; a statement regarding the institution's provisions about options for, available assistance in, and how to request accommodations and protective measures; and an explanation of the procedures for institutional disciplinary action

Written Notifications to Victim

For more information about student and employee crime victims' rights, visit [UTAPD's "Rights of Crime Victims"](#) webpage.

Accommodations and Protective Measures Available for Victims

When a student or employee reports to UTA that they have been a victim of a VAWA Offense, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, the University will provide the student or employee written notice of existing counseling, health and mental health, victim advocacy, legal, visa and immigration, student

financial aid and other supportive measures that may be available for victims, both within the institution and in the community.

Information about these resources will typically be provided through RVSP, Talent, Culture & Engagement (TCE), the Title IX office, and/or the UTAPD Crime Victim Services Coordinator. The charts below provide important contact information for these resources. UTA will also provide written notice containing information on available assistance and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or other supportive measures.

UTA shall provide such protective measures if the victim requests and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. UTA will assist with a victim's reasonable request for a living and/or academic situation change following an alleged sexual offense. A student or employee can request assistance through RVSP (students), UTAPD Crime Victim Services Coordinator (students, employees, and visitors), and TCE office (employees), or the Title IX office (students and employees). The Title IX Coordinator will consider all the circumstances of each specific case objectively and fairly for both parties, while minimizing the burden on the victim, when deciding to approve protective measures. Examples of supportive measures that may be provided are:

- Transfer to a different section of a class, withdraw, and take a class at another time if there is no option for moving to a different section, etc.
- Moving to a different room or residence hall
- Changing working hours
- Parking in a different location, assisting with a safety escort
- Meeting with RVSP or UTAPD Crime Victim Services to develop a safety action plan to reduce the risk of harm while on campus or coming and going from campus.
- Providing a no contact order

Supportive Measures are **non-disciplinary and non-punitive measures** that do not unreasonably burden the other party.

To request changes to academic, living, transportation, and/or working situations or protective measures, a victim should contact RVSP by phone at **817-272-3947** or by e-mail at RVSP@uta.edu. RVSP staff can put victims in contact with a confidential advocate if requested. If the victim wishes to receive assistance in requesting these accommodations, she or he should contact the RVSP office by phone or e-mail. When a victim reaches out to RVSP, RVSP will provide the victim with written notification about options for available assistance and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures. UTA is required to make such accommodations or provide such protective measures if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement.

On and Off Campus Services for Victims

Upon receipt of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, UTA will provide written notification to students and employees about existing assistance with and/or information about obtaining resources and services including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and assistance in notifying appropriate local law enforcement. These resources may include the following:

| UTA On-campus Resources | Services Available | Contact Information |
|--|--|--|
| UTA Health Services Center | Medical appointments, minor procedures, physical exams, lab testing, sports medicine, X-rays, Gynecological Services, period products, psychiatry, immunizations, and pharmacy | Appointments: (817) 272-2771 Psychiatry: (817) 272-4435 Location: 605 S. West Street, Arlington, TX 76010 |
| UTA Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) | Individual counseling sessions, tele-health counseling, psychiatry through Timelycare , and group counseling | CAPS: (817) 272-3671 Locations: Ransom Hall #303 & MAC #212 Mavs Talk 24/7: (817) 272-8255 |
| UTA Counseling and Psychological Services– Psychiatry | Psychiatric evaluation and treatment recommendations, including medication management | Psychiatry: (817) 272-2771 Location: 605 W. 1 st Street, Arlington, TX 76019 |
| Relationship Violence and Sexual Assault Prevention (RVSP) | Prevention education and awareness of sexual and relationship violence, advocating for survivors | Phone: (817) 272-3947 Location: Ransom Hall #301 |
| University of Texas at Arlington Police Department (UTAPD) and UTAPD - Crime Victim Services (CVS) | UTAPD-emergency response, patrol, assistance call boxes, criminal investigations, and security escorts. CVS-crisis counseling, on-scene response, medical accompaniment, information, and advocacy | Emergency: (817) 272-3003 Non-emergency: (817) 272-3381 CVS: (817) 272-9254 Location: 202 E. Border Street, Arlington, TX 76010 |
| Office of the Dean of Students (DoS) and Community Standards (OCS) | Assists with reports of student conduct and academic integrity concerns and educates the campus community on student rights and responsibilities | DoS: (817) 272-7862 OCS: (817) 272-2354 Location: UC # B150 |
| Financial Aid and Scholarships Office | Cost estimates, financial aid, grants, student loans, and scholarships | Financial Aid: (817) 272-3561 Scholarships Office: (817) 272-2197 Location: UAB #252 and #201 |

| Off-Campus Resources | Services Provided | Contact Information |
|---|---|--|
| Tarrant County, TX-District Attorney's Office and Protective Order Unit | Public prosecutor, filing charges, protective orders, Victim Services | County Operator: (817) 884-1111 Protective Orders: (817) 884-1623 Location: 200 East Weatherford Street, Fort Worth, TX 76196 |
| Legal Aid of Northwest Texas | Free civil, legal, and immigration assistance to low-income individuals and families | Legal Aid Line: (888) 529-5277 Dallas Office: (214) 748-1234 Dallas Location: 1515 Main St., Dallas, TX 75201 |
| Texas Health Arlington Memorial Hospital | Medical emergencies and care, Mental Health services, and can provide sexual assault exams | Phone: (877) 847-9355 Location: 800 W. Randol Mill Road, Arlington, TX 76012 |
| United States Department of Justice-Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) | Implements the provisions of the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) and provides leadership | Phone: (202) 307-6026 Location: 145 N Street NE, Washington, DC 20530 |
| Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights | Intake and investigations of civil rights complaints | Phone: (800) 421-3481 |
| City of Arlington Police Department and Arlington Victim Services | Emergency response, patrol, criminal investigations, and victim services | Emergency Phone: 911 Non-Emergency: (817) 274-4444 Victim Services: (817) 459-5339 Location: Ott Cribbs Public Safety Center, 620 W. Division St., Arlington, TX, 76011 |

The emergency departments referenced below can provide immediate **medical care for sexual assault victims, collect evidence, and complete a rape kit, also known as a SANE exam.** [Student Health Services](#) at (817) 272-2771, a local clinic, or your personal physician can also assist in the treatment of sexual assault victims, including testing for STDs and pregnancy, although they cannot collect evidence. The following hospitals have trained medical staff to assist victims of sexual assault and provide sexual assault examinations:

- [John Peter Smith Hospital](#) at 1500 S. Main St., Fort Worth, TX 76104, (817) 702-3431
- [Texas Health Harris Methodist Hospital](#) at 1301 Pennsylvania Ave., Fort Worth, TX 76104, (817) 250-2000
- [Texas Health Arlington Memorial Hospital](#) at 800 W. Randol Mill Rd., Arlington, TX 76012, (817) 960-6100
- [Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital](#) at 8200 Walnut Hill Lane, Dallas, TX 75032, (214) 345-6789
- [Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital](#) at 6200 W Parker Rd., Plano, TX 75093, (972) 981-8000

Disciplinary Actions for Sexual Misconduct

UTA is dedicated to maintaining a learning, living, and working environment free from Sexual Misconduct, including offenses defined under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), such as sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence. Sexual Misconduct in any form, including sexual assault as defined by the Clery Act, is strictly prohibited and will not be tolerated by UTA. Any student or employee found to have engaged in such conduct will be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with applicable university policies and procedures.

Prompt, Fair, and Impartial Proceedings

UTA is committed to conducting all proceedings related to violations of its sexual misconduct policy in a prompt, fair, and impartial manner from the initial complaint to its final conclusion. Preponderance of the evidence is the standard for determining whether a violation of the sexual misconduct policy occurred. Usually, the resolution of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking complaints are completed within 120 days of the report. However, each proceeding allows for extensions of timeframes for good cause with written notice to the accuser and the accused of the delay and the reason for the delay. The Title IX Coordinator ensures that the grievance process, including investigations and hearings, is properly conducted by investigators and hearing officers who have been trained annually on the issues related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, and on how to carry out their duties in a manner that protects the safety of the victim and promotes accountability. For the 2024 calendar year, UTA's Title IX office and additional personnel attended UT Systemwide Annual Title IX training, which focused on the new Department of Education Title IX Final Rule, and reviewed various aspects of Title IX, including definitions, investigative procedures, due process, and changes in the definition of sex and the implementation of new rules.

In all instances, the Title IX investigative process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with UTA policy and that is transparent to the complainant and the respondent. The complainant and the respondent will have timely notice for meetings at which the complainant or respondent, or both, may be present. The complainant, the respondent, and appropriate officials will have timely and equal access to any information that will be used during formal and informal disciplinary meetings and hearings. UTA disciplinary procedures will not be conducted by officials who have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the complainant or the respondent.

Consent

UTA's definition of consent is found in [UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy](#) and is defined as follows: A voluntary, mutually understandable agreement that clearly indicates a willingness to engage in each instance of sexual activity. Consent to one act does not imply consent to another. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent can be withdrawn at any time. Any expression of an unwillingness to engage in any instance of sexual activity establishes a presumptive lack of consent.

A current or previous dating or sexual relationship, by itself, is not sufficient to constitute consent. Even in the context of a relationship, there must be a voluntary, mutually understandable agreement that clearly indicates a willingness to engage in each instance of sexual activity.

Consent is not effective if it results from: (a) the use of physical force, (b) a threat of physical force, (c) intimidation, (d) coercion, (e) incapacitation or (f) any other factor that would eliminate an individual's ability to exercise his or her own free will to choose whether or not to participate in sexual activity. This definition will be used in determining whether a violation of the sexual misconduct policy occurred.

Advisors

Both the complainant and respondent (whether students or employees) are entitled to an advisor of their choice to provide them support, guidance, or advice at any interview, meeting, or proceeding in the grievance process. If the complainant or respondent does not have an advisor for a Title IX hearing, the University will appoint one for them to engage in cross-examination. Though UTA cannot limit the choice of an advisor, it can establish restrictions regarding the extent to which an advisor may participate in proceedings, such as prohibiting an advisor from speaking during a proceeding except for cross-examination during a hearing, if the restrictions apply equally to both parties. UTA will inform the parties of these limitations before a proceeding is scheduled so the parties may understand the limitations.

Written Notifications

Simultaneous, written notifications will be provided to both the complainant and the respondent of the result (initial, interim and/or final decision) of any disciplinary proceeding arising from an allegation of sexual misconduct, the procedures for either party to appeal the result if available, any change to the result, and when the result becomes final.

Higher Education Opportunity Act Victim Notification

Upon written request, UTA will disclose to the alleged complainant of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the complainant is deceased because of such crime or offense, the next of kin of the complainant shall be treated as the complainant for purposes of this requirement.

Disciplinary Proceedings Utilized in Cases of Alleged Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

UTA Stands Against Relationship Violence (Domestic Violence and Dating Violence), Sexual Assault, and Stalking: As part of UTA's primary prevention and awareness programming for all incoming students and new employees, it is made clear that **UTA strictly prohibits the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking, as defined by the Clery Act, within its campus community** and reaffirms its commitment to maintaining a campus environment that emphasizes the dignity and worth of all members of the university community. Toward that end, The University of Texas Arlington issues this statement of policy to inform the campus community of our programs to address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking as well as the procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, which will be followed regardless of whether the incident occurs on or off campus when it is reported to a University official.

[UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy:](#) UTA has one policy dedicated to the prohibition of and UTA's response to allegations of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. This policy covers student

and employee respondents and directs complainants about how to file a complaint.

How to File a Disciplinary Complaint Under this Policy: Pursuant to the Sexual Misconduct Policy, if a Complainant wishes to initiate the Grievance Process, they must sign and file a written Formal Complaint and submit it to the Title IX Coordinator. The Formal Complaint must include the details of the alleged conduct that is the subject of the Formal Complaint, including the following: The Complainant's name and contact information; the Respondent's name; a detailed description of the alleged conduct or event that is the basis of the alleged violation under the Policy; date(s) and location(s) of the alleged occurrence(s); names of any witnesses to the alleged occurrence(s), and the resolution sought.

Possible Sanctions and Remedies Under this Policy: Possible sanctions and remedies for **Student Respondents** include: Educational training; no shared classes or extra-curricular activities; disciplinary probation; withholding of grades, official transcript, and/or degree; bar against readmission, bar against enrollment, drop from one or more classes, and/or withdrawal from the University; removal from campus housing; suspension of rights and privileges, including but not limited to participation in athletic or extracurricular activities; denial of degree; suspension from the University for a specific period of time; expulsion; revocation of degree and withdrawal of diploma, and/or other sanction(s) or remedies as deemed appropriate under the circumstances.

Possible sanctions and remedies for **Employee Respondents** include: employment probation; verbal or written warning; job demotion or reassignment; suspension with or without pay for a specific period of time; dismissal or termination; ineligible for rehire; and/or other sanction(s) or remedies as deemed appropriate under the circumstances

Supportive Measures: After an initial assessment of a complaint, the Title IX Coordinator determines, and promptly implements, any supportive measures necessary to maintain an environment free from sexual misconduct and/or retaliation, and to protect the safety and well-being of community members. Such remedies may include, but are not limited to, no-contact orders, academic accommodations, housing accommodations, counseling services, campus escorts, and educational or outreach initiatives. Supportive measures may be taken on an interim or permanent basis, depending on the nature and circumstances of the complaint.

Timeline: Investigators will conclude formal complaints as timely as possible (generally within 120 days or less of the filing of the formal complaint), depending on the nature of the allegations, number of witnesses, volume of evidence, and other factors. Investigators will provide updates on the progress of investigations as needed and, to the best of their ability, complete the process promptly while balancing principles of thoroughness and fundamental fairness.

At the request of law enforcement, UTA may defer its fact gathering until after the initial stages of a criminal investigation. UTA will nevertheless communicate with the complainant and respondent regarding his/her Title IX rights, procedural options, the status of the investigation, and the implementation of interim measures to ensure his/her safety and well-being. The University will promptly resume fact gathering as soon as law enforcement has given notice that they have completed their initial investigation, or if fact gathering is not completed within a reasonable time. The filing of a complaint under this policy does not excuse the complainant from meeting time limits imposed by outside agencies. Likewise, the applicable civil or criminal statute of limitations will not affect the University's investigation of the complaint.

Informal Resolution of Certain Sexual Misconduct Complaints: In certain sexual misconduct complaints, an individual may not wish to file a formal complaint. A complainant may use this option instead of or before filing a formal complaint, but is not required to do so. This option is not permitted for sexual violence, stalking, and hazing cases. If informal assistance is deemed appropriate by the Title IX Coordinator, then the individual will be aided in informally resolving the allegations. Assistance may include: providing the complainant with strategies for communicating with the offending party that their behavior was/is unwelcome and should cease, directing a UTA official to inform the offending party to stop, and/or initiating mediation. However, UTA may take more formal action, including disciplinary action, to ensure an environment free of sexual misconduct. Informal resolutions should be completed no later than 45 days after the Title IX Coordinator receives the request for informal resolution. UTA will document informal resolutions. The Title IX Coordinator will retain the documentation. If the complainant elects to remain anonymous, such anonymity may limit UTA's ability to thoroughly investigate the allegations and address potential misconduct. In such cases, UTA will make reasonable efforts to balance between the complainant's desire for privacy and confidentiality with UTA's responsibility to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment and ensure due process.

Formal Complaint: To begin the grievance process, the complainant must submit a signed, written statement setting out the details of the conduct that is the subject of the complaint, including the complainant's name, signature, and contact information; the name of the person directly responsible for the alleged violation; a detailed description of the conduct or event that is the basis of the alleged violation; the date(s) and location(s) of the occurrence(s); the names of any witnesses to the occurrence(s); the resolution sought; and any documents or information that is relevant to the complaint. If the Complainant does not file a formal complaint, the Title IX Coordinator may sign a formal complaint against the Respondent depending on the severity of the alleged sexual misconduct.

Investigation: A Title IX investigator will be assigned to investigate a formal complaint of sexual misconduct. As part of the investigation process, the complainant and the respondent will be provided notice of the complaint and allowed a reasonable time to respond. The complainant and the respondent may present any document or information that is believed to be relevant to the complaint. Persons thought to have information relevant to the complaint will be interviewed, and those interviews will be appropriately documented. Both the respondent and the complainant may recommend witnesses for interview and suggest questions that should be asked. Neither the complainant nor the respondent typically attends these interviews or the gathering of evidence; however, if either one is permitted to attend, the other will have the same right.

After the investigation is complete, a written report will be issued to both parties, each party's advisor, the Title IX Coordinator, and the assigned hearing officer. The completed investigation report will outline each of the allegations prohibited under the policy, provide the timeline (e.g. procedural steps) of the investigation, and summarize relevant evidence, participant statements, and responses to questions.

Hearing: Absent dismissal of a formal complaint or the parties' decision to reach an informal resolution agreement (if applicable), the University will provide a live hearing for all formal complaints subject to the grievance process outlined in the Policy. The University will provide at least ten (10) days written notice to participants of the hearing and the participant's advisor including the date, time, location, names of all participants of the hearing (including the hearing officer, and all parties and participants in the investigation report), purpose of the hearing, a statement of the alleged conduct charges, and a summary

statement of the evidence gathered. The Hearing Officer will issue a written determination, which will include the following:

1. The allegations that potentially constitute prohibited conduct under the policy.
2. A description of all of the procedural steps of the grievance process under the policy (from receipt of a formal complaint to the determination regarding responsibility of the respondent, including any notifications of the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held).
3. The findings of fact supporting the hearing officer's determination.
4. The conclusion(s) and rationale as to whether the respondent is responsible for each allegation.
5. The disciplinary sanctions, if applicable.
6. The remedies, if applicable, are designed to restore the complainant's access to the education program or activity; and
7. The procedures and permissible bases for the parties to appeal under Section II.J.9 of the Policy, if applicable.

Appeals: Either party may appeal a hearing officer's determination regarding a respondent's responsibility under the grievance process or from the University's dismissal of a formal complaint (or any allegations in the formal complaint) by submitting a written appeal to the Assistant Dean of Students within ten (10) days of notification of such a determination on the following bases: (1) A procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter. (2) New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time of the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made that could affect the outcome of the matter; or (3) The Title IX Coordinator, investigator(s), or hearing officer had a conflict of interest or bias for or against the parties (generally, or specifically in this matter) that affected the outcome of the matter.

The Assistant Dean of Students will then conduct an initial review of the appeal to determine if it meets the timelines and grounds for appeal. If so, the non-appealing party (or the University) will then have seven (7) days from the notification of an appeal to submit a written statement in support of the outcome. The appeal official will release a written decision within twenty-one (21) days from the date of the appeal to the Assistant Dean of Students, who will send a copy to both parties. Notwithstanding the foregoing, employees subject to discipline may have an alternate appeal process described below, which will take precedence over the appeal process.

Appeals will be reviewed solely based on the written appeal, response, and the investigation record. The appeal official may approve, reject, or modify the decision or sanctions in question or may require that the original hearing be reopened for the presentation of additional evidence and reconsideration of the decision. Parties appealing the dismissal of a Title IX complaint submit a written appeal. The party should indicate that the appeal is related to a dismissal. Consideration of those appeals is routed to the Title IX /Discrimination Complaint office. In most circumstances, this type of appeal is granted upon review, and parties are notified that the complaint is reopened. In the rare circumstances where this would not be the case, the appeal would be routed according to the procedure outlined above.

Employee Discipline When There is a Finding of Sexual Misconduct Violations

UTA will follow The University of Texas System Regents Rule [Termination of a Faculty Member \(31008\)](#) and UTA's [Faculty Grievance Procedure \(AA-FH-PO-06\)](#) when discipline of a faculty member results from a hearing for violation of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy. UTA will follow UTA's [Progressive Corrective Action Policy \(formerly Discipline and Dismissal of Classified Employees Policy\)](#) when a Classified Employee is disciplined as a result of a hearing for violation of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy.

UTA's president holds the authority to appoint or dismiss vice presidents and deans of UTA, but this authority is subject to the approval of the appropriate executive vice chancellor of The University of Texas System. The president is vested with the authority to make permanent or acting appointments of department chairs, department heads, and equivalent positions that do not carry fixed terms and who serve at the discretion of the president. All other administrative officers serve without fixed terms and are subject to the discretion of the president. The president may terminate the employment of any administrative professional employee at any time for cause, including, but not limited to, sexual misconduct.

University-Initiated Protective Measures

In addition to the protective measures previously described, the Title IX Coordinator or their designee will determine whether interim interventions and protective measures should be implemented, and, if so, take steps to implement those protective measures as soon as possible. Examples of interim protective measures include, but are not limited to: UTA no contact order, residence hall relocation, adjustment of course schedules, leave of absence, and/or reassignment to a different supervisor or position.

These remedies may be applied to one or multiple parties involved.¹² Violations of the Title IX Coordinator's directives and/or protective measures will constitute related violations that may lead to additional disciplinary action. Protective measures imposed may be temporary pending the results of an investigation or may become permanent as determined by UTA.

Educational Programs and Campaigns addressing Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

Relationship violence, sexual assault, and stalking are serious crimes and through a collaboration of entities such as RVSP, UTAPD, Apartment and Residence Life, and local resource providers, UTA provides comprehensive, intentional, and integrated programming, initiatives, strategies, and campaigns intended to reduce the risk of and end dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. This programming is culturally relevant, inclusive of diverse communities and identities, sustainable, responsive to community needs, and informed by research or assessed for value, effectiveness, or outcome, and it considers environmental risk and protective factors as they occur on the individual, relationship, institution, community, and societal levels. These programs are tailored to the UTA community and the needs of our students and employees. This programming includes both primary

¹² Applicable law requires that, when taking such steps to separate the complainant and the accused, the University must minimize the burden on the complainant and thus should not, as a matter of course, remove the complainant from his or her job, classes or housing while allowing the accused to remain.

prevention and awareness programs for all incoming students and new employees, and ongoing awareness and prevention campaigns for students that include the following:

1. A statement that the institution prohibits the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking (as defined by the Clery Act)
2. The definitions of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking according to any applicable jurisdictional definitions of these terms
3. An explanation of the behavior and actions that constitute consent, in reference to sexual activity, in the State of Texas
4. The institution's definition of consent AND the purposes for which that definition is used
5. A description of safe and positive options for bystander intervention. Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene
6. Information on risk reduction. Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence
7. Information regarding procedures victims should follow if a crime of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking occurs (as described in "Procedures Victims Should Follow if a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking Occurs" elsewhere in this document)
8. How the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties (as described in "Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options" elsewhere in this document)
 - existing counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid, and other services available for victims, both within the institution and in the community (as described in "Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options" elsewhere in this document)
 - options for, available assistance in, and how to request changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or protective measures (as described in "Assistance for Victims: Rights and Options" elsewhere in this document), and
 - procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking (as described in "Adjudication of Violations" elsewhere in this document)

Primary Prevention and Awareness Programs

Primary Prevention Programs include programming initiatives and strategies intended to stop dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking before they occur through the promotion of positive and healthy behaviors that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality, encourage safe bystander intervention, and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe directions. Examples of primary prevention programs include promoting listening and communication skills, common courtesy, and moderation in alcohol consumption.

Awareness Programs include community-wide or audience-specific programming, initiatives, and strategies that increase audience knowledge and share information and resources to prevent violence, promote safety, and reduce perpetration. Ongoing primary prevention and awareness campaigns and education include initiatives and strategies that are sustained over time and focus on increasing the understanding of topics relevant to and skills for addressing and/or preventing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking using a range of strategies. UTA uses multiple strategies throughout the year to promote its ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns and education, including but not limited to:

- Social media posts, email blasts, notices on bulletin boards, posters, and/or radio and newspaper advertisements
- Presentations and workshops for individual sports teams, fraternity/sorority houses, residence halls, and the campus community in general
- Booths at student fairs and other campus events
- Faculty-led discussions of issues and services available, and promotion of programs and events

Primary prevention and awareness training for incoming students occurs during freshman and transfer student orientations with sessions entitled “A Community that Cares.” These sessions address UTA’s sexual misconduct policy, reporting procedures, bystander intervention, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. All new students are required to complete educational Title IX training modules. New employees are required to complete the “Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics” and “Understanding Title IX” training modules. Both modules foster primary awareness as they educate new employees on dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, and how to report and follow UTA policies and procedures regarding these offenses.

The University offered the following primary prevention and awareness programs for all **incoming students in 2024**:

- A Community that Cares-An Asynchronous virtual program held via UTA’s [Virtual MavsOnline System](#) covering Dating/Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

The University offered the following primary prevention and awareness programs for all **new employees in 2024**:

- Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Police and Crime Statistics-Held in October of each year, along with UTA’s mandatory Annual Compliance Training, which covers all Clery crimes
- Understanding Title IX-Held in October of each year, along with UTA’s mandatory Annual Compliance Training, which covers UTA’s Title IX policy and procedures, including Dating/Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaigns

UTA has ongoing prevention and awareness programming and campaigns that are available to students and employees, which address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking. These may include: Take Back the Night, Red Flag Campaign, Zumbathon, National Night Out, and other UTAPD-related programming detailed in the UTAPD Crime Prevention, Personal Security, and Campus Security Programming section of this Report. Throughout the academic year, RVSP hosted information booths at

various events on campus, including Maverick Stampede Week, Activity Fair Days, National Night Out, multiple health fairs, and in the University Center several times each month. RVSP also provided training and workshops to UTA students, faculty, and staff on how to be an advocate for students who have been sexually assaulted or affected by relationship violence.

UTA employees are required to complete the online “Jeanne Clery Campus Safety Act” and “Understanding Title IX” training modules as part of UTA’s Annual Compliance Training in October of every calendar year. Both modules foster ongoing employee awareness of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking, and reiterate how to report and follow UTA policies and procedures regarding these offenses. Other staff receiving ongoing prevention and awareness training provided by RVSP included: Housing and Residence Life (HRL), Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS), Office of the Dean of Students (DoS), Resident Directors (RDs), Resident Assistants (RAs), and Student Conduct Hearing Officers.

The University offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for **students in 2024**:

- Take Back the Night-April 3, 2024, at UTA’s Brazos Park
- National Night Out-October 1, 2024, at Brazos Park
- Maverick Stampede Week-August 18-24, 2024, at several locations on the UTA Campus
- Activity Fair Day-August 28, 2024, at University Center (UC)
- Zumbathon-April 24, 2024, at the Maveric Activity Center (MAC), Gym
- Female-led Self-defense Class-April 26, 2024, at the MAC, Gym
- Victims’ Rights Awareness Walk-April 22, 2024, at Brazos Park

The university offered the following ongoing awareness and prevention programs for **employees in 2024**:

- Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Police and Crime Statistics-October 2024, a Virtual Training via Canvas-October 2024, a virtual training via Canvas
- Understanding Title IX-October 2024, a virtual training via Canvas
- Take Back the Night-April 3, 2024, at Brazos Park
- Activity Fair Day-August 28, 2024, at University Center
- Victims’ Rights Awareness Walk-April 22, 2024, at Brazos Park

Bystander Intervention, Risk Reduction, and UTA’s Stance Against Relationship Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

Included in UTA’s primary prevention and awareness programming is information on bystander intervention and risk reduction as part of the [Mavs Stand Up](#) program.

Bystander Intervention: Bystander intervention is defined as safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking, and includes recognizing situations of potential harm; understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence; overcoming barriers to intervening; identifying safe and effective intervention options; and, taking action to intervene. Safe and positive options for bystander intervention include, but are not limited to: calling 911 when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another and it isn’t safe to intervene; asking people who look like they are in trouble if they need help; confronting those who seclude, hit on, try to make out or

have sex with people who are incapacitated or those who plan on taking sexual advantage of another; believe people who disclose they have been sexually assaulted, abused or stalked and refer them to on or off campus resources for support.

How to Be an Active Bystander: Bystanders play a critical role in the prevention of sexual and relationship violence. They are “individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it.” We want to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence without causing further harm. We may not always know what to do, even if we want to help. Below is a list of some ways to be an active bystander. Further information regarding bystander intervention may be found. If you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 911. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another, and it is not safe for you to interrupt.

1. **Recognize Harmful Situations.** A harmful situation is anything that constitutes a negative physical, mental, social, or emotional response, affecting a community, a group of individuals, or a single individual. Potential harm can appear in many ways: Concerning behaviors, lack of academic integrity, high-risk drinking, relationship violence, sexual violence, mental health concerns, suicidal ideation, hazing, bullying, harassment*, hate speech*, bias incidents. Note: These behaviors may also be expressions of racism, ableism, transphobia, homophobia, biphobia, sexism, and other forms of systemic oppression.
2. **Assess Harmful Situations.** You must always balance action with safety. No matter the circumstance, your safety is a priority. Always assess your safety before you decide to act and as you are taking action. It's important to ask yourself:
 - Is this a risky situation?
 - Am I a part of the solution?
 - How can I keep myself safe?
 - What are my available options?
 - Who can I call for help?
 - What are the pros and cons of the selected action?
3. **Act.** Try to always act in a way that keeps you and those around you as safe as possible from danger or threats, even if that means leaving your location for a safer location. Action can be direct or indirect. A **direct action** is an active approach to intervening that requires direct articulation or expression of concern with the situation. An **indirect action**, also known as a 'detour' approach, involves less visible forms of intervening and can look like:
 - Asking questions to get clarity about what is happening; creating a distraction
 - Talking or addressing a harmful actor directly
 - Following up, checking in, and offering resources related to the issue or to the person being impacted
 - Getting other people involved
 - Reporting the incident
 - Calling 911 or UTAPD emergency number 817-272-3003 or non-emergency number 817-272-3381
 - Notifying the CARE Team at 817-272-7862. Please reference [Mav Stand Up](#) for more

information.

Risk Reduction

Risk reduction education provides options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction; increase empowerment for victims in order to promote safety; and help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence. Risk reduction will never be presented in a manner that encourages victim blaming and includes but is not limited to the following strategies: be aware of your surroundings; know where you are and who is around you; avoid isolated areas; walk with purpose; trust your instincts—if a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, don't stay; if you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement; don't load yourself down with packages or bags; make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have a reliable transportation plan; don't allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know; avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings; go to social gatherings with a group of friends and check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together; don't leave your drink unattended and don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust; don't drink from punch bowls or other large, common open containers.

Clery Act Definitions of VAWA Crimes

The Clery Act defines the crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as reflected in the next section of this Report. UTA uses these Clery Act definitions for the purposes of reporting Clery Act statistics. Following the Clery Act definitions in this Report are the State of Texas definitions for these crimes; these definitions are provided for community educational and awareness purposes only.

Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. (A) This includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. (B) It does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence

Domestic Violence: A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed –By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Sexual Assault: An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's UCR program. See the Federal Definitions below for the FBI's UCR definition of Sexual Assault.

Per the **National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual** from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is "any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent."

Rape: the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling: the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to – (A) Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or (B) Suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition:

- **Course of conduct** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- **Reasonable person** means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- **Substantial emotional distress** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Federal Definitions: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

34 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 668.46: Institutional Security Policies and Crime Statistics

Domestic Violence is a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed:

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crimes of violence occurred

To comply with the requirements of this section and 34 C.F.R. § 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Dating Violence: violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence. To comply with the

requirements of this section and 34 C.F.R. §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for Clery Act reporting.

Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses): any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Offenses and attempted offenses that meet the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program are considered Sexual Assault (Sex Offenses) crimes for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

- **Rape:** the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.
- **Fondling:** the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.
- **Incest:** sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape:** sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Stalking means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition:

- **Course of conduct** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- **Reasonable person** means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
- **Substantial Emotional Distress** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Note: For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and 34 C.F.R. §668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Texas Definitions: Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.004. FAMILY VIOLENCE.

"Family Violence" means:

- An act by a member of a family or household against another member of the family or household that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault or that is a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault, but does not include defensive measures to protect oneself.
- Abuse, as that term is defined by Texas Family Code Sections 261.001(1)(C), (E), (G), (H), (I), (J), (K), and (M) by a member of a family or household toward a child of the family or household; or

- Dating violence, as that term is defined by Texas Family Code Section 71.0021.

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.003. FAMILY.

“Family” includes individuals related by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Sections Texas Government Code Sections 573.022 and 573.024, individuals who are former spouses of each other, individuals who are the parents of the same child, without regard to marriage, and a foster child and foster parent, without regard to whether those individuals reside together.

Texas Family Code Sec. 71.0021. DATING VIOLENCE.

“**Dating Violence**” means an act, other than a defensive measure to protect oneself, by an actor that: Is committed against a victim or applicant of a protective order: with whom the actor has or has had a dating relationship; or because of the victim's or applicant's marriage to or dating relationship with an individual with whom the actor is or has been in a dating relationship or marriage; and is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault or that is a threat that reasonably places the victim in fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault.

For purposes of this title, “**dating relationship**” means a relationship between individuals who have or have had a continuing relationship of a romantic or intimate nature. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on consideration of three aspects: (1) the **length** of the relationship; (2) the **nature** of the relationship; and (3) The **frequency** and type of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Note: A casual acquaintanceship or ordinary fraternization in a business or social context does not constitute a “dating relationship.”

Texas Penal Code Sec. 22.011. SEXUAL ASSAULT.

A person commits an offense of **Sexual Assault** if the person:

Intentionally or knowingly: (A) Causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of another person by any means, without that person's consent; (B) causes the penetration of the mouth of another person by the sexual organ of the actor, without that person's consent, or (C) causes the sexual organ of another person, without that person's consent, to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, **or regardless** of whether the person knows the age of the child at the time of the offense, the person **intentionally or knowingly:** (A) Causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of a child by any means; (B) causes the penetration of the mouth of a child by the sexual organ of the actor; (C) causes the sexual organ of a child to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor; (D) causes the anus of a child to contact the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, or; (E) causes the mouth of a child to contact the anus or sexual organ of another person, including the actor.

Texas Penal Code Sec. 22.021. AGGRAVATED SEXUAL ASSAULT.

A person commits an offense of **Aggravated Sexual Assault** if the person **intentionally or knowingly:** (A) Causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of another person by any means, without that person's consent, or (B) causes the penetration of the mouth of another person by the sexual organ of the actor,

without that person's consent, or (C) causes the sexual organ of another person, without that person's consent, to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, **or regardless** of whether the person knows the age of the child at the time of the offense, **intentionally or knowingly**: (A) Causes the penetration of the anus or sexual organ of a child by any means, (B) causes the penetration of the mouth of a child by the sexual organ of the actor, (C) causes the sexual organ of a child to contact or penetrate the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, (D) causes the anus of a child to contact the mouth, anus, or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, or (E) causes the mouth of a child to contact the anus or sexual organ of another person, including the actor, and if the person:

- causes serious bodily injury or attempts to cause the death of the victim or another person in the course of the same criminal episode,
- by acts or words places the victim in fear that any person will become the victim of an offense under Section 20A.02(a)(3), (4), (7), or (8) or that death, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping will be imminently inflicted on any person,
- by acts or words occurring in the presence of the victim threatens to cause any person to become the victim of an offense under Texas Penal Code Section 20A.02(a)(3), (4), (7), or (8) or to cause the death, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping of any person,
- uses or exhibits a deadly weapon in the course of the same criminal episode,
- acts in concert with another who engages in conduct described by the first section above directed toward the same victim and occurring during the course of the same criminal episode, or
- with the intent of facilitating the commission of the offense, administers or provides to the victim of the offense any substance capable of impairing the victim's ability to appraise the nature of the act or to resist the act,
- The victim is **younger than 14 years of age, regardless** of whether the person knows the age of the victim at the time of the offense, **-OR-** the victim is an **elderly individual or a disabled individual**.

Texas Penal Code Sec. 22.011

A sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault under Texas law is **WITHOUT CONSENT** if:

- The actor compels the other person to submit or participate by the use of physical force or violence or coercion;
- The actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence against the other person or to cause harm to the other person, and the other person believes that the actor has the present ability to execute the threat;
- The other person has not consented, and the actor knows the other person is unconscious or physically unable to resist;
- The actor knows that, as a result of mental disease or defect, the other person is, at the time of the sexual assault, incapable either of appraising the nature of the act or of resisting it;
- The other person has not consented, and the actor knows the other person is unaware that the sexual assault is occurring;
- The actor has intentionally impaired the other person's power to appraise or control the other person's conduct by administering any substance without the other person's knowledge;

- The actor compels the other person to submit or participate by threatening to use force or violence against any person, and the other person believes that the actor has the ability to execute the threat;
- The actor is a public servant who coerces the other person to submit or participate;
- The actor is a mental health services provider or a health care services provider who causes the other person, who is a patient or former patient of the actor, to submit or participate by exploiting the other person's emotional dependency on the actor;
- The actor is a clergyman who causes the other person to submit or participate by exploiting the other person's emotional dependency on the clergyman in the clergyman's professional character as spiritual adviser; or
- The actor is an employee of a facility where the other person is a resident, unless the employee and resident are formally or informally married to each other under Chapter 2, Family Code; or
- The actor is a health care services provider who, in the course of performing an assisted reproduction procedure on the other person, uses human reproductive material from a donor, knowing that the other person has not expressly consented to the use of material from that donor.

Texas Penal Code Sec. 42.072. STALKING.

A person commits an offense of **Stalking** if the person, on more than one occasion and pursuant to the same scheme or course of conduct that is directed specifically at another person, knowingly engages in conduct that:

1. Constitutes an offense under Section 42.07, **Harassment**, or that the actor knows or reasonably should know the other person will regard as threatening: bodily injury or death for the other person; that an offense will be committed against a member of the other person's family or household or against an individual with whom the other person has a dating relationship; or that an offense will be committed against the other person's property;
2. Causes the other person, a member of the other person's family or household, or an individual with whom the other person has a dating relationship to be placed in fear of bodily injury or death or in fear that an offense will be committed against the other person, a member of the other person's family or household, or the other person's property, or to feel harassed, annoyed, alarmed, abused, tormented, embarrassed, or offended;
3. Would cause a reasonable person to: Fear bodily injury or death for himself or herself; Fear that an offense will be committed against a member of the person's family or household or for an individual with whom the person has a dating relationship; or Fear that an offense will be committed against the person's property; or feel harassed, terrified, intimidated, annoyed, alarmed, abused, tormented, embarrassed, or offended.

Procedures the University Will Follow When a Crime of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking is Reported

The University has procedures in place that serve to be sensitive to victims who report sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, including informing individuals about their right to file criminal charges as well as the availability of counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, student financial aid and other services on and/or off campus

as well as additional remedies to prevent contact between a complainant and an accused party, such as changes to housing, academic, protective orders, transportation and working situations, if reasonably available. The University will make such accommodations or protective measures, if the victim requests them and if they are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to the UTAPD or local law enforcement. Students and employees should contact RVSP at **(817) 272- 3947**, rvsp@uta.edu.

If a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking is reported to the University, below are the procedures that the University will follow:

Incident Report: Sexual Assault

1. Depending on when reported (immediate vs delayed report), UTA will provide the complainant with access to medical care.
2. UTA will assess the immediate safety needs of the complainant.
3. UTA will assist the complainant with contacting local police if the complainant requests, AND provide the complainant with contact information for the local police department.
4. UTA will provide the complainant with referrals to on and off-campus mental health providers.
5. UTA will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, if appropriate. A no contact order is a common interim support measure, and a victim will receive information on accessing this support measure during an intake meeting.
6. UTA will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options.
7. UTA will provide a "No trespass" directive to the accused party, if appropriate.
8. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
9. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
10. UTA will provide a copy of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy to the complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution.
11. UTA will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether the accused will be administratively charged, and of the outcome of the hearing.
12. UTA will enforce its anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Incident Report: Stalking

1. UTA will assess the immediate safety needs of the complainant.
2. UTA will assist the complainant with contacting local police if the complainant requests, AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police departments.
3. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
4. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
5. UTA will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate. A no contact order is a common interim support measure, and a victim will receive information on accessing this support measure during an intake meeting.

6. UTA will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options.
7. UTA will provide a "No trespass" directive to the accused party, if appropriate.
8. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
9. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
10. UTA will provide a copy of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy to the complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution.
11. UTA will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether the accused will be administratively charged, and of the outcome of the hearing.
12. UTA will enforce its anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Incident Report: Dating Violence

1. UTA will assess the immediate safety needs of the complainant.
2. UTA will assist the complainant with contacting local police if the complainant requests, AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police departments.
3. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
4. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
5. UTA will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate. A no contact order is a common interim support measure, and a victim will receive information on accessing this support measure during an intake meeting.
6. UTA will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options.
7. UTA will provide a "No trespass" directive to the accused party, if appropriate.
8. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
9. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
10. UTA will provide a copy of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy to the complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution.
11. UTA will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether the accused will be administratively charged, and of the outcome of the hearing.
12. UTA will enforce its anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Incident Report: Domestic Violence

1. UTA will assess the immediate safety needs of the complainant.
2. UTA will assist the complainant with contacting local police if the complainant requests, AND provide the complainant with contact information for local police department.
3. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
4. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.

5. UTA will assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures to protect the complainant, if appropriate. A no contact order is a common interim support measure, and a victim will receive information on accessing this support measure during an intake meeting.
6. UTA will provide the victim with a written explanation of the victim's rights and options.
7. UTA will provide a "No trespass" directive to the accused party, if appropriate.
8. UTA will provide written instructions for how a complainant may apply for a Protective Order.
9. UTA will provide written information to the complainant on how to preserve evidence.
10. UTA will provide a copy of UTA's Sexual Misconduct Policy to the complainant and inform the complainant regarding timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution.
11. UTA will inform the complainant of the outcome of the investigation, whether the accused will be administratively charged, and of the outcome of the hearing.
12. UTA will enforce its anti-retaliation policy and take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in the investigation.

Procedures for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, or Stalking

Understand that the victim is not to blame, and help is available. It is important to understand that a sexual assault victim who is a member of UTA's campus community **will not** be subject to disciplinary action by UTA if they have been drinking or using drugs in the circumstances surrounding the sexual assault.

Find a safe place to go. Safety should be the number one priority of any victim who should alert friends, family, and coworkers about what is going on and seek a safe place to stay. If the victim cannot turn to friends or family for a place to stay, temporary, alternative housing is available to UTA students who live on-campus or off-campus through UTA's Student Advocacy Services at eaf@uta.edu. Emergency after-hours access is available through UTAPD Crime Victim Services. For access to an undisclosed off-campus shelter, please call [SafeHaven](#), Tarrant County's 24-hour hotline at **877-701-7233**, or contact the UTAPD Crime Victim Services.

Call the police. Contact the police for emergency assistance and/or to file a report. If the crime took place on UTA campus, contact the [UTAPD](#) at **(817) 272-3003** in an emergency, or the non-emergency number at **(817) 272-3381** if the emergency has passed. If the crime took place off-campus, contact 911 in an emergency, or the local law enforcement agency's non-emergency number if the emergency has passed. Tell the police that you would like to file a report, and they will ask you questions about the incident and record what you say in an incident report.

Though UTA encourages the reporting of all crimes, note that a victim has options when it comes to the involvement of law enforcement. A victim may either notify law enforcement, including on-campus and local police, be assisted by UTA personnel, such as Crime Victim Services, Title IX, RVSP, or HR in notifying law enforcement; or decline to notify law enforcement altogether.

Reporting Incidents of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking. Individuals who have experienced domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are strongly encouraged

to promptly report the incident to the Title IX Coordinator by calling **817-272-4585**, e-mailing TitleIX@uta.edu, or visiting the Title IX Office at the UTA Administration Building located at 701 S. Nedderman Dr., Arlington, TX 76019. A victim may also report an incident directly to Campus Public Safety if the victim so desires. Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking made to UTAPD will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator for investigation, regardless of whether the complainant chooses to pursue criminal charges. **Regardless of whether an individual chooses to formally report the crime, the Crime Victim Services unit can assist the victim** with crisis intervention, medical accompaniment, safety planning, and connection to community supports and resources needed to find safety and/or recover from the incident emotionally, physically, and financially. These community resources can include, but are not limited to, domestic violence shelters, rape crisis services, trauma counseling, and legal aid. Should a victim choose to make a formal report to law enforcement, additional services are available, such as, but not limited to, criminal justice support, court accompaniment, and application to benefits as appropriate.

Seek medical attention. Seek medical attention for any injuries sustained. Go straight to the emergency room if an injury is serious (UTAPD can request ambulance transport if needed). Requesting medical care in no way forces a victim to report a crime to the police or to UTA personnel. A victim may receive medical treatment at Texas Health Arlington Memorial Hospital at (817) 960-6100, the UTA [Student Health Services](#) at **(817)-272-2771**, or from a private physician. Keep in mind that some injuries may be internal. Also, keep in mind that strangulation, even brief, can have very serious side effects. A victim should always report to their medical provider if the perpetrator has put their hands around the victim's neck.

If an immediate medical exam is not possible, individuals who have experienced a sexual assault may have a sexual assault forensic exam, performed by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner, within 120 hours of the incident. With the victim's consent, the physical evidence collected during this medical exam can be used as part of a criminal investigation; however, a victim may undergo an exam regardless of whether they have contacted or intend to contact law enforcement. For more information about the sexual assault forensic exam, see: [Attorney General of Texas SANE Program](#).

The cost of the forensic portion of the exam is covered by the law enforcement agency that is investigating the assault or, in cases where a report will not be made to the police, the Texas Department of Public Safety. This does not include fees related to medical treatment that are not a part of the exam.

Although a sexual assault victim may not have apparent physical injuries, they may be at risk of pregnancy, sexually transmitted infections, sexually transmitted diseases, including Chlamydia, Genital Herpes, HPV/Genital Warts, Hepatitis, and HIV, and additional health concerns. Medication for sexually transmitted infections and pregnancy prevention must be given within **72 HOURS** of the assault to be effective. The emergency departments capable of providing immediate medical care for sexual assault victims, collect evidence, and complete a rape kit, also known as a SANE exam, are provided in the 'On and Off Campus Service for Victims' section of the ASR.

Preserve all physical evidence of the crime. Victims are encouraged to preserve evidence of any crime by saving voice mails, text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, or other communications, and taking pictures of injuries or damaged property, keeping logs or other copies of documents that would be helpful in an investigation of the crime (i.e., doctor's records, a log of a stalker's behavior). Also, victims should write down names and contact information, if available, of the perpetrator, any witnesses to the crime, and document any other information that could be important. No detail is too small. If an individual

chooses not to file a formal complaint regarding an incident, they are nevertheless encouraged to speak with law enforcement to preserve evidence. This may be beneficial should the victim later decide to report the incident to law enforcement or the UTA Police Department, as such evidence may assist in establishing that a criminal offense occurred or in obtaining a protection order.

Additional preservation of physical evidence of the crime procedures for sexual assault victims. A victim of sexual assault should not shower, bathe, douche, urinate, drink, wash hands, brush teeth, or change clothes before seeking medical treatment. It may be difficult, but preserving evidence and speaking with law enforcement can be crucial if the victim later chooses to proceed with a report and can significantly aid in any future investigation or legal proceedings.

Also, if the victim was forced to perform oral sex, they should not eat, drink, or smoke to preserve evidence. If the victim must change clothes, they should put each article of clothing in a separate **paper** bag. Do not put the items of clothing in a plastic bag, as plastic can contaminate the evidence. If the victim must urinate, they should try to capture the urine in a container to be used for evidence testing. Though this is difficult, testing urine is the best way to discover whether a date rape drug such as Rohypnol, GHB, Ketamine, or Valium was administered, as these drugs quickly pass through the body and are only present in the system for about 12 hours.

Reach out for support. Contact UTA's [Relationship Violence and Sexual Assault Prevention Program \(RVSP\)](#) at **(817) 272-3947**, rvsp@uta.edu. RVSP will provide Confidential Advocacy to students.

Make a safety plan. It is essential for victims of relationship violence to develop a safety plan, regardless of whether or not they are prepared to leave the relationship. Similarly, victims of stalking should plan for their safety in the event of further contact by the stalker. RVSP is available to assist victims in developing a personalized safety plan, which may include residence relocation, changes to contact information, escorts to class or work, access to emergency cell phones, and other supportive measures.

Request counseling and psychological services or psychiatric services. Experiencing a crime can be highly distressing and may lead to significant emotional challenges if left unaddressed. Regardless of when the incident occurred, individuals are encouraged to seek appropriate mental health support by contacting [Counseling and Psychological Services](#) at **(817) 272-3671** or Psychiatric Services at **(817) 272-2771**.

Protective Orders and No Contact Orders

UTA complies with Texas law in recognizing Protective Orders through the Crime Victims' Compensation Act. A Protective Order is a civil court order, a violation of which can be a crime, that is issued to protect a person from continuing acts of family or dating violence or stalking. It will direct the abuser to stay a certain distance (usually 200-500 feet) away from the protected person's home, school, or place of employment, prohibit the abuser from committing conduct that would harass or alarm the protected person, and prohibit the abuser from committing further acts of violence or stalking against the protected person. A victim must apply for a Protective Order through the court system; UTAPD Victim Services will assist a victim with starting this process.

If a student or employee has a Protective Order, UTA strongly encourages the individual to provide a copy of the order to the UTAPD, who may assist in its enforcement. Additionally, UTA may issue an institutional no contact order when deemed appropriate, or upon request by either the complainant or the

respondent. In the event the institution receives a report alleging a violation of an institutional no contact order, it will initiate an investigation. If the investigation substantiates the violation and/or if necessary, UTA will pursue disciplinary proceedings and action consistent with the status of the respondent (student, employee, etc.) and impose appropriate sanctions if the party is found responsible for violating the no contact order.

Illegal Drugs and Underage Drinking

Possession, Use, and Sale of Illegal Drugs and Alcoholic Beverages, Enforcement of Underage Drinking Laws, and State and Federal Drug Laws

UTA prohibits the unlawful possession, use, and sale of illegal drugs on campus. The UTAPD is responsible for the enforcement of state underage drinking laws and enforcement of Federal and State drug laws on the UTA campus. UTA seeks to provide students, faculty, and staff with an underage drinking and drug-free environment. Violations of Texas underage drinking laws and Texas and federal drug and drug paraphernalia laws may result in criminal justice consequences and violations of UTA policy. UTA's [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy](#) provides for disciplinary action against any student who engages in conduct that is prohibited by state, federal, or local law. This includes those laws prohibiting the use, possession, or distribution of drugs and alcohol. Therefore, any student found to be in violation of UTA's alcohol and drug policies will be referred to Student Affairs, and their case will be adjudicated through the UTA Student Conduct office. Alcohol and/or drug abuse counseling may be required. The use or possession of alcohol or drugs by an employee on university premises is defined as misconduct by The University of Texas System's "Policies and Procedures for Discipline and Dismissal of Employees." The unlawful use, possession, or distribution of illicit drugs by an employee is prohibited by the [UTA Drugs & Alcohol Policy](#). This policy notifies all employees that the unlawful manufacture, sale, distribution, possession, or use of a controlled substance in or on any premises or property owned or controlled by the University is prohibited. Faculty or staff found to be in violation of UTA's policies may be referred to the appropriate supervisor.

Possession, sale, and/or use of alcoholic beverages on campus are prohibited by UTA policy, with the following exceptions:

- **Residential:** A person of legal age (21) may possess and consume alcoholic beverages inside his/her campus residence (residence halls, apartments, fraternity houses, etc.) as provided for according to Apartment and Residence Life, Fraternity and Sorority Life, and national organization policies.
- **Events:** The President of UTA may waive the prohibition on alcohol with respect to any event sponsored by The University of Texas System or UTA if the following criteria are met: (A) An event must be sponsored by a budgeted office, department, or division of UTA, or (B) The sponsor is responsible for organizing the event, inviting attendees, and paying expenses related to the event, including purchases of food and beverages.

Underage drinking in Texas is governed by the Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code, Chapter 106. More detailed information on the laws governing underage drinking in Texas can be found in the [Alcoholic Beverage Code](#). A few excerpts are as follows:

(A) It is illegal for persons **under 21 years** (Minor) of age to:

- Purchase or Attempt to Purchase Alcohol by Minor
- Possession or Consumption of any Alcoholic Beverage by a Minor

Penalty: Class C misdemeanor—Fine of not less than \$250 or more than \$2,000; confinement in jail for a term not to exceed 180 days; or both the fine and confinement

(B) It is **illegal for anyone** (regardless of age) to: Sell, Purchase, or Furnish Alcohol to a Minor

Penalty: Class A misdemeanor with a fine up to \$4,000, confinement in jail for up to 1 year, or both fine and confinement; and community service for not less than 20 or more than 40 hours; and attend an alcohol awareness program approved under Section 106.115; and order the Department of Public Safety to suspend the driver's license/permit

The State of Texas prohibits the manufacture, sale, delivery, possession, or use of a controlled substance without legal authorization. A controlled substance under Texas law includes any drug, substance, or immediate precursor covered under the Texas Controlled Substance Act, including but not limited to, opiates, barbiturates, amphetamines, marijuana, and hallucinogens. Texas law prohibits the possession of drug paraphernalia which is defined as equipment, a product, or material that is used or intended for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, or concealing a controlled substance, or in injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. For more detailed information on Texas law regarding drugs and paraphernalia, see the [Texas Controlled Substance Act](#).

Federal law prohibits the possession of a controlled substance not directly obtained by a valid prescription, and the manufacture, distribution, dispensation, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense, a controlled substance. A controlled substance under federal law means a drug or other substance, or immediate precursor, covered under the federal Controlled Substances Act. Federal law prohibits the sale, offer for sale, use of mails or interstate commerce, import and export of drug paraphernalia. Drug paraphernalia under federal law means any equipment, product, or material of any kind which is primarily intended or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, concealing, producing, processing, preparing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance, possession of which is unlawful under this subchapter. For more detailed information on federal laws regarding drugs and paraphernalia, see the [Federal Controlled Substances Act](#).

Drug Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA)

In compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, UTA publishes information regarding The University of Texas Arlington's prevention programs related to drug and alcohol abuse prevention which include standards of conduct that prohibit the unlawful possession, use, and distribution of alcohol and illegal drugs on campus and at institution-associated activities; sanctions for violations of federal, state, and local laws and The University of Texas at Arlington policy; a description of health risks associated with alcohol and other drug use and abuse; and a description of available counseling, treatment, rehabilitation and/or re-entry programs for UTA students and employees. A complete description of these topics, as

provided in The University of Texas Arlington's annual notification to students and employees, is available online [here](#).

The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA) is intended to combat substance abuse on college campuses through methods of prevention, rehabilitation, and punishment. The DFSCA Act requires, in part, that institutions of higher education adopt and implement programs designed to prevent the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol by students and employees.

The Office for Substance Misuse Prevention, located in UTA Health Services, offers a program to assist students in making appropriate decisions regarding the use of alcohol and other drugs. The program does not provide a long-term treatment for those individuals, but does emphasize education, programming, support, intervention, and short-term counseling. Additional counseling and psychotherapy are available from clinical psychologists on staff in UTA Health Services. Referrals are also made to resources in the DFW Metroplex area when a person is identified as being chemically dependent. When the individual returns to campus after undergoing treatment, support is available to facilitate the recovery process. More information is available by contacting UTA Health Services at **(817) 272-2771**.

The [Center for Addiction and Recovery Services \(CARS\)](#) provides a safe, healthy, and welcoming environment for students to cultivate life skills and celebrate recovery successes. CARS offers a variety of programs and services that emphasize community and accountability. CARS helps students draw upon their own inner strength, develop compassion, and build resilience. CARS offers resources for information about recovery, coordination, and promotion of campus-wide sober social events, and support of members throughout their time in Maverick country. More information available by calling **(214) 645-0919**.

The Employee Assistance Program (EAP) serves benefits-eligible employees and their dependents; benefits-eligible student employees and their dependents; and retirees and their dependents living in their household and is coordinated through the UT Arlington Human Resources Office. The program includes one to four prepaid sessions for short-term counseling, referral, and crisis services. Other benefits include legal and financial services, work-life resources, and a SafeRide program that provides emergency cab fare for eligible employees and dependents who opt to use a cab service instead of driving while impaired. The program is offered through Alliance Work Partners, which has a staff of trained professional Masters-level counselors. Their services are available at multiple DFW area locations that are convenient to UTA employees. If additional services are needed beyond the one to four prepaid sessions, EAP professionals will make every effort to help the employee locate services that are convenient, appropriate, and affordable. They can also discuss options regarding mental health coverage and providers. Call the EAP toll-free for additional information at **(800) 515- 0760**.

Stop Campus Hazing Act (SCHA)

Hazing Policy Statement

The University of Texas at Arlington (UTA) is dedicated to cultivating a safe and inclusive campus culture, promoting a sense of belonging and mutual respect among the campus community. UTA prohibits students, employees, officers, contractors, and volunteers from engaging, or attempting to engage in hazing, as it is antithetical to the values of UTA, including collaboration, excellence, and integrity.

In accordance with applicable law and UTA policy, this statement of policy describes the methods utilized by UTA for hazing awareness, reporting, investigations, education, and prevention. Additional details regarding UTA's hazing prevention strategies and reporting can be found at [Hazing Prevention/Community Standards/University of Texas at Arlington](#).

Definition of Hazing

Hazing is prohibited by federal law ([20 USC § 1092](#)) and by Texas state law ([Tex. Ed. Code § 51.936](#) and [§§ 37.151 - 37.157](#)). UTA developed and implemented a policy definition of Hazing. According to UTA's [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy](#) (SL-SC-PO-01) UTA defines Hazing as engaging in any intentional, knowing, or reckless act, occurring on or off campus of an educational institution, by one person alone or acting in concert with others, directed against another person or persons regardless of the willingness of such other person or persons to participate, committed in the course of pledging, being initiated to, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any university student organization whose members are or include students at UTA, and causes or creates a risk, above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the student's education at UTA or the university organization, of physical or psychological injury.

For purposes of the university's Hazing policy, the term **"organization"** means a fraternity, sorority, association, corporation, order, society, corps, club, or student government, a band or musical group or an academic, athletic, cheerleading, club sports team, or dance team (including both varsity and junior varsity), including any group or team that participates in National Collegiate Athletic Association competition, or a service, social, or similar group, in which two or more of the members are students enrolled at the University regardless of whether the organization is established or recognized by the University. While student organizations that are not recognized or established by the University are not subject to the University's disciplinary jurisdiction, individuals who engage in violations of the standards of conduct outlined in UTA's hazing policy will be held accountable regardless of whether the student organization, in which the hazing activities occurred, is recognized or established by the institution.

Any student organization recognized or established by the University that is found to be responsible for violating the University's Hazing policy will be recorded in the Campus Hazing Transparency Report. All reports of hazing involving student organizations that occur in the University's Clery Geography will be included in the crime statistics regardless of whether the organization is established or recognized by the institution.

The University reserves the right to hold a sub-group of an organization accountable for hazing policy violations, rather than the entire student organization, when circumstances reasonably indicate a sub-group, not the entire student organization, committed a hazing policy violation. For example, affinity groups or position groups within an athletic team that meet the definition of a student organization may be held accountable for Hazing in lieu of the entire athletic team.

The term hazing includes, but is not limited to: any type of physical brutality, physical activity, activity involving consumption of food, liquid, drugs, or alcohol; activity that intimidates or threatens the student; any activity that induces, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task which involves a violation of the law; any activity that subjects the student to extreme mental stress, shame, or humiliation; any activity that adversely affects the mental health or dignity of the student or discourages the student from entering or remaining registered in the university; or that may reasonably be expected to cause a

student to leave the organization or the university rather than submit to acts described in this section. Examples may include, but are not limited to:

1. Any type of physical brutality, such as whipping, beating, striking, electronic shocking, placing of a harmful substance on someone's body, or similar activity;
2. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement in a small space, extreme calisthenics, or other similar activity;
3. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to consume food, liquid, alcohol, drugs, or other substances;
4. Causing, coercing, or otherwise inducing another person to perform sexual acts;
5. Any activity that places another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words or conduct;
6. Any activity against another person that includes a criminal violation of local, state, tribal, or federal law; and
7. Any activity that induces, causes, or requires another person to perform a duty or task that involves a criminal violation of local, state, tribal, or federal law.

Hazing with or without the consent of a person, whether on or off campus, is prohibited, and a violation of that prohibition renders both the person inflicting the hazing and the person submitting to the hazing subject to discipline. Knowingly failing to report hazing can subject one to discipline. Initiations or activities of organizations may include no feature that is dangerous, harmful, or degrading to the person, and a violation of this prohibition renders both the organization and participating individuals subject to discipline. The Hazing definition, including the definition of an organization, can be found in the [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy](#) (SL-SC-PO-01).

How to Report Incidents of Hazing

UTA strongly encourages students, faculty, staff, and members of the community to promptly report incidents of hazing. Any incident involving an in-progress crime or emergency should be reported immediately to the local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction by dialing 911. When CSAs become aware of a Hazing incident in a situation where the involvement of the UTAPD is not applicable, they may still report the crime directly to the UTAPD or via the online CSA reporting form (included below). Reports may be submitted through the following:

CSA Reporting Form: Submit a [CSA Reporting Form](#). Note: The identity of the impacted party can be kept confidential.

Office of the Dean of Students, Community Standards: Call the office at (817) 272-2354 and/or visit the office in the basement of University Center, Lower Level, Suite B150. Office hours are Monday through Friday, 8 A.M. to 5 P.M. Also, you can submit a [Hazing Incident Report Form](#) directly to Community Standards within the Office of the Dean of Students. *Note, these reports can be made anonymously.*

UTA Police Department: In case of emergency or for imminent threats, call (817) 272-3003. For non-emergency reports, call (817) 272-3381. For Crime Victim Services, call (817) 272-9254.

UTA Office of Talent, Culture, and Engagement: For incidents involving a Respondent party who is a UTA staff or faculty member, please contact a Human Resources Business Partner, submit a CSA report

(link included above), or contact askhr@uta.edu.

National Anti-Hazing Hotline: Call the National Anti-Hazing Hotline at 1-888-NOT-HAZE (1-888-668-4293). These reports can be made anonymously. All information provided will be forwarded to the appropriate UTA staff for investigation.

To encourage individuals to report incidents of hazing, UTA may grant immunity from student or employee disciplinary action to a person who, in good faith, voluntarily reports specific incidents of hazing prior to being contacted by UTA concerning the incident or being included in UTA's investigation of the incident. Immunity does not extend to the person's own violation of hazing or when a report is made in bad faith or with malice.

For more information about immunity, please see [Texas Education Code Section 37.155](#) and the hazing subsection in the [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy](#) (SL-SC-PO-01).

UTA Hazing Reports

In accordance with federal and state law, UTA generates two distinct reports that include relevant hazing data. Beginning with the 2026 [Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report](#) (ASR), which will be made available in October 2026. In addition, UTA will provide an annual numerical count, indicating the number of hazing allegations made within UTA's established Clery geography, regardless of whether the student organization is established, registered, or recognized by UTA. Details on all findings of responsibility and associated sanctions related to hazing allegations against established, registered, or recognized student organizations, regardless of geography, during the preceding five years, can be found at [Hazing Prevention/Community Standards/University of Texas at Arlington](#). The Campus Hazing Transparency report is updated no less than biannually.

Campus Hazing Transparency Report

As required by the Stop Campus Hazing Act, the University publishes a Campus Hazing Transparency Report that summarizes findings concerning student organizations established or recognized by the University that have been found responsible for violating the University's Hazing policy. The Transparency Report will be updated to include new findings of organizational responsibility no less than twice annually following a final determination that a student organization has violated the University's Hazing policy.

The first Transparency Report will be published by December 23, 2025, unless no organizations have been found responsible for Hazing at that time, as the University is not required to publish a Transparency Report until a student organization has been found responsible for violating the University's Hazing policy on or after July 1, 2025. Each entry published to the Transparency Report will include, at a minimum, the following information: the student organization; a general description of the violation that resulted in a finding of responsibility; whether the violation involved the abuse or illegal use of alcohol or drugs; the findings of the institution (i.e., the rationale for finding the organization responsible for Hazing); any sanctions placed on the student organization; and the dates on which—the incident was alleged to have occurred, the investigation into the incident was initiated, the investigation ended with a finding that a Hazing violation occurred, and the student organization was provided notice that the incident resulted in a Hazing violation.

[UTA's Transparency Report](#) can be found on the Office of the Dean of Students website. On this page, the

University also publishes additional information, including: a statement notifying the public of the availability of Hazing statistics, which will be published in future Annual Security Reports; information about the institution's policies relating to Hazing; and information on applicable local, State, and Tribal laws regarding Hazing.

Hazing and Organizational Conduct Investigation Process

Hazing investigations may be initiated and conducted by the Office of Talent, Culture, and Engagement (TCE), Community Standards within the Office of the Dean of Students, or designee. Community Standards investigations are directed by the [Discipline of Student Organizations Policy](#) (SL-SO-PO7). This policy establishes a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution process. Determinations of responsibility are made based upon a preponderance of the evidence standard, and reasonable efforts will be made to complete the investigation in a timely manner. This process may include the following:

1. **Report:** Allegations of hazing can be made by any individual who witnesses or suspects hazing by utilizing one of the reporting methods provided above ("How to Report Incidents of Hazing").

An initial review will be made of the hazing report by Community Standards, or designee, to determine if there is sufficient information to proceed with an investigation or if the University official(s) or office(s) have jurisdiction over the respondent(s). As it relates to the university's hazing policy, the term "respondent" refers to a student, a recognized or registered student organization, or an employee who is alleged to have engaged in Hazing. At this phase of the process, Community Standards, or the designee, may seek to involve UTA Fraternity and Sorority Life or Student Organization staff, Title IX, or other offices as appropriate, to collaborate with and seek input from UTA staff, inter/national headquarters staff, and advisor(s) of the organization.

These factors will also inform whether the procedures outlined in the Discipline of Student Organizations Policy (SL-SO-PO7) will be utilized to resolve the alleged misconduct. Allegations of hazing involving a student or student organization that is officially recognized by, or registered with, the university will be resolved using the procedures outlined in SL-SO-07. Allegations involving other respondents will be resolved using the policies and procedures applicable to the respondent's status.

All reports of hazing will be shared with the UTA Police Department and the Clery Coordinator, or designee, for additional investigation, statistics, and possible initiation of criminal charges.

2. **Conference:** Community Standards may summon any officer of the student organization to a conference to discuss the alleged hazing incident. This conference can be used to gather additional facts related to the alleged incident, or may be dispositive, leading to the dismissal of the allegations when there is insufficient evidence to proceed) or a finding of responsibility.
3. **Investigation:** If an investigation is warranted, an investigator shall be appointed to conduct a prompt, thorough, and impartial investigation. External investigators may be appointed at the discretion of the Office of Legal Affairs. Reports of alleged Hazing that also allege violations of the [University's Sexual Misconduct Policy](#) (EI-PO-08 Sexual Misconduct Policy) will be coordinated between Community Standards, or designee, and the Title IX Coordinator, or designee, to determine the appropriate investigation and/or resolution procedures.

If the matter proceeds to investigation, the respondent will be sent a written notice of the allegations by

way of their University-supplied email account and/or via the university's case management software. During the investigation, the respondent will be provided with an opportunity to: provide information through an in-person or virtual interview, submit a written account, provide the names of incident witnesses for possible interviews with the investigator(s), provide witness statements, and provide any documentation that may be relevant to the facts of the allegations. However, the investigator(s) may consider information from any source the investigator(s) deem relevant and credible. The investigator(s) will make a reasonable effort to obtain relevant supporting documentation related to the allegations from other University official(s) or available resources.

Upon completion of the investigation, the investigator(s) will prepare an investigation report. The investigation report will summarize the information gathered and include detailed findings-of-fact regarding the behaviors in question.

4. **Hearing:** Community Standards may also, if necessary, summon the organization through the organization's President and/or other officers to participate in a hearing. Failure to appear without cause may result in rendering the organization inactive until the organization responds to the summons, or the hearing may proceed in the absence of the student organization's officers/representatives.
5. **Interim Action:** In response to the report, Community Standards, or designee, may impose an interim administrative action prior to a final disposition, when a threat of imminent harm to persons or property exists, and/or there is potential for significant disruption to the community that exists during the course of investigation. If the respondent is an employee, the applicable University official(s) may impose interim administrative action consistent with the policies and procedures applicable to the employee. Possible interim actions for students include placing the student organization on inactive status, when necessary to prevent additional harm and to maintain the safety of the campus community.

Interim action is not a sanction. It is taken in an effort to protect the safety and well-being of individuals and the university community. Interim administrative action is preliminary in nature; it is in effect only until there is a resolution of the matter.

6. **Sanctions:** Respondents who are found responsible for Hazing, will be informed, in writing, of the university's findings and any sanctions imposed. Any opportunity for the respondent to appeal will follow the relevant policies and procedures applicable to the respondent. Respondents who violate the university's Hazing policy may be subject to conduct sanctions, which may include: Suspension of organizational campus privileges (i.e., posting public signs, reserving University facilities, etc.); probation or suspension for a set period; permanent loss of registration, and/or other appropriate sanctions based on the circumstances present.

It is important to note that individual students may be involved in simultaneous personal student conduct processes under the [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy \(SL-SC-PO-01\)](#).

Hazing Awareness and Prevention Programming

UTA provides several opportunities, both required and voluntary, to ensure that students, faculty, and staff receive research-informed, educational programming regarding the indications, risks, and

consequences of hazing. Implemented campus-wide, these programs include:

Mandatory Training

- Beginning with the 2025-26 academic year, all UTA students are required to complete an online educational hazing module. In each subsequent year, all new UTA students will be required to complete the same online course. All UTA employees have the opportunity to complete an online educational hazing module to improve awareness and understanding of their responsibilities under the law; participation in this optional training is encouraged through university-wide communication and Hazing Prevention Committee events.
- CSA Employee Training: All designated CSAs at UTA are required to complete an annual training module. As of the 2025 calendar year, the CSA training will include information on Hazing.
- Leaders for student organizations, including fraternity and sorority leaders and new members, receive additional hazing awareness and prevention training through a variety of modalities, including in-person workshops; this instruction includes strategies to support ethical leadership.
- Student athletes receive specialized training, geared toward their unique needs and perspectives, including workshops, conference attendance, and first-year experience courses, which incorporate hazing prevention education and discussion.

Hazing Prevention Committee Awareness Efforts

- This Committee creates and provides comprehensive hazing education and prevention programming. The Committee is comprised of employees from across the campus community to ensure a diversity of perspectives and increase the efficacy of its work.
- Monthly events, tabling, and workshops are offered across campus, targeted to engage students, faculty, and staff in prevention initiatives. This programming centers around a pivotal value or theme, tied to UTA's institutional values. Printed and digital resources and social media campaigns help enhance these learning opportunities.
- This Committee aims to increase understanding while shifting the conversation from reactive to proactive. Through these efforts, hazing prevention is reframed as an opportunity to positively impact the UTA community and extend our culture of engagement and belonging free from hazing.

Hazing Prevention Strategies

In addition to the awareness and prevention programming, UTA uses the following strategies to proactively combat hazing within our community, which are available to UTA students, staff, and faculty:

Bystander Intervention Training: UTA collaborates with third-party vendors to provide bystander intervention campus training. This research-informed instruction helps equip students, staff, and faculty with the skills to proactively intervene in high-risk situations, reducing harmful behaviors, including hazing. Training helps change the campus culture through caring accountability.

Leadership Development and Group Cohesion Strategies: UTA offers numerous opportunities for leadership development.

- [The Follett Student Leadership Center](#) offers programming, workshops, retreats, and service opportunities, local and across the globe, for both individuals and student organizations. These

experiences endeavor to grow student leadership skills while providing opportunities for students to make a positive impact on the campus community and beyond.

- [Involvement and Engagement](#) also offer meaningful co-curricular opportunities for students, staff, and faculty to develop personally and socially by learning to foster inclusive connections and strong relationships, collaborate and work together in team settings, practice emerging leadership skills, and empower the growth of others free from harmful behaviors.

These programs and strategies are part of UTA's comprehensive strategy to prevent incidents of hazing before they occur. These programs also raise awareness about the University's Campus Hazing Transparency Report that summarizes findings concerning student organizations established or recognized by the University that have been found responsible for violating the University's hazing Policy.

Applicable Hazing Laws

Under Texas state law ([Tex. Ed. Code § 37.152](#) and [§ 37.153](#)), hazing is a criminal offense. Individuals or organizations who are criminally convicted of engaging in hazing are subject to penalties based on the severity of the action.

Failing to report hazing or hazing that does not cause serious bodily injury is a Class B misdemeanor and subject to a fine up to \$2,000, jail time not to exceed 180 days, or both; community service may also be required.

Hazing that causes serious bodily injury is a Class A misdemeanor and subject to a fine up to \$4,000, jail time not to exceed one year, or both; community service may also be required.

Hazing that causes the death of another person is a state jail felony and may be subject to a fine of up to \$10,000 and will face jail time of no less than 180 days and no more than two years. The individual will be punished for a third-degree felony if the individual used a deadly weapon or has been previously convicted of a felony.

Organizations convicted of hazing are criminally responsible for a misdemeanor in Texas and punishable by a fine of: Between \$5,000 and \$10,000, or when there is a court finding that the hazing caused personal injury, property damage, or other loss, between \$5,000 and not more than double the amount lost or expenses incurred because of the injury, damage, or loss. **Consent is never** a defense to hazing under Texas law.

UTA is committed to building a culture of belonging and mutual respect free from the negative impacts of hazing. Disciplinary action under the [Student Conduct and Discipline Policy](#) (SL-SC-PO-01), related University policies and procedures, and applicable laws will be taken against all individuals and organizations found responsible for hazing. For more information about applicable penalties, see the Texas Education Code ([Tex. Ed. Code § 37.152](#) and [§ 37.153](#)) and the Texas Penal Code section on [Punishments](#).

Amnesty for Reporting

The Texas Education Code ([Tex. Ed. Code § 37.155](#)) provides immunity for individuals who report hazing and participate in the investigation and resolution process if the person: Reports the incident before being contacted by the institution or law enforcement agency concerning the incident or otherwise being

included in the institution or law enforcement agency's investigation of the incident, and cooperates in good faith throughout any institutional process or law enforcement agency's investigation regarding the incident, as determined by the Dean of Students or other appropriate official of the institution (designated by the institution), or by the chief or other appropriate office of the law enforcement agency (designated by the law enforcement agency).

Immunity does not apply if the individual reports their own act of hazing or reports an incident of hazing in bad faith or with malice.

Fire Safety Report

What is the Fire Safety Report?

Per the Clery Act, an institution of higher education that maintains on-campus student housing facilities is required to publish an annual fire safety report (either as part of its annual security report or as a separate publication) by October 1 of each year. UTA chooses to publish its Fire Safety Report within its Annual Security Report. The Fire Safety Report must describe UTA's on-campus housing fire safety systems, contain statistics for fires that occurred in on-campus housing, and describe fire safety-related policies and procedures pertaining to on-campus housing.

Facility Fire Safety Systems and Fire Drills

A description of each on-campus student housing facility, fire safety system is included in Appendix D of this Report, along with the number of fire drills held during the previous calendar year for each facility. EH&S maintains a Fire Log that includes information about all reported fires on campus. [UTA's Fire Log](#) is available online through EH&S' website. The information in the fire log includes information about fires that occur in residential facilities, including the nature, date, time, and general location.

Fire Statistics

Statistics for reported fires in on-campus student housing facilities are included in Appendix E of this Report.

Plans for Future Improvements in Fire Safety

UTA's plan for future improvements in fire safety includes the following: if funding is made available, there are plans to add two existing apartment complexes to the campus fiber optic fire alarm network. The addition to the network will decrease emergency response time to the complexes. If funding is not available to add those complexes to the fiber optic network, there are alternative plans to convert reporting notification from plain old telephone services (POTS) to cellular reporting. The conversion will add stability and reliability to the reporting capabilities of those fire alarm control panels. UTA plans to upgrade the fire alarm panel at University Village.

Reporting Fires in the Campus Community

UTA needs the help of its campus community to ensure all fires are properly reported to appropriate UTA personnel for inclusion in this fire safety report. Listed here are the non-emergency numbers to call to

report a fire that has already been extinguished in on-campus student housing. Students or non-employees who become aware of or find evidence of any fire incidents that you do not think have been reported to Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S), please notify one of the following contacts and provide as much information as possible about the location, date, time, and cause of the fire: first to UTAPD Dispatch (817) 272- 3381. If UTAPD Dispatch cannot be contacted, call EH&S (817) 272- 2185 or the ARL Housing Office (817) 272- 2926. Employees should comply with UTA's Accident/Fire Reporting Policy, which requires every fire to be reported to EH&S by the "in-charge" employee. In addition, and in a proactive effort to prevent fires in the campus community, students and employees are responsible for reporting fire safety hazards to EH&S in accordance with UTA's Reporting Fire Safety Deficiencies Procedure. This includes, for example, reporting missing fire extinguishers or prohibited smoking activities. Reporters may remain anonymous.

Portable Electrical Appliances, Smoking, and Open Flames in Student Housing Facilities

Portable Electrical Appliances in Residence Halls: The only electrical appliances allowed in residential hall rooms are: irons with automatic shutoffs; curling/flat irons with automatic shutoffs; blenders; coffee pots/espresso machines that have no exposed heating surface, carafe or hot plate; televisions; stereos; computers and related equipment; power strips with surge protectors; electric scented oil fragrance unit UL listed; non-adhesive battery operated LED string lights. In addition, students may have one microwave per room plugged directly into the wall outlet and refrigerators that meet the following guidelines:

1. All refrigerators must be less than 4.3 cubic feet and plug directly into the wall outlet.
2. In the Arlington Hall, KC Hall, West Hall, and Vandergriff Hall double rooms—one refrigerator per person is allowed.
3. In the Arlington Hall and KC Hall Suites—one refrigerator per common area and one refrigerator per private room is allowed.
4. In Arlington Hall, a refrigerator is provided by UT Arlington in all double rooms and suite areas. All roommates and suitemates must have equal opportunity to use the refrigerator. Please contact Facilities Management at (817) 272-2000 if there are any problems with a University-owned refrigerator.

Examples of prohibited appliances include: desk lamps with built-in electrical outlet(s); Scentsy wax warmers; toasters; toaster ovens; electric grills or skillets; deep fryers; crock pots; hotplates or hotpots; rice cookers; halogen lamps; lava lamps; neon signs; heaters or air conditioning units of any kind; extension cords; outlet expanders; candle warmers; electric string lights; electric bicycles, scooters and/or hover boards, and any non-UL listed electrical device.

Note: limited cooking equipment and utensils are available in the kitchen or for checkout from the residence hall office.

Portable Electrical Appliances in Apartments: Portable electrical appliances are allowed in UTA apartments in accordance with the following safety guidelines:

- **Extension Cords and Power Strips.** Residents **may not** use extension cords in apartments and houses. Residents may use heavy duty, three-prong, and UL listed power strips **with** surge

protection. Power strips should be kept to the minimum length possible and should never be run under rugs nor have curtains or drapes hung from them. Cords that show signs of wear or dry rot should be replaced. Power strips must be plugged directly into the outlet and may not be plugged into another power strip. Multiple outlet adapters that do not have surge protection should not be used.

- **Halogen Lamps.** Prohibited because of the serious fire safety concerns associated with these appliances, halogen lamps are not allowed in University-owned residences.
- **Space Heaters.** Only UTA-provided space heaters may be used and must be of oil-filled construction and UL-approved.
- **String Lights.** Strings must be non-adhesive battery-operated LED lights; electric string lights are prohibited.

Smoking on UTA Property and Housing: UTA is a tobacco-free campus, and all students and employees must comply with UTA's [Tobacco-free Campus Policy](#). The use of any tobacco product, including cigarettes, cigars, pipes, smokeless tobacco, electronic cigarettes, and other tobacco products, is prohibited on all UTA property, including on-campus housing and in its common areas, including parking garages. Any smoking may only occur in a resident's personal vehicle with the windows rolled up, and smokers shall not dispose of cigarette butts and/or ashes improperly. No smoking may occur in a resident's personal vehicle; however, if the vehicle is located on or adjacent to property where the activity is prohibited by the terms of a grant or other sponsored research project terms.

It is against the law for a person to intentionally disconnect, damage, or otherwise tamper with a smoke detector, and doing so may subject a student to not only disciplinary action by UTA but also liability for any damages and other allowable civil penalties. Residents who are responsible for causing a fire or who contribute to the spread of a fire due to tampering with fire safety equipment will be held financially liable for any resulting injuries or death, or damages to personal or UTA property. In addition, smoking legal herbs is prohibited in all UTA apartments, residence halls, houses, and the property surrounding or considered part of the apartment community, residence hall community, or houses. The use of drug paraphernalia, pipes, bongs, roach clips, or similar devices will be treated as a violation of the University policy related to use and/or possession of illegal drugs.

Open Flames in All Housing:

Outdoor Burning, Fire Pits, and BBQs: Residents are prohibited from having or creating a fire outdoors. Student organizations must apply for and obtain approval from the Student Activities and Organizations Office in order to use a charcoal or propane grill on UTA property. This includes applying through EH&S using [Form CO-EHS-F201](#), Charcoal and Propane Grill Permit. BBQ grills, charcoal, and lighter fluid are prohibited from being kept inside on-campus housing. Common area grills are located throughout apartment communities for common use by residents of the facility. When in use, BBQs must be attended at all times. Coals must be extinguished immediately after use by dousing with water until completely cooled. Never dispose of hot coals in a dumpster or trash container. Furthermore, Student organizations must apply for and obtain approval from the Student Activities and Organizations Office to use the University Fire Pit site. Information on fire pit approval and use can be found on UTA's [Fire Pit Guidelines and Instructions](#) located on the EH&S [Fire and Life Safety](#) webpage.

Indoor Burning Candles, Incense, Lanterns etc. Candles, incense, lanterns, or other open flame objects are prohibited in on-campus housing. They may neither be burned nor used for decoration. In the event of a

power outage, flashlights or other battery-operated lights should be used.

Inspections and Disciplinary Action

Students shall comply with Life Safety policies in every on-campus housing facility and associated common areas. UTA will conduct regular inspections of residence hall rooms and apartments to ensure compliance. Inspections may be unannounced or performed with other building services. Specific policies concerning Life Safety may be found in each facility's applicable [Housing Handbook](#). Violations of Life Safety policies may result in fines and disciplinary sanctions, up to and including expulsion from on-campus housing.

Procedures Students and Employees Should Follow in Case of a Fire

In the event of a fire, UTA expects that all campus community members will evacuate by the nearest exit, closing doors and activating the fire alarm system (if not already active) as they leave. Once safely outside a building, it is appropriate to contact 911 and the UTAPD. Students and/or staff are informed where to relocate to by staff if circumstance warrants at the time of the alarm. In the event fire alarms sound, University policy is that all occupants must evacuate from the building, closing doors as they leave. No training is provided to students or employees in firefighting or suppression activity, as this is inherently dangerous, and each community member's only duty is to exit safely and quickly, shutting doors along the exit path as they go to contain the spread of flames and smoke, and to activate the alarm as they exit. At no time should the closing of doors or the activation of the alarm delay the exit from the building.

Fire Safety Education and Training Programs Provided to Students and Employees

EH&S provides fire safety education programs for all students living in on-campus student housing and all employees who have any association with on-campus student housing at the beginning of the fall and spring semesters. In addition, fire safety instruction along with hands-on fire extinguisher training is provided to residential and apartment housing staff once a year. Fire drills are conducted at the beginning of the fall and spring semesters in each residence hall, apartment community, and sorority/ fraternity properties to familiarize housing occupants with predetermined evacuation routes to exit the structure in the event of an emergency. The Great Escape on Campus Training is scheduled twice a year for residence halls. Fire extinguisher training is also offered to both students and employees throughout the academic year during campus-wide events such as the Activities Fair Days and National Night Out. UTA's Apartment and Residence Life publishes an [Apartment and Residence Life Handbook](#), which contains fire and life safety information.

Pursuant to UTA's Emergency/Fire Evacuation Procedures CO-CS-PR-06, Faculty and staff personnel shall become familiar with the primary and alternate means of egress from their work areas. Orientations, familiarization, and training will include the location of fire alarm pull stations (if applicable), characteristics of the evacuation signal, and fire extinguisher locations. Fire extinguisher training will be given as necessary. Supervisors shall ensure that persons under their supervision know at least two ways of exiting from their work positions. New employees must be aware of the alternate exit during their initial orientation. Faculty members, graduate teaching assistants, and teaching assistants in charge of a class will brief their class, no later than the second-class meeting of each new semester, on exit(s) from their class location, and primary and alternate exits from the building. Classes held above or below the ground floor will also be reminded not to use elevators, but to use stairs only for emergency evacuation. Faculty members are expected to assist students in selecting the safest route for evacuating a building during an

actual emergency. Help arrangements for handicapped students should be made as necessary during the first week of class. Pursuant to UTA's Reporting Fire Safety Deficiencies Policy CO-CS-PR-10, Administrators, faculty, staff, and students should promptly report any fire safety deficiencies to the EH&S. These deficiencies include things such as: fire hazards; missing, used, or damaged fire extinguishers; malfunctioning alarms; blocked exits; and leaking or damaged fire sprinkler systems.

Procedures for Student Housing Evacuation in the Case of a Fire

Where applicable, the following procedures apply to students and UTA employees associated with on-campus student housing facilities, such as Apartment and Resident Life staff. See UTA's Evacuation Route Maps for the evacuation route of each campus building.

Residence Halls: It is a resident's responsibility to be familiar with the policies and procedures designated to ensure safety in the UT Arlington residence halls. Evacuation information can be found on the back of each room/suite door. If a room does not have evacuation information, please notify the EH&S. Residents should take a minute to review their room's location in the building and find all the available exits. It is mandatory that residents vacate the building any time the fire alarm is activated. If the fire alarm sounds, all occupants should immediately evacuate the building and proceed either across the street or to designated meeting locations as directed by the residence hall staff. The use of the elevators is prohibited. Residents are not to re-enter the building unless directed by the UT Arlington Police, EH&S staff, or the Arlington Fire Department. Every stairwell in Arlington, KC, West, and Vandergriff Hall is equipped with emergency telephones. If a resident is disabled or unable to use the stairs for any reason during a fire alarm, they should proceed to a stairwell to access an emergency phone. Once a resident has reached an emergency phone, they should push the button to activate it and give the name of the building and their specific location to the UT Arlington dispatch. (Please note that residents may be asked to wait there if they are not in immediate danger.)

All Apartments: In the event of a continuous sounding of the fire alarm, proceed as follows:

1. Evacuate the building immediately according to the posted evacuation route.
2. Stop what you are doing and walk, not run, to the primary or alternate stairwell or exit.
3. Take your keys with you.
4. Close and lock all doors behind you.
5. Once evacuated, remain at a sufficient distance to ensure:
 - Personal safety
 - Safe performance of emergency operations
 - Treatment and removal of the injured
6. Do not re-enter the building until the alarm is silenced and the "all clear" announcement is given by the emergency response team.

Sound the alarm. If you are the one to discover a fire, you should first sound the alarm. Call out as loudly as possible, "FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!" and pull a general fire alarm pull station, then proceed with the evacuation procedures described above.

Evacuate to a place of safety. Residents should always evacuate to a place of safety when the alarm is sounded – even if they do not see any flames or smoke.

Escape from fire and smoke. Are you aware of exactly what you should do if there is a fire in your residence? Are you aware that the toxic and **noxious** gases given off by burning furnishings and structures, particularly with the new exotic synthetic materials, are known to deaden the normal senses and even in some cases, to act as mind-altering drugs? Only a few breaths of smoke from some burning plastics are enough to cost you your life. Therefore, you should never go back in a burning building. Advise the professional, properly equipped firefighters about people or pets needing to be rescued. Don't return for valuables. Remember, no material item is worth your life.

As you leave a burning building, close room doors to limit the spread of fire and smoke. Do not be too hasty in jumping from upper levels. The message is loud and clear. Stay out of the smoke and do not enter or reenter a burning building unless you are properly equipped or are certain you will not breathe the smoke. Only a couple of breaths can incapacitate you. A wet towel can reduce the potential for searing your lungs, but it won't filter out toxic gases. Before opening your door, place your hand on it to test for heat. If the door is hot, do not open it. If the door is not hot to the touch, brace yourself and open it slowly. If there is heavy pressure and a rush of hot air and smoke, close it immediately and use your alternate escape method.

If you are on an upper level and cannot leave by a window, use towels, or bed linen to stuff the opening around the door to keep the smoke and gasses out. Wetting them improves their sealing quality. Move to the window and open it slightly. If it is a double hung window, open it a few inches at the top to let smoke and gasses out. Then open it a little at the bottom to let in fresh air to breathe. Use the small opening at the bottom to slip out a towel or some light-colored material to attract attention. The first action by the Fire Department will be to rescue those trapped. Hanging a towel, a pillowcase, or a sheet out the window will alert them to your plight. When help arrives, move the item from side to side so that it will be observed that someone is still in the room. If you cannot get the windows open, use a shoe or book to break small openings at the top and bottom. Getting fresh air to breathe is essential if rescue is delayed at all.

STOP, DROP, AND ROLL if your clothing catches fire. DO NOT RUN! Drop to the floor or ground and ROLL. This does two things. It smothers the fire, but more importantly, it gets your head out of the flames. If your clothing is on fire, and you inhale, you breathe in fire and hot gasses. Just a few breaths and your chances of survival are greatly reduced. When you drop to the floor, you are immediately able to breathe fresh air. Your tender facial skin and lungs are not exposed to the searing flames and by rolling, you have the best chance of putting out the fire in your clothing. **Call or have someone else call the Fire Department by dialing 911. Be sure residents are evacuated.**

If possible, use a fire extinguisher to put out the fire. Remember, the most important action is to save lives. The next most important action is to call the Fire Department. A rule of thumb states that the size of a fire doubles every minute. Do not delay in calling for help. Obviously, there are many possibilities as to the size and spread of a fire. If you are certain you can put it out, do so safely and quickly; If you think it is too big—evacuate immediately.

Evacuation Procedures for Students with Disabilities

There are many individuals who may not appear to have a disability who will also require special assistance in an evacuation. Permanent conditions such as arthritis or temporary conditions such as a sprained ankle or a broken leg can limit a person's ability to evacuate quickly and safely. Heart disease, emphysema, asthma, or pregnancy can reduce stamina to the point of needing assistance when moving down many

flights of stairs. Evacuation of people with disabilities who are otherwise ambulatory, such as vision or deaf or hard of hearing, should take place normally with other building occupants. They can benefit from an escort, if available and it is safe to do so. The UTA Campus is equipped with evacuation chairs in specified buildings. The evacuation chair is a compact and easy to use device designed to evacuate mobility-impaired persons down a stairwell. The UTAPD and EH&S personnel are trained to operate evacuation chairs. The evacuation chairs are available in specific locations and are ready for immediate use in an emergency. Locations of evacuation chairs on campus are listed here: [Evacu-Chair Locations](#).

For mobility-impaired students, if located on the ground floor, the individual should use the nearest safe and appropriate exit (ground level, wheelchair ramp etc.). If located on the floor of a building linked by a bridge, the individual should move to the next building horizontally. Elevators should not be used for emergency evacuation of a building. Individuals who are not able to evacuate the building or move horizontally to a linked building should proceed to the nearest useable stairway, enter the stairwell, and remain on the landing. If the stairwell becomes filled with smoke or unsafe, the individual should move back into the building and proceed to another usable stairway. If no other stairway is available, the individual should find a room that is tenable and close the door. The individual should call the UTAPD emergency number at **(817) 272-3003** to notify them of their location and wait for emergency personnel to assist.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

We extend our sincere appreciation to the leadership of the UT Arlington Police Department (UTAPD). Their dedication and passion for serving the campus community inspire a culture of care and commitment throughout the department. Thanks to their leadership, UTAPD continues to prioritize the safety, security, and well-being of every member of the UTA community.

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT ARLINGTON 2025 ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

Published September 23, 2025, by the UTA Office of Legal Affairs.

CRIME STATISTICS

APPENDIX A

University of Texas at Arlington Main Campus-2024

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Fondling | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Burglary ¹³ | 31 | 31 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft ¹⁴ | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 33 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 5 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 55 | 35 | 0 | 20 | 6 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 22 | 20 | 0 | 2 | 13 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 15 | 11 | 0 | 4 | 5 |

University of Texas at Arlington Main Campus-2023

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Fondling | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Burglary | 21 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft ¹⁵ | 13 | 10 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* ¹⁶ | 15 | 15 | 3 | 0 | 10 |

¹³ Four of the Burglary incidents were data received from Austin PD. The Clinical Education Center at Brackenridge at 1400 N IH 35 Austin, TX, because the UTA Nursing program rents space in the building for BSN students.

¹⁴ Nine of the Motor Vehicle Thefts were E-Bikes or E-Scooters.

¹⁵ Four of the motor vehicle thefts were of e-bikes, and one was a motorized cart, both of which are considered motor vehicle for Clery reporting purposes.

¹⁶ The number of non-campus domestic violence incidents for 2023 was updated from 0 to 3 due to delayed statistics.

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential |
|----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 29 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 17 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 6 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 52 | 40 | 2 | 10 | 13 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 25 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5 |

University of Texas at Arlington Main Campus-2022

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 13 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Fondling | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 9 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Burglary | 18 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft ¹⁷ | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 42 | 41 | 0 | 1 | 35 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 32 | 31 | 0 | 1 | 15 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 6 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 42 | 32 | 0 | 10 | 5 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 10 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 10 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 40 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 40 |

UTA Main Campus Table Notes:

***Domestic Violence:** The Handbook for Safety and Security Reporting: 2016 ed. (Clery Handbook) states that domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed under the family violence laws of the governing jurisdiction (Texas). The State of Texas definition of family violence includes violence between household members, including roommates. Therefore, per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the domestic violence statistics in this report include roommate violence where no other relationship exists except that of individuals living in the same dwelling.

****Dating Violence:** Per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the dating violence statistics in this report are included in the domestic violence statistics because that is how Texas law classifies the offense.

¹⁷ Three of the six motor vehicle theft were of e-bikes, which are considered motor vehicles of Clery reporting purposes.

UTA Main Campus Hate Crimes:

2024: 0 Hate Crimes

2023: 0 Hate Crimes

2022: 1 – On Campus - Vandalism – Sexual Orientation and 1 – Public Property - Intimidation – Sexual Orientation

UTA Main Campus Unfounded Crimes:

2024: 1 Unfounded Crime-Motor Vehicle Theft (E-Scooter)

2023: 0 Unfounded Crime(s)

2022: 2 Unfounded Crime(s)

APPENDIX B

University of Texas at Arlington Fort Worth Center (aka Santa Fe Campus)-2024

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

University of Texas at Arlington Fort Worth Center (aka Santa Fe Campus)-2023

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

University of Texas at Arlington Fort Worth Center (aka Santa Fe Campus)-2022

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

UTA Fort Worth Table Notes:

***Domestic Violence:** The Handbook for Safety and Security Reporting: 2016 ed. (Clery Handbook) states that domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed under the family violence laws of the governing jurisdiction (Texas). The State of Texas definition of family violence includes violence between household members, including roommates. Therefore, per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the domestic violence statistics in this report include roommate violence where no other relationship exists except that of individuals living in the same dwelling.

****Dating Violence:** Per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the dating violence statistics in this report are included in the domestic violence statistics because that is how Texas law classifies the offense.

*****There are no residential facilities** on the UTA Fort Worth Center (aka Santa Fe) campus.

UTA Fort Worth Center Hate Crimes:

2024: 0 Hate Crimes

2023: 0 Hate Crimes

2022: 0 Hate Crimes

UTA Fort Worth Center Unfounded Crimes:

2024: 0 Unfounded Crimes

2023: 0 Unfounded Crimes

2022: 0 Unfounded Crimes

APPENDIX C

University of Texas at Arlington Research Institute (UTARI)-2024

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

University of Texas at Arlington Research Institute (UTARI)-2023

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|---------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

University of Texas at Arlington Research Institute (UTARI)-2022

| Offense | Total | On Campus | Non-Campus | Public Property | Residential*** |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Domestic Violence* | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence** | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Arrests | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations Referrals | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

UTARI Table Notes:

***Domestic Violence:** The Handbook for Safety and Security Reporting: 2016 ed. (Clery Handbook) states that domestic violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed under the family violence laws of the governing jurisdiction (Texas). The State of Texas definition of family violence includes violence between household members, including roommates. Therefore, per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the domestic violence statistics in this report include roommate violence where no other relationship exists except that of individuals living in the same dwelling.

****Dating Violence:** Per the Clery Handbook's guidance, the dating violence statistics in this report are included in the domestic violence statistics because that is how Texas law classifies the offense.

*******There are no residential facilities on the UTARI campus.

UTARI Hate Crimes:

2024: 0 Hate Crimes

2023: 0 Hate Crimes

2022: 0 Hate Crimes

UTARI Unfounded Crimes:

2024: 0 Unfounded Crimes

2023: 0 Unfounded Crimes

2022: 0 Unfounded Crimes

FIRE STATISTICS

APPENDIX D

Fire Safety Systems in UTA Owned or Controlled Residential Buildings

| | Housing Property | Address | Property Type | Fire Alarm Monitor | Full or Partial Sprinkler System ¹⁸ | Smoke Detection | Fire Extinguisher Devices | Evacuation Plan or Placards Present | Number of evacuations (fire drills) per calendar year |
|----|---|-----------------|---------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | Alpha Chi Omega | 1109 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 2 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1000 | 1004 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 3 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1002 | 1004 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 4 | Arbor Oaks - Club House-Bldg. 1004 | 1004 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 5 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1006 | 1004 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 6 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1008 | 1004 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 7 | Arlington Hall | 600 Spaniolo | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 8 | Centennial Courts Apartments-Club House | 700 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 9 | Centennial Court Apartments -Bldg. 2 | 702 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A ¹⁹ | | | | 2 |
| 10 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 3 | 701 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 11 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 4 | 704 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 12 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 5 | 705 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 13 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 6 | 706 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 14 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 7 | 709 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 15 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 8 | 715 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 16 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 9 | 717 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 17 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 10 | 721 W. Mitchell | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 18 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 11 | 801 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 19 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 12 | 800 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 20 | Centennial Court Apartment-Bldg. 13 | 806 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 21 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 14 | 815 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 22 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 15 | 819 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 23 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 16 | 820 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |

¹⁸ Partial Sprinkler System is defined as having sprinklers in the common area only. Full Sprinkler System is defined as having sprinklers in both common areas and individual rooms.

¹⁹ Centennial Court - All buildings are fully sprinklered except Building 2, which is unsprinklered.

| | Housing Property | Address | Property Type | Fire Alarm Monitor | Full or Partial Sprinkler System ¹⁸ | Smoke Detection | Fire Extinguisher Devices | Evacuation Plan or Placards Present | Number of evacuations (fire drills) per calendar year |
|----|--|----------------|---------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 24 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 17 | 824 Benge | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | | | | 2 |
| 25 | Delta Delta Delta | 1101 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 26 | Delta Zeta | 1112 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 27 | Heights on Pecan | 1225 S. Pecan | UTA Owned | Offsite | Full | X | X | X | 2 |
| 28 | Kalpana Chawla Hall | 901 S. Oak | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | X | 2 |
| 29 | Kappa Sigma Fraternity | 705 S. Davis | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A ²⁰ | X | X | X | 2 |
| 30 | The Lofts at College Park Apartments | 500 S. Center | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | X | 2 |
| 31 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 409 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 32 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 413 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 33 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 415 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 34 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 417 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 35 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 419 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 36 | Meadow Run - Club House-Bldg. 501 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 37 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 507 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 38 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 513 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 39 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 601 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 40 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 607 | 501 Summit | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 41 | Phi Delta Theta - Vacant since 2019 | 707 S. Davis | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A | X | X | | 0** |
| 42 | Phi Gamma Delta (FIJI) - Vacant since 2018 | 1111 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A | X | X | | 0** |
| 43 | Pi Kappa Phi Fraternity | 1100 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 44 | Sigma Chi Fraternity | 1108 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 45 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 400 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 46 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 402 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 47 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 404 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 48 | Timber Brook - Mail House-Bldg. 406 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 49 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 408 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |
| 50 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 410 | 406 Kerby | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |

²⁰ No fire drills were performed in this property due to long-term vacancy.

| | Housing Property | Address | Property Type | Fire Alarm Monitor | Full or Partial Sprinkler System ¹⁸ | Smoke Detection | Fire Extinguisher Devices | Evacuation Plan or Placards Present | Number of evacuations (fire drills) per calendar year |
|----|---|------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 51 | University Village Apartment-Bldg. 900 | 900 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 52 | University Village Apartment-Bldg. 902 | 902 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 53 | University Village Apartments-Bldg.904 | 904 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 54 | University Village Apartment s-Bldg.908 | 908 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 55 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 912 | 912 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 56 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 914 | 914 Greek Row | UTA Owned | Onsite | N/A | X | X | | 2 |
| 57 | Vandergriff Hall | 587 Spaniolo Dr. | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | X | 2 |
| 58 | West Hall | 916 UTA Blvd | UTA Owned | Onsite | Full | X | X | X | 2 |
| 59 | Zeta Tau Alpha | 1114 Greek Row | Ground Leased | Offsite | Full | X | X | | 2 |

APPENDIX E

Fire Statistics for University Owned and Controlled Housing Properties-2024

| | Housing Property | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Alpha Chi Omega | 1109 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1000 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1002 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4 | Arbor Oaks - Club House-Bldg. 1004 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 5 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1006 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 6 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1008 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 7 | Arlington Hall | 600 Spaniolo | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 8 | Centennial Court - Club House | 700 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 9 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 2 | 702 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 10 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 3 | 701 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 4 | 704 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 5 | 705 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 13 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 6 | 706 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 14 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 7 | 709 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 15 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 8 | 715 W. Mitchell | 1 | 1 | Vehicle | 0 | 0 | \$5,000-\$10,000 |
| 16 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 9 | 717 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 17 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 10 | 721 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 18 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 11 | 801 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 19 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 12 | 800 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 13 | 806 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 21 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 14 | 815 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 22 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 15 | 819 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 23 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 16 | 820 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 24 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 17 | 824 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 25 | Delta Delta Delta | 1101 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 26 | Delta Zeta | 1112 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 27 | Heights on Pecan | 1225 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 28 | Kalpana Chawla Hall | 901 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 29 | Kappa Sigma | 705 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | Housing Property | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|---|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 | The Lofts at College Park Apartments | 500 S. Center | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 31 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 409 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 32 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 413 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 33 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 415 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 34 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 417 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 35 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 419 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 36 | Meadow Run - Club House-Bldg. 501 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 37 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 507 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 38 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 513 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 39 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 601 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 40 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 607 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 41 | Phi Delta Theta | 707 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 42 | Phi Gamma Delta (FIJI) | 1111 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 43 | Pi Kappa Phi | 1100 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 44 | Sigma Chi | 1108 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 45 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 400 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 46 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 402 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 47 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 404 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 48 | Timber Brook - Mail House-Bldg. 406 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 49 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 408 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 50 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 410 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 51 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 900 | 900 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 52 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 902 | 902 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 53 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 904 | 904 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 54 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 908 | 908 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 55 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 912 | 912 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 56 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 914 | 914 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 57 | Vandergriff Hall | 587 Spaniolo | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 58 | West Hall | 916 UTA Blvd | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 59 | Zeta Tau Alpha | 1114 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Fire Statistics for University Owned and Controlled Housing Properties-2023

| | Housing Property | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Alpha Chi Omega | 1109 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1000 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1002 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4 | Arbor Oaks - Club House-Bldg. 1004 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 5 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1006 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 6 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1008 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 7 | Arlington Hall | 600 Spaniolo | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 8 | Centennial Court - Club House | 700 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 9 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 2 | 702 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 10 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 3 | 701 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 4 | 704 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 5 | 705 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 13 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 6 | 706 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 14 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 7 | 709 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 15 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 8 | 715 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 16 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 9 | 717 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 17 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 10 | 721 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 18 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 11 | 801 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 19 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 12 | 800 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 13 | 806 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 21 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 14 | 815 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 22 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 15 | 819 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 23 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 16 | 820 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 24 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 17 | 824 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 25 | Delta Delta Delta | 1101 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 26 | Delta Zeta | 1112 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 27 | Heights on Pecan | 1225 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 28 | Kalpana Chawla Hall | 901 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 29 | Kappa Sigma | 705 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 30 | The Lofts at College Park Apartments | 500 S. Center | 0 | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0 | N/A |

| | Housing Property | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|---|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 31 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 409 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 32 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 413 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 33 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 415 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 34 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 417 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 35 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 419 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 36 | Meadow Run - Club House-Bldg. 501 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 37 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 507 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 38 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 513 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 39 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 601 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 40 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 607 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 41 | Phi Delta Theta | 707 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 42 | Phi Gamma Delta (FIJI) | 1111 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 43 | Pi Kappa Phi | 1100 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 44 | Sigma Chi | 1108 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 45 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 400 | 406 Kerby | 1 | 1 | Unintentional Cooking | 0 | 0 | \$100-999 |
| 46 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 402 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 47 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 404 | 406 Kerby | 1 | 1 | Unintentional Cooking | 0 | 0 | \$100-999 |
| 48 | Timber Brook - Mail House-Bldg. 406 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 49 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 408 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 50 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 410 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 51 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 900 | 900 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 52 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 902 | 902 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 53 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 904 | 904 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 54 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 908 | 908 Greek Row | 1 | 1 | Unintentional Cooking | 0 | 0 | \$100-999 |
| 55 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 912 | 912 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 56 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 914 | 914 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 57 | Vandergriff Hall | 587 Spaniolo | 0 | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$0-99 |
| 58 | West Hall | 916 UTA Blvd | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 59 | Zeta Tau Alpha | 1114 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Fire Statistics for University Owned and Controlled Housing Properties²¹-2022

| | Housing Properties | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Alpha Chi Omega | 1109 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1000 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1002 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 4 | Arbor Oaks - Club House - Bldg. 1004 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 5 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1006 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 6 | Arbor Oaks Apartments-Bldg. 1008 | 1004 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 7 | Arlington Hall | 600 Spaniolo | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 8 | Centennial Court - Club House | 700 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 9 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 2 | 702 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 10 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 3 | 701 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 4 | 704 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 12 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 5 | 705 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 13 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 6 | 706 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 14 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 7 | 709 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 15 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 8 | 715 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 16 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 9 | 717 W. Mitchell | 1 | 1 | Possible Careless Discard of Cigarette | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| 17 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 10 | 721 W. Mitchell | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 18 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 11 | 801 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 19 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 12 | 800 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 13 | 806 Benge | 1 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 21 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 14 | 815 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 22 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 15 | 819 Benge | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

²¹ **Table Notes:** Kappa Sigma moved into the old Sigma Phi Epsilon house in 2022, and Center Point Apartments were demolished in 2022 and no UTA students resided in the building during the timeframe addressed in this report.

| | Housing Properties | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|---|----------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 23 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 16 | 820 Bengé | 1 | 1 | Possible Careless Discard of Cigarette | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| 24 | Centennial Court Apartments-Bldg. 17 | 824 Bengé | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 25 | Delta Delta Delta | 1101 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 26 | Delta Zeta | 1112 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 27 | Heights on Pecan | 1225 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 28 | Kalpána Chawla Hall | 901 S. Oak | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 29 | Kapa Sigma ¹² | 705 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 30 | The Lofts at College Park Apartments | 500 S. Center | 0 | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| 31 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 409 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 32 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 413 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 33 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 415 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 34 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 417 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 35 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 419 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 36 | Meadow Run - Club House-Bldg. 501 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 37 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 507 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 38 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 513 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 39 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 601 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 40 | Meadow Run Apartments-Bldg. 607 | 501 Summit | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 41 | Phi Delta Theta | 707 Davis | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 42 | Phi Gamma Delta (FJI) | 1111 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 43 | Pi Kappa Phi | 1100 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 44 | Sigma Chi | 1108 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 45 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 400 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 46 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 402 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 47 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 404 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 48 | Timber Brook - Mail House-Bldg. 406 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 49 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 408 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 50 | Timber Brook Apartments-Bldg. 410 | 406 Kerby | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 51 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 900 | 900 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 52 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 902 | 902 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 53 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 904 | 904 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 54 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 908 | 908 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | 0 | 0 | N/A |

| | Housing Properties | Address | Total Fires | Fire Number | Fire Cause & Category | Number of Injuries Treated at Medical Facility | Number of Fire Related Deaths | Value of Property Damaged by Fire |
|----|---|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 55 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 912 | 912 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 56 | University Village Apartments-Bldg. 914 | 914 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 57 | Vandergriff Hall | 587 Spaniolo | 1 | 1 | Unintentional Cooking | N/A | N/A | \$0-99 |
| 58 | West Hall | 916 UTA Blvd | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 59 | Zeta Tau Alpha | 1114 Greek Row | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |