

The University of Texas at Arlington

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About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
3	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
	2.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
,	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment
	Supportive Limitorinient

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2021 and 2022 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. Research & Practice in Assessment, 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

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Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year student compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	Public and Carnegie	Carnegie Class
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	\triangle		∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ	Δ	Δ
Learning with	Collaborative Learning		∇	∇
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	∇	∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	∇	∇	∇
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	Δ
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			
eniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	Public and Carnegie	Carnegie Class
	Higher-Order Learning	\triangle	Δ	Δ
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	Δ	\triangle	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	Δ	Δ	Δ
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ		
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	▼	▼	•
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	Δ	Δ
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	∇	•	•
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	Δ
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇	∇	∇



Academic Challenge

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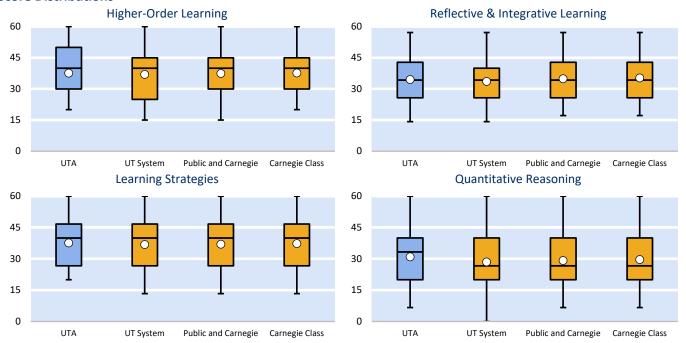
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	UTA	UT System		Public and Carnegie		UT System Public and Carnegie Carnegie Cla		ie Class
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	37.7	37.0	.05	37.5	.01	37.8	01	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.6	33.7 *	.07	34.9	03	35.3 *	06	
Learning Strategies	37.6	36.8	.06	37.0	.05	37.3	.03	
Quantitative Reasoning	30.9	28.5 ***	.15	29.1 ***	.12	29.6 **	.09	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

companison group. Bank red outs indicate now inden lower your institution	1	Percentage point difference ^a between your FY studen				s and
High an Ondon Looming			Public and			
Higher-Order Learning	UTA	UT Systen	n Car	negie	Carnegie	2 Class
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			í	_	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	66	+1		-5		-6
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	67	+1		-1	1	-2
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	+1	+1		+2	
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	67	-	0	-1		-1
Reflective & Integrative Learning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	50	+3		-1		-3
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	46	+2		-4		-5
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	49	+3		-2		-3
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	62	+1		-1		-2
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	70	+1	+0		į	-1
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	66	+2	+1			-1
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	73	-	1	-4		-5
Learning Strategies						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	70	+0	+1		+0	
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	67	+3	+3		+2	
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	62	+0		-0	-	-1
Quantitative Reasoning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	59	+8	+5	1	+3	
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	47	+4	+4	Į	+3	
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	46	+7	+3		+2	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

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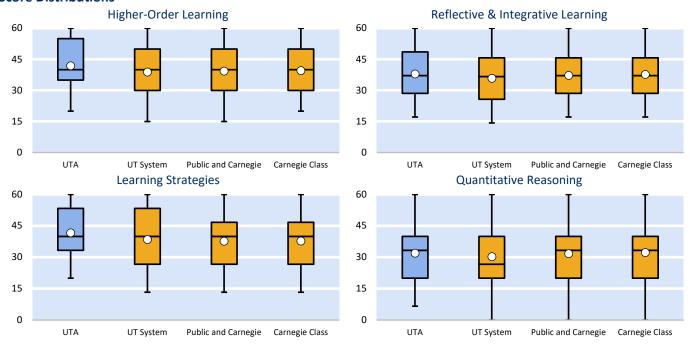
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	UTA	UT System Effect	Public and Carnegie Effect	Carnegie Class Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size				
Higher-Order Learning	41.9	38.9 *** .21	39.3 *** .18	39.6 *** .17				
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.0	35.9 *** .15	37.2 ** .06	37.8 .02				
Learning Strategies	41.6	38.4 *** .21	37.7 *** .27	37.7 *** .26				
Quantitative Reasoning	31.9	30.3 *** .10	31.7 .02	32.202				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and			
Higher-Order Learning		UT System	Public and Carnegie	Carnegie Class	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	UTA	OT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class	
ercentage responding very much or Quite a bit about now much coursework emphasized	%	in the second	4	4	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	79	+6	+3	+2	
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	79	+6	+5	+5	
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	75	+9	+8	+8	
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	76	+7	+6	+5	
Reflective & Integrative Learning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	57	-6	-11	-12	
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	60	+9	+3	+1	
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	55	+11	+5	+3	
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	70	+8	+6	+5	
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	75	+6	+5	+4	
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	75	+7	+5	+4	
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	83	+6	+2	+1	
Learning Strategies					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	80	+8	+8	+8	
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	73	+6	+10	+11	
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	73	+9	+9	+9	
Quantitative Reasoning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	59	+0	+0	-0	
6b. Climate change, public health, etc.)	51	+7	+3	+1	
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	48	+3	-1	-2	

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

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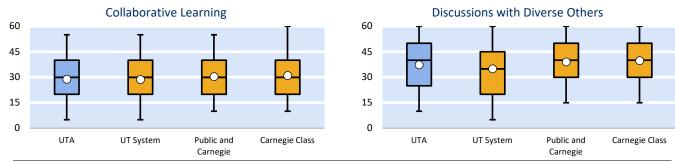
Learning with Peers: First-year students

Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	UTA	UT System		Public and Carnegie		Carnegie Clas		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	28.8	28.6	.01	30.3 ***	11	30.9 ***	15	
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.3	34.9 ***	.14	39.0 ***	11	39.7 ***	17	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and			
			Public and		
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	44	+1	-4	-5	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	44	+0	-7	-9	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	38	-0	-5	-6	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	51	+0	+2	+1	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	69	+8	-1	-2	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	67	+6	-4	-6	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	64	+5	-3	-5	
8d. People with political views other than your own	55	+2	-7	-10	

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Learning with Peers

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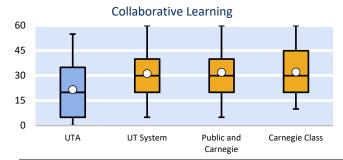
Learning with Peers: Seniors

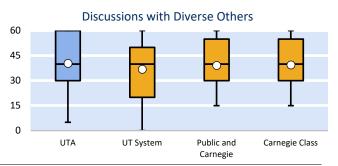
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UTA	UT System	Public and Carnegie	Carnegie Class
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	21.7	31.2 ***60	32.0 ***67	32.3 ***69
Discussions with Diverse Others	40.4	36.8 *** .20	39.1 *** .08	39.5 ** .06

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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		Percentage point difference a between your seniors and			
			Public and		
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	28	-15	-17	-17	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	34	-17	-20	-21	
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	26	-14	-16	-16	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	37	-24	-27	-28	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of a race or ethnicity other than your own	75	+11	+6	+6	
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	72	+8	+1	+1	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	71	+9	+5	+4	
8d. People with political views other than your own	66	+9	+4	+2	

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Experiences with Faculty

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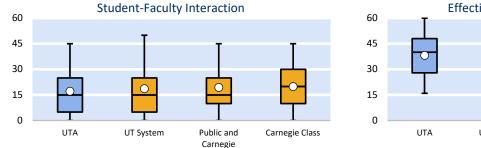
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

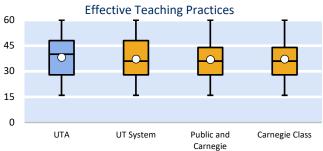
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Your f	ith	
	UT System Effect	Public and Carnegie Effect	Carnegie Class Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	18.7 **10	19.4 ***16	19.9 ***19
Effective Teaching Practices	37.1 * .07	36.8 ** .10	37.1 * .07

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and			
			Public and		
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	26	-6	-7	-8	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	17	-2	-2	-3	
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	21	-0	-2	-3	
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	22	-4	-3	-3	
Effective Teaching Practices					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have					
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	74	+1	-1	-2	
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	70	-1	-3	-4	
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	73	+1	-0	-1	
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	63	+4	+5	+5	
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	58	+3	+5	+5	

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Experiences with Faculty The University of Texas at Arlington

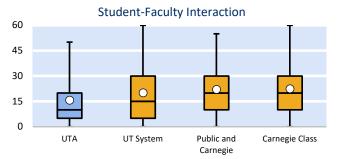
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

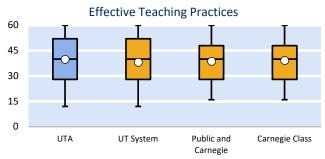
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Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with	
	UT System Effect	Public and Carnegie Effect	Carnegie Class Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.0 ***27	22.0 ***39	22.4 ***42
Effective Teaching Practices	38.1 *** .11	38.6 *** .08	39.1 * .05

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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			Public and					
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%							
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	27	-6	-10	-10				
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework(committees, student groups, etc.)	15	-8	-11	-12				
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	17	-9	-12	-13				
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	20	-6	-8	-9				
Effective Teaching Practices								
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have								
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	81	+4	+3	+2				
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+6	+3	+1				
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	75	+1	-2	-3				
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	59	+2	+1	-0				
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	63	+6	+4	+3				

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

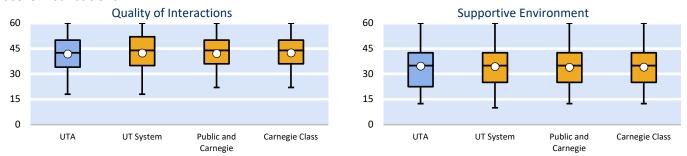
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	UTA	UT	UT System		nd Carnegie	Carne	gie Class				
			Effect		Effect		Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size				
Quality of Interactions	41.8	42.4	05	42.1	03	42.5	06				
Supportive Environment	34.6	34.3	.02	34.0	.05	34.0	.05				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point a	ercentage point difference ^a between your FY students and					
			Public and	·				
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	51	+2	+1	t -0				
13b. Academic advisors	44	-6	-8	-10				
13c. Faculty	47	-2	+0	(-1				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	46	-3	+1	+1				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	44	-5	+2	+2				
Supportive Environment		·	•					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	(-1	-1	(-1				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	72	+2	+1	+2				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	65	+6	+7	+8				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	-3	-5	-6				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	64	F -0	-1	-1				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	41	+1	+7	+7				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	57	-3	-9	-11				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	45	-0	+4	+4				

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

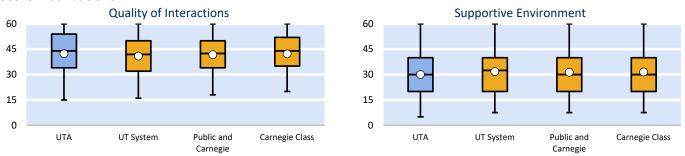
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with									
	UTA	UT System	Public and Carnegie	Carnegie Class							
		Effect	Effect	Effect							
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size							
Quality of Interactions	42.4	40.9 *** .11	41.8 * .05	42.3 .01							
Supportive Environment	30.1	31.7 ***11	31.4 ***09	31.6 ***11							

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and						
			Public and					
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Carnegie	Carnegie Class				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	59	+2	+2	+1				
13b. Academic advisors	52	+9	+2	+0				
13c. Faculty	52	+1	+0	-1				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	45	+1	+2	+1				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	46	+0	+5 🔋	+4				
Supportive Environment		-	•					
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	66	↓ -0	+2	+1				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	63	-2	+2	+3				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	58	+4	+6	+6				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	56	-6	- 7	-8				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	54	-4	-4	-5				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	35	+2	+7	+6				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	40	-12	-18	-20				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	34	-6	-3	-3				
N. D.C. E. J. LOURS LO. C. C. C. H. C. C. C. L. C.	T.	1	4 6 : 1	21.1.1 .1				

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage—Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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with Peers

Campus

NSSE 2022 Engagement Indicators

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions The University of Texas at Arlington

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2021 and 2022 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year studer	nts compared witl	h
		UTA	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size ✓
	Higher-Order Learning	37.7	39.2 ***	12	42.1 ***	33
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.6	36.9 ***	19	39.2 ***	39
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.6	39.6 ***	14	42.9 ***	37
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.9	30.2	.05 ✓	33.3 ***	15
Learning	Collaborative Learning	28.8	31.8 ***	22	35.4 ***	49
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.3	39.8 ***	17	42.6 ***	37
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	17.1	24.3 ***	48	27.8 ***	70
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.1	40.3 ***	16	43.3 ***	38
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.8	45.1 ***	28	48.2 ***	51
Environment	Supportive Environment	34.6	36.0 **	10	39.1 ***	33
Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with	
		UTA	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size ✓
	Higher-Order Learning	41.9	41.9	.00 ✓	44.2 ***	18
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.0	40.3 ***	18	42.7 ***	39
Challenge	Learning Strategies	41.6	41.1	.04 ✓	43.4 ***	13
	Quantitative Reasoning	31.9	32.5	03 ✓	35.3 ***	21
Learning	Collaborative Learning	21.7	34.0 ***	84	37.9 ***	-1.12

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

40.4

15.7

39.8

42.4

30.1

40.4

28.8 ***

41.9 ***

45.6 ***

34.3 ***

.00

-.81

-.15

-.26

-.28

Discussions with Diverse Others

Experiences Student-Faculty Interaction

with Faculty Effective Teaching Practices

Environment Supportive Environment

Quality of Interactions

43.2 ***

33.2 ***

44.5 ***

48.0 ***

-.18

-1.11

-.34

-.44

-.50

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2021 and 2022 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

_	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	ntile ^d scc	res			mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Wican			307	2501	30111	7501	33111	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		9-	
Higher-Order Learning												
UTA (N = 1267)	37.7	13.9	.39	20	30	40	50	60				
UT System	37.0	14.2	.22	15	25	40	45	60	5,464	.7	.151	.046
Public and Carnegie	37.5	13.2	.08	15	30	40	45	60	1,387	.2	.657	.013
Carnegie Class	37.8	13.0	.10	20	30	40	45	60	1,447	1	.806	008
Top 50%	39.2	13.3	.04	20	30	40	50	60	1,294	-1.6	.000	120
Top 10%	42.1	13.0	.12	20	35	40	55	60	1,526	-4.4	.000	335
Reflective & Integrative Learning	g											
UTA $(N = 1362)$	34.6	12.4	.34	14	26	34	43	57				
UT System	33.7	12.7	.19	14	26	34	40	57	6,045	.9	.019	.072
Public and Carnegie	34.9	12.0	.07	17	26	34	43	57	1,495	4	.298	030
Carnegie Class	35.3	11.8	.09	17	26	34	43	57	1,562	8	.027	065
Top 50%	36.9	12.1	.04	17	29	37	46	60	1,395	-2.3	.000	193
Top 10%	39.2	11.8	.10	20	31	40	49	60	1,610	-4.6	.000	391
Learning Strategies												
UTA $(N = 1185)$	37.6	13.9	.40	20	27	40	47	60				
UT System	36.8	14.2	.23	13	27	40	47	60	5,016	.8	.090	.056
Public and Carnegie	37.0	13.6	.09	13	27	40	47	60	23,762	.6	.123	.046
Carnegie Class	37.3	13.6	.11	13	27	40	47	60	16,075	.4	.371	.027
Top 50%	39.6	14.1	.05	20	27	40	53	60	94,722	-1.9	.000	138
Top 10%	42.9	14.3	.11	20	33	40	60	60	1,366	-5.3	.000	371
Quantitative Reasoning												
UTA $(N = 1206)$	30.9	15.2	.44	7	20	33	40	60				
UT System	28.5	15.8	.25	0	20	27	40	60	5,106	2.4	.000	.154
Public and Carnegie	29.1	15.0	.10	7	20	27	40	60	24,140	1.7	.000	.116
Carnegie Class	29.6	14.8	.12	7	20	27	40	60	16,283	1.3	.004	.086
Top 50%	30.2	15.3	.05	7	20	27	40	60	108,096	.7	.103	.047
Top 10%	33.3	15.5	.13	7	20	33	40	60	15,176	-2.4	.000	154
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UTA $(N = 1466)$	28.8	14.5	.38	5	20	30	40	55				
UT System	28.6	14.0	.19	5	20	30	40	55	6,691	.2	.657	.013
Public and Carnegie	30.3	14.2	.08	10	20	30	40	55	30,688	-1.5	.000	106
Carnegie Class	30.9	14.2	.10	10	20	30	40	60	20,489	-2.1	.000	150
Top 50%	31.8	13.9	.04	10	20	30	40	60	1,507	-3.0	.000	220
Top 10%	35.4	13.5	.10	15	25	35	45	60	1,688	-6.7	.000	488
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UTA $(N = 1191)$	37.3	16.4	.47	10	25	40	50	60				
UT System	34.9	16.9	.27	5	20	35	45	60	2,041	2.4	.000	.142
Public and Carnegie	39.0	15.2	.10	15	30	40	50	60	1,299	-1.7	.001	110
Carnegie Class	39.7	14.7	.12	15	30	40	50	60	1,348	-2.5	.000	166
Top 50%	39.8	15.1	.05	15	30	40	55	60	1,218	-2.6	.000	169
Top 10%	42.6	14.2	.13	20	35	40	55	60	1,388	-5.3	.000	367



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile ^d scores			Comparison results					
	-								Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UTA $(N = 1296)$	17.1	14.7	.41	0	5	15	25	45				
UT System	18.7	15.2	.23	0	5	15	25	50	5,694	-1.6	.001	104
Public and Carnegie	19.4	14.5	.09	0	10	15	25	45	26,662	-2.3	.000	157
Carnegie Class	19.9	14.4	.11	0	10	20	30	45	17,902	-2.8	.000	192
Top 50%	24.3	15.1	.07	5	15	20	35	55	1,364	-7.2	.000	478
Top 10%	27.8	15.3	.16	5	15	25	40	60	1,735	-10.7	.000	703
Effective Teaching Practices												
UTA $(N = 1262)$	38.1	13.8	.39	16	28	40	48	60				
UT System	37.1	13.9	.22	16	28	36	48	60	5,445	1.0	.026	.072
Public and Carnegie	36.8	12.9	.08	16	28	36	44	60	1,379	1.3	.001	.100
Carnegie Class	37.1	12.8	.10	16	28	36	44	60	1,439	.9	.018	.074
Top 50%	40.3	13.8	.05	16	32	40	52	60	72,916	-2.2	.000	160
Top 10%	43.3	13.7	.13	20	36	44	56	60	12,489	-5.2	.000	382
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UTA $(N = 1051)$	41.8	12.5	.39	18	34	43	50	60				
UT System	42.4	12.9	.22	18	35	44	52	60	4,521	6	.156	050
Public and Carnegie	42.1	11.4	.08	22	36	44	50	60	1,139	3	.416	028
Carnegie Class	42.5	11.1	.09	22	36	44	50	60	1,177	7	.092	060
Top 50%	45.1	11.9	.05	22	38	48	54	60	1,085	-3.3	.000	279
Top 10%	48.2	12.5	.12	23	42	50	60	60	12,081	-6.4	.000	513
Supportive Environment												
UTA $(N = 1144)$	34.6	14.3	.42	13	23	35	43	60				
UT System	34.3	14.5	.24	10	25	35	43	60	4,853	.3	.567	.019
Public and Carnegie	34.0	13.1	.09	13	25	35	43	60	1,245	.7	.121	.051
Carnegie Class	34.0	12.9	.11	13	25	35	43	60	1,295	.6	.172	.046
Top 50%	36.0	13.6	.05	13	28	38	45	60	1,181	-1.3	.002	099
Top 10%	39.1	13.3	.16	18	30	40	50	60	1,470	-4.5	.000	334

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

IPEDS: 228769

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

_	Mea	n statisti	cs		Percei	ntile ^d scc	ores		Co	mparison	results	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Wicum			501	2501	30111	7501	<i>33th</i>	j.ccuo	۵.,,,	3.9.	5.20
Higher-Order Learning												
UTA (N = 2814)	41.9	14.2	.27	20	35	40	55	60				
UT System	38.9	14.7	.18	15	30	40	50	60	9,542	3.0	.000	.209
Public and Carnegie	39.3	14.0	.08	15	30	40	50	60	35,683	2.6	.000	.182
Carnegie Class	39.6	13.9	.09	20	30	40	50	60	3,537	2.3	.000	.168
Top 50%	41.9	13.7	.04	20	35	40	55	60	2,961	.0	.997	.000
Top 10%	44.2	13.1	.13	20	35	45	60	60	4,312	-2.3	.000	176
Reflective & Integrative Learning	g											
UTA $(N = 2974)$	38.0	13.1	.24	17	29	37	49	60				
UT System	35.9	13.9	.16	14	26	37	46	60	5,823	2.1	.000	.153
Public and Carnegie	37.2	13.1	.07	17	29	37	46	60	38,219	.7	.003	.056
Carnegie Class	37.8	12.9	.08	17	29	37	46	60	26,686	.2	.427	.015
Top 50%	40.3	12.5	.04	20	31	40	50	60	3,143	-2.3	.000	184
Top 10%	42.7	11.7	.12	23	34	43	51	60	4,627	-4.8	.000	394
Learning Strategies												
UTA $(N = 2661)$	41.6	14.4	.28	20	33	40	53	60				
UT System	38.4	15.1	.19	13	27	40	53	60	5,275	3.2	.000	.213
Public and Carnegie	37.7	14.8	.08	13	27	40	47	60	33,324	3.9	.000	.265
Carnegie Class	37.7	14.8	.10	13	27	40	47	60	23,351	3.9	.000	.262
Top 50%	41.1	14.6	.04	20	33	40	53	60	114,200	.5	.064	.036
Top 10%	43.4	14.2	.10	20	33	40	60	60	21,925	-1.8	.000	129
Quantitative Reasoning												
UTA $(N = 2692)$	31.9	16.5	.32	7	20	33	40	60				
UT System	30.3	16.8	.21	0	20	27	40	60	9,019	1.7	.000	.102
Public and Carnegie	31.7	16.5	.09	0	20	33	40	60	33,843	.3	.376	.018
Carnegie Class	32.2	16.5	.11	0	20	33	40	60	23,707	3	.377	018
Top 50%	32.5	16.5	.05	7	20	33	40	60	127,494	5	.111	031
Top 10%	35.3	16.0	.13	7	20	33	47	60	3,667	-3.4	.000	211
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UTA $(N = 3078)$	21.7	17.1	.31	0	5	20	35	55				
UT System	31.2	15.6	.18	5	20	30	40	60	5,248	-9.5	.000	595
Public and Carnegie	32.0	15.2	.08	5	20	30	40	60	3,490	-10.3	.000	673
Carnegie Class	32.3	15.2	.10	10	20	30	45	60	3,693	-10.6	.000	687
Top 50%	34.0	14.6	.05	10	25	35	45	60	3,216	-12.3	.000	842
Top 10%	37.9	13.7	.12	15	30	40	50	60	4,069	-16.2	.000	-1.124
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UTA $(N = 2674)$	40.4	17.5	.34	5	30	40	60	60		_		
UT System	36.8	17.6	.22	0	20	40	50	60	5,069	3.6	.000	.203
Public and Carnegie	39.1	15.8	.09	15	30	40	55	60	3,062	1.3	.000	.080
Carnegie Class	39.5	15.5	.11	15	30	40	55	60	3,231	.9	.010	.058
Top 50%	40.4	15.9	.05	15	30	40	55	60	2,779	.0	.995	.000
Top 10%	43.2	15.1	.14	20	35	45	60	60	3,665	-2.8	.000	182



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	CS		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UTA $(N = 2890)$	15.7	15.3	.28	0	5	10	20	50				
UT System	20.0	16.9	.20	0	5	15	30	60	5,929	-4.4	.000	266
Public and Carnegie	22.0	16.1	.09	0	10	20	30	55	3,461	-6.3	.000	393
Carnegie Class	22.4	16.2	.11	0	10	20	30	60	3,755	-6.7	.000	417
Top 50%	28.8	16.2	.07	5	15	25	40	60	3,283	-13.1	.000	809
Top 10%	33.2	16.1	.20	10	20	35	45	60	5,895	-17.6	.000	-1.108
Effective Teaching Practices												
UTA $(N = 2824)$	39.8	15.1	.28	12	28	40	52	60				
UT System	38.1	15.4	.19	12	28	40	52	60	5,413	1.7	.000	.108
Public and Carnegie	38.6	14.1	.08	16	28	40	48	60	3,267	1.1	.000	.081
Carnegie Class	39.1	14.0	.09	16	28	40	48	60	3,470	.7	.020	.049
Top 50%	41.9	14.1	.05	16	32	40	56	60	2,993	-2.1	.000	152
Top 10%	44.5	13.6	.12	20	36	44	56	60	3,857	-4.7	.000	338
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UTA $(N = 2192)$	42.4	13.9	.30	15	34	44	54	60				
UT System	40.9	13.7	.18	16	32	42	50	60	7,790	1.5	.000	.107
Public and Carnegie	41.8	12.4	.07	18	34	43	50	60	2,471	.6	.041	.050
Carnegie Class	42.3	12.1	.09	20	35	44	52	60	2,591	.1	.781	.007
Top 50%	45.6	12.3	.04	22	38	48	56	60	2,277	-3.2	.000	262
Top 10%	48.0	12.5	.08	22	40	50	60	60	2,497	-5.6	.000	442
Supportive Environment												
UTA $(N = 2589)$	30.1	15.5	.31	5	20	30	40	60				
UT System	31.7	15.2	.20	8	20	33	40	60	8,580	-1.7	.000	109
Public and Carnegie	31.4	14.2	.08	8	20	30	40	60	2,974	-1.3	.000	093
Carnegie Class	31.6	14.1	.10	8	20	30	40	60	3,157	-1.5	.000	107
Top 50%	34.3	14.7	.05	10	23	35	45	60	2,737	-4.2	.000	284
Top 10%	37.4	14.5	.16	13	28	38	48	60	4,126	-7.4	.000	498

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.