

The University of Texas at Arlington

Prepared 2024-08-14 IPEDS: 228769



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Languiga with Dagg	Collaborative Learning
Learning with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Excultu	Student-Faculty Interaction
Experiences with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	
	Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-End) Detailed informati

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment, 13* (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

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Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

rst-Year Stu	dents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class	
	Higher-Order Learning	\triangle		∇	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		∇	∇	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	\triangle			
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	Δ	Δ		
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			∇	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		Δ		
Campus	Quality of Interactions	∇	∇	∇	
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇	∇	∇	
eniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class	
	Higher-Order Learning	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	\triangle	Δ		
Challenge	Learning Strategies	\triangle	\triangle	Δ	
	Quantitative Reasoning	Δ	Δ		
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	∇	•	•	
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	Δ	Δ		
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	∇	∇	∇	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices		Δ		
Campus	Quality of Interactions	Δ	Δ	Δ	
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇		∇	



Academic Challenge

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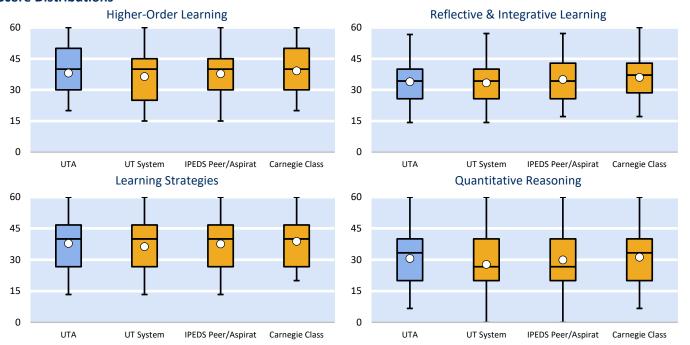
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Aean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	UTA	UT Sys		IPEDS Pe	er/Aspirat	Carnegi	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	38.1	36.4 **	.12	37.8	.02	39.2 *	08
Reflective & Integrative Learning	33.9	33.4	.04	35.0 *	09	36.0 ***	17
Learning Strategies	37.8	36.3 *	.10	37.5	.02	38.8	07
Quantitative Reasoning	30.6	27.8 ***	.18	29.9	.05	31.2	04

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference a between your FY students and			
Higher-Order Learning	UTA	IPEDS UT System Peer/Aspirat Carn			
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Ouite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized		O1 System	reel/Aspilat	Carnegie Class	
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 70	+4	-2	-6	
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	69	+6	+1	-3	
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	+3	-1	-2	
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	69	+4	+0	-2	
Reflective & Integrative Learning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	50	+2	-3	-6	
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	44	+0	-5	-8	
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	44	+1	-7	-7	
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	62	+2	-2	-3	
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	70	+3	+0	-1	
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	67	+4	+0	-3	
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	74	-1	-3	-6	
Learning Strategies					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	71	+3	-1	-4	
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	67	+5	+2	+0	
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	65	+6	+1	-2	
Quantitative Reasoning					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"					
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	61	+7	+3	+1	
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	48	+8	+3	+0	
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	44	+5	-1	-4	

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge

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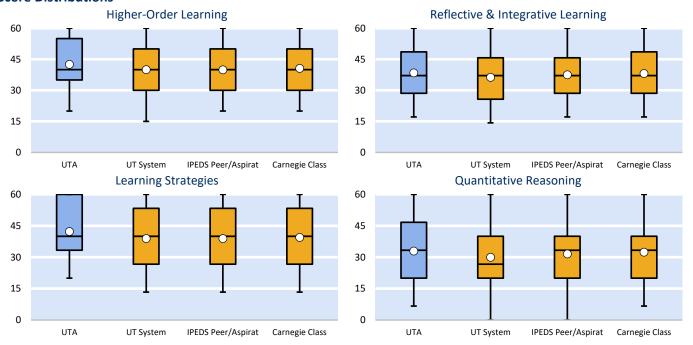
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	42.5	40.0 *** .18	39.9 *** .19	40.6 *** .14
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.4	36.3 *** .16	37.5 ** .07	38.1 .03
Learning Strategies	42.2	38.8 *** .23	38.9 *** .23	39.4 *** .19
Quantitative Reasoning	32.9	29.9 *** .18	31.5 ** .08	32.4 .03

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

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Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poi	your seniors and	
Higher-Order Learning	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%	/		
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	80	+4	+4	+2
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	80	+5	+5	+4
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	76	+7	+6	+7
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	78	+7	+6	+5
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	63	+1	-5	-7
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	61	+9	+4	+2
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	52	+9	+1	+0
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	71	+9	+6	+5
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from their perspective	75	+4	+3	+3
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	75	+4	+4	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	84	+5	+2	+1
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	78	+5	+4	+3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	74	+6	+8	+8
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	75	+10	+7	+7
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	60	+4	+1	-0
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	52	+8	+3	+2
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	48	+5	-1	-3

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

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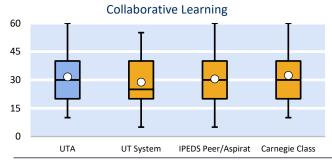
Learning with Peers: First-year students

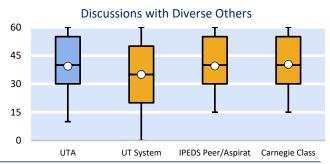
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		You	ur first-year students compared w	ith
	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	31.5	28.8 *** .20	30.5 * .07	32.306
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.4	34.9 *** .26	39.501	40.306

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and			
			IPEDS		
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	50	+7	+3	l -0	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	50	+5	-0	-4	
${\bf 1d.\ Prepared\ for\ exams\ by\ discussing\ or\ working\ through\ course\ material\ with\ other\ students}$	44	+7	-0	-4	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	56	+3	+3	-1	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	75	+15	+2	+1	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	72	+11	-1	-3	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	69	+11	+1	-2	
8d. People with political views other than your own	61	+9	+0	-3	

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a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Learning with Peers

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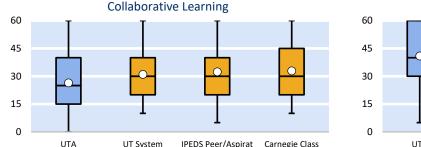
Learning with Peers: Seniors

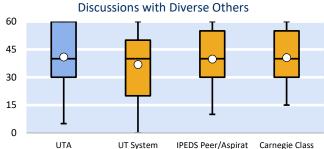
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

lean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Collaborative Learning	26.4	31.0 ***29	32.4 ***39	32.9 ***43
Discussions with Diverse Others	41.0	36.9 *** .23	39.8 * .07	40.6 .02

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference a between your seniors and			
			IPEDS		
Collaborative Learning	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	36	-5	-10	-9	
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	43	-9	-11	-12	
${\bf 1d.}\ \ Prepared\ for\ exams\ by\ discussing\ or\ working\ through\ course\ material\ with\ other\ students$	33	-7	-11	-11	
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	48	-15	-17	-19	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	77	+14	+4	+3	
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	74	+7	+1	ļ -0	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	72	+12	+5	+3	
8d. People with political views other than your own	64	+8	+1	ļ -0	

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Experiences with Faculty

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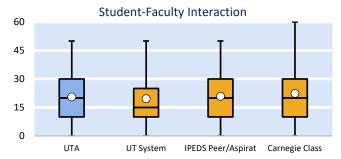
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

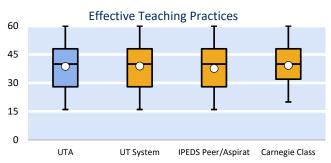
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons	Your first-year students compared with						
	UTA	O i Oystein		IPEDS Peer/Aspirat		Carnegie Class	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.5	19.6	.06	20.8	02	22.4 ***	12
Effective Teaching Practices	38.7	38.9	01	37.6 *	.08	39.2	04

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		Percentage poir	nt difference ^a between yo	our FY students and
			IPEDS	
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	32	-4	-6	-8
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	23	+2	+0	-2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	28	+5	+3	-0
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30	+7	+3	+0
Effective Teaching Practices			•	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	77	-1	+1	-2
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	72	-4	-1	-5
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	75	+2	+2	-1
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	64	+2	+3	+1
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	57	-2	+2	-3

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Experiences with Faculty

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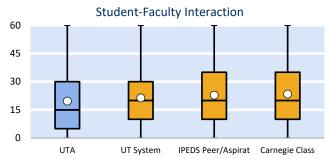
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

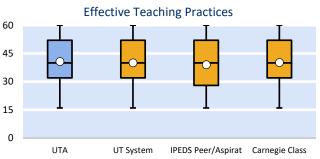
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Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size	
Student-Faculty Interaction	19.6	21.3 ***10	22.8 ***19	23.4 ***23	
Effective Teaching Practices	40.7	39.9 .05	39.0 *** .12	40.1 .04	

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		Percentage poi	int difference ^a between	your seniors and
			IPEDS	
Student-Faculty Interaction	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	35	-1	-5	-6
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	22	-3	-6	-7
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	26	-3	-5	-6
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	27	-2	-3	-3
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	+3	+4	+2
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+2	+3	-1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	76	-2	+0	-3
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	62	+1	+2	+1
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	64	+3	+5	+2

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

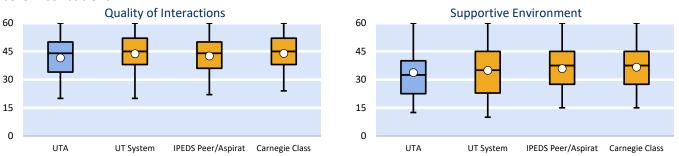
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with											
	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class									
		Effect	Effect	Effect									
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size									
Quality of Interactions	41.5	43.8 ***18	42.6 *09	43.9 ***21									
Supportive Environment	33.7	34.9 *08	35.8 ***16	36.6 ***22									

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and						
			IPEDS					
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class				
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from I="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%							
13a. Students	48	-3	-3	-6				
13b. Academic advisors	49	-7	-5	-7				
13c. Faculty	45	-6	-3	-8				
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	42	-8	-3	-7				
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	42	-7	l -0	-3				
Supportive Environment		·		•				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized								
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	70	-3	-3	-6				
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	71	-5	-3	-6				
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	+3	-2	-1				
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	-1	-9	- 9				
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	58	-6	-11	-13				
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	40	-4	-1	-3				
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	56	-4	-13	-16				
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	42	-3	-3	-2				

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment

The University of Texas at Arlington

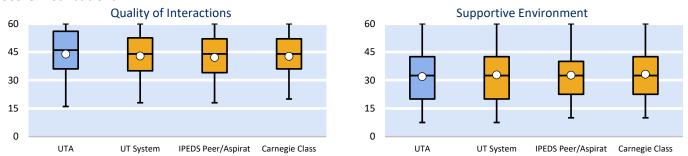
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with									
	UTA	UT System	IPEDS Pe	er/Aspirat	Carneg	ie Class					
		Effec	t	Effect		Effect					
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean	size	Mean	size					
Quality of Interactions	43.9	42.9 * .08	42.1 ***	.14	42.7 **	.10					
Supportive Environment	31.9	32.8 *06	32.7	06	33.2 **	09					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	nt difference ^a between	your seniors and
			IPEDS	
Quality of Interactions	UTA	UT System	Peer/Aspirat	Carnegie Class
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	61	+3	+2	+2
13b. Academic advisors	57	+9	+9	+8
13c. Faculty	59	+1	+5 📜	+2
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	50	+4	+6	+4
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	51	+5	+9	+8
Supportive Environment		·		*
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	70	+0	+3	-0
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	67	+1	+4	+2
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	61	+5	+4	+3
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	61	-6	-5	-6
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	55	-6	-5	-7
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	36	-1	+3	+3
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	45	-12	-16	-17
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	38	+1	-1	∮ -1

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions The University of Texas at Arlington

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2023 and 2024 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	nts compared with	1			
		UTA	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE T	op 10%			
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark		
	Higher-Order Learning	38.1	39.8 ***	13	42.4 ***	34			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	33.9	37.3 ***	28	39.9 ***	51			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.8	40.2 ***	17	43.1 ***	37			
	Quantitative Reasoning	30.6	30.8	01 ✓	33.3 ***	17			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	31.5	33.4 ***	13	36.7 ***	37			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.4	40.7 *	09	44.2 ***	35			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	20.5	25.4 ***	32	29.9 ***	60			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	38.7	40.8 ***	15	43.6 ***	35			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	41.5	45.7 ***	36	48.7 ***	60			
Environment	Supportive Environment	33.7	37.1 ***	26	40.4 ***	53			
Seniors				Your seniors compared with					
		UTA	NSSE T	Гор 50%	NSSE Top 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark		
	Higher-Order Learning	42.5	42.4	.01 ✓	44.9 ***	18			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.4	40.6 ***	18	43.2 ***	40			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	42.2	41.2 **	.07 ✓	44.1 ***	13			
	Quantitative Reasoning	32.9	32.8	.00 ✓	36.2 ***	20			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	26.4	34.7 ***	58	38.0 ***	82			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	41.0	41.4	03 ✓	44.1 ***	21			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	19.6	29.9 ***	63	34.9 ***	95			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.7	42.5 ***	13	45.2 ***	34			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.9	45.4 ***	13	48.1 ***	34			
	Supportive Environment	31.9	34.6 ***	19	38.0 ***	43			

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	ın statisti	CS	Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
_	14	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	Mean	30	JE .	SIII	25111	50(11	75(11	95111	jreedom	uijj.	siy.	3126
Higher-Order Learning												
UTA (N = 812)	38.1	13.7	.48	20	30	40	50	60				
UT System	36.4	14.0	.26	15	25	40	45	60	3,660	1.7	.003	.120
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	37.8	13.4	.15	15	30	40	45	60	8,416	.2	.617	.018
Carnegie Class	39.2	13.1	.12	20	30	40	50	60	919	-1.1	.025	085
Top 50%	39.8	13.2	.05	20	30	40	50	60	826	-1.7	.000	132
Top 10%	42.4	12.5	.13	20	35	40	55	60	931	-4.3	.000	342
Reflective & Integrative Learning												
UTA $(N = 888)$	33.9	12.2	.41	14	26	34	40	57				
UT System	33.4	12.7	.23	14	26	34	40	57	4,060	.5	.253	.043
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	35.0	12.1	.13	17	26	34	43	57	9,324	-1.1	.011	090
Carnegie Class	36.0	12.2	.11	17	29	37	43	60	13,491	-2.1	.000	172
Top 50%	37.3	12.0	.04	17	29	37	46	60	75,366	-3.4	.000	280
Top 10%	39.9	11.7	.13	20	31	40	49	60	9,611	-6.0	.000	509
Learning Strategies												
UTA $(N = 738)$	37.8	14.3	.53	13	27	40	47	60				
UT System	36.3	14.7	.29	13	27	40	47	60	3,279	1.5	.013	.104
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	37.5	14.0	.17	13	27	40	47	60	7,647	.3	.621	.019
Carnegie Class	38.8	13.8	.14	20	27	40	47	60	11,185	-1.0	.067	070
Top 50%	40.2	13.9	.05	20	33	40	53	60	752	-2.4	.000	171
Top 10%	43.1	14.5	.12	20	33	40	60	60	15,758	-5.3	.000	369
Quantitative Reasoning												
UTA $(N = 755)$	30.6	15.5	.56	7	20	33	40	60				
UT System	27.8	15.9	.31	0	20	27	40	60	3,397	2.8	.000	.180
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	29.9	15.5	.18	0	20	27	40	60	7,839	.7	.225	.046
Carnegie Class	31.2	15.5	.15	7	20	33	40	60	11,500	6	.318	038
Top 50%	30.8	15.5	.06	7	20	33	40	60	79,155	2	.730	013
Top 10%	33.3	15.4	.13	7	20	33	40	60	15,693	-2.6	.000	171
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UTA $(N = 975)$	31.5	14.3	.46	10	20	30	40	60				
UT System	28.8	14.1	.23	5	20	25	40	55	4,674	2.8	.000	.195
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	30.5	14.5	.15	5	20	30	40	60	10,434	1.1	.029	.074
Carnegie Class	32.3	14.5	.12	10	20	30	40	60	14,825	8	.095	055
Top 50%	33.4	13.9	.05	10	25	35	40	60	90,827	-1.9	.000	134
Top 10%	36.7	13.7	.11	15	25	35	45	60	17,933	-5.2	.000	375
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UTA $(N = 748)$	39.4	16.6	.61	10	30	40	55	60				
UT System	34.9	17.5	.34	0	20	35	50	60	1,267	4.4	.000	.255
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	39.5	15.5	.19	15	30	40	55	60	893	1	.820	009
Carnegie Class	40.3	15.2	.15	15	30	40	55	60	839	-1.0	.122	063
Top 50%	40.7	14.9	.05	20	30	40	55	60	760	-1.3	.027	090
Top 10%	44.2	13.8	.16	20	35	45	60	60	848	-4.9	.000	347



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect	
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g	
Experiences with Faculty													
Student-Faculty Interaction													
UTA $(N = 844)$	20.5	15.7	.54	0	10	20	30	50					
UT System	19.6	15.4	.28	0	10	15	25	50	1,331	.9	.140	.058	
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	20.8	15.1	.17	0	10	20	30	50	1,014	3	.566	022	
Carnegie Class	22.4	15.6	.14	0	10	20	30	60	12,811	-1.9	.001	120	
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.07	5	15	25	35	60	48,273	-4.9	.000	316	
Top 10%	29.9	15.5	.20	5	20	30	40	60	6,636	-9.4	.000	602	
Effective Teaching Practices													
UTA $(N = 798)$	38.7	13.2	.47	16	28	40	48	60					
UT System	38.9	14.0	.26	16	28	40	48	60	1,346	2	.729	013	
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	37.6	13.1	.15	16	28	40	48	60	8,359	1.1	.026	.083	
Carnegie Class	39.2	12.8	.12	20	32	40	48	60	12,223	5	.288	039	
Top 50%	40.8	13.5	.05	20	32	40	52	60	61,020	-2.1	.000	154	
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.13	20	36	44	56	60	934	-4.9	.000	347	
Campus Environment													
Quality of Interactions													
UTA $(N = 677)$	41.5	12.5	.48	20	34	44	50	60					
UT System	43.8	12.3	.26	20	38	45	52	60	3,002	-2.2	.000	182	
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	42.6	11.5	.14	22	36	44	50	60	801	-1.1	.035	092	
Carnegie Class	43.9	11.1	.11	24	38	45	52	60	752	-2.3	.000	210	
Top 50%	45.7	11.5	.05	24	40	48	54	60	693	-4.2	.000	362	
Top 10%	48.7	11.9	.13	24	42	52	60	60	9,324	-7.2	.000	599	
Supportive Environment													
UTA $(N = 699)$	33.7	13.8	.52	13	23	33	40	60					
UT System	34.9	14.4	.29	10	23	35	45	60	3,111	-1.2	.049	085	
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	35.8	13.2	.16	15	28	38	45	60	7,338	-2.1	.000	160	
Carnegie Class	36.6	13.0	.13	15	28	38	45	60	788	-2.9	.000	224	
Top 50%	37.1	13.0	.06	17	28	38	45	60	715	-3.4	.000	263	
Top 10%	40.4	12.6	.19	20	33	40	50	60	888	-6.8	.000	528	

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

IPEDS: 228769

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	ın statisti	CS	Percentile ^d scores				Comparison results				
-		SD ^b	25(Deg. of	Mean	a. f	Effect
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD°	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size [©]
Higher-Order Learning												
UTA (N = 1687)	42.5	14.1	.34	20	35	40	55	60				
UT System	40.0	14.7	.22	15	30	40	50	60	5,992	2.6	.000	.176
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	39.9	13.9	.12	20	30	40	50	60	2,121	2.6	.000	.188
Carnegie Class	40.6	13.8	.11	20	30	40	50	60	2,035	2.0	.000	.142
Top 50%	42.4	13.6	.05	20	35	40	55	60	1,757	.1	.768	.008
Top 10%	44.9	12.8	.14	20	40	45	60	60	2,303	-2.4	.000	181
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
UTA $(N = 1789)$	38.4	12.9	.30	17	29	37	49	60				
UT System	36.3	13.3	.20	14	26	37	46	60	3,353	2.1	.000	.163
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	37.5	13.0	.11	17	29	37	46	60	16,257	1.0	.003	.075
Carnegie Class	38.1	13.0	.10	17	29	37	49	60	19,181	.3	.313	.025
Top 50%	40.6	12.4	.04	20	31	40	51	60	78,687	-2.2	.000	176
Top 10%	43.2	11.8	.14	23	34	43	54	60	2,568	-4.8	.000	395
Learning Strategies												
UTA $(N = 1593)$	42.2	14.7	.37	20	33	40	60	60				
UT System	38.8	14.7	.23	13	27	40	53	60	5,554	3.4	.000	.229
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	38.9	14.5	.13	13	27	40	53	60	2,007	3.3	.000	.226
Carnegie Class	39.4	14.6	.12	13	27	40	53	60	16,898	2.8	.000	.189
Top 50%	41.2	14.5	.05	20	33	40	53	60	93,453	1.0	.004	.072
Top 10%	44.1	14.2	.13	20	33	47	60	60	13,125	-1.9	.000	132
Quantitative Reasoning												
UTA $(N = 1620)$	32.9	16.6	.41	7	20	33	47	60				
UT System	29.9	16.6	.26	0	20	27	40	60	5,677	3.0	.000	.180
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	31.5	16.6	.15	0	20	33	40	60	14,361	1.3	.002	.081
Carnegie Class	32.4	16.5	.13	7	20	33	40	60	17,142	.5	.246	.030
Top 50%	32.8	16.5	.05	7	20	33	40	60	100,788	.1	.903	.003
Top 10%	36.2	16.2	.16	7	20	40	47	60	11,676	-3.3	.000	203
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
UTA $(N = 1857)$	26.4	17.4	.40	0	15	25	40	60				
UT System	31.0	15.1	.21	10	20	30	40	60	2,963	-4.6	.000	291
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	32.4	15.1	.12	5	20	30	40	60	2,207	-6.0	.000	391
Carnegie Class	32.9	14.9	.11	10	20	30	45	60	2,141	-6.5	.000	427
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.05	10	25	35	45	60	1,906	-8.3	.000	581
Top 10%	38.0	13.6	.12	15	30	40	50	60	2,226	-11.6	.000	817
Discussions with Diverse Others												
UTA $(N = 1612)$	41.0	17.5	.44	5	30	40	60	60				
UT System	36.9	17.8	.28	0	20	40	50	60	5,620	4.1	.000	.231
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	39.8	16.2	.14	10	30	40	55	60	1,978	1.2	.012	.070
Carnegie Class	40.6	15.9	.13	15	30	40	55	60	1,900	.3	.442	.022
Top 50%	41.4	15.5	.05	15	30	40	60	60	1,655	4	.346	027
Top 10%	44.1	14.5	.14	20	35	45	60	60	1,940	-3.1	.000	211



Detailed Statistics^a The University of Texas at Arlington

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	cs		Perce	centile ^d scores			Comparison results			
			<u></u>						Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
UTA $(N = 1722)$	19.6	16.4	.39	0	5	15	30	60				
UT System	21.3	16.7	.25	0	10	20	30	60	6,168	-1.7	.000	101
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	22.8	16.3	.14	0	10	20	35	60	15,622	-3.1	.000	194
Carnegie Class	23.4	16.4	.13	0	10	20	35	60	18,470	-3.8	.000	230
Top 50%	29.9	16.3	.08	5	20	30	40	60	43,829	-10.3	.000	633
Top 10%	34.9	16.1	.24	10	20	35	45	60	6,147	-15.3	.000	946
Effective Teaching Practices												
UTA $(N = 1692)$	40.7	14.6	.36	16	32	40	52	60				
UT System	39.9	14.7	.23	16	32	40	52	60	5,914	.7	.080	.050
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	39.0	14.3	.12	16	28	40	52	60	15,073	1.7	.000	.118
Carnegie Class	40.1	14.0	.11	16	32	40	52	60	2,029	.6	.129	.040
Top 50%	42.5	13.8	.05	20	32	44	56	60	1,766	-1.8	.000	131
Top 10%	45.2	13.1	.14	20	36	48	60	60	2,267	-4.6	.000	342
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
UTA $(N = 1388)$	43.9	13.8	.37	16	36	46	56	60				
UT System	42.9	12.8	.21	18	35	44	53	60	2,339	1.0	.020	.076
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	42.1	12.6	.12	18	34	44	52	60	1,680	1.8	.000	.142
Carnegie Class	42.7	12.2	.10	20	36	44	52	60	1,609	1.2	.002	.096
Top 50%	45.4	12.0	.05	22	38	48	55	60	1,431	-1.5	.000	127
Top 10%	48.1	12.3	.11	23	42	50	60	60	1,628	-4.2	.000	338
Supportive Environment												
UTA $(N = 1558)$	31.9	15.6	.40	8	20	33	43	60				
UT System	32.8	14.8	.24	8	20	33	43	60	2,744	9	.041	063
IPEDS Peer/Aspirat	32.7	14.3	.13	10	23	33	40	60	1,908	8	.052	056
Carnegie Class	33.2	14.2	.12	10	23	33	43	60	1,839	-1.3	.001	093
Top 50%	34.6	14.2	.05	10	25	35	45	60	1,615	-2.8	.000	194
Top 10%	38.0	13.7	.17	15	28	40	48	60	2,157	-6.1	.000	432

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

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b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SE) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.